CITY OF MERIDEN CONNECTICUT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

MICHAEL LUPKAS, CPFO DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

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Introductory Section



FINANCE DEPARTMENT ROOM 212 CITY HALL 142 EAST MAIN STREET MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT 06450-8022

December 26, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Meriden:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive frame-work of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion of the City of Meriden's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Description of the Municipality

Meriden was settled in 1661, incorporated as a town in 1806, and as a city in 1867. The Town and City were consolidated in 1922. The City, which covers an area of 24.0 square miles, had a population of 60,868 in 2010, an increase of 2,624 people since 2000. Meriden is located midway between the cities of Hartford and New Haven within New Haven County at the crossroads of Interstate 91, Interstate 691, State Rt.15 (Wilbur Cross Parkway) and U.S. Rt. 5. Interstate 691 links Interstate 91 and Interstate 84.

The City includes a unique mix of historic buildings and neighborhoods, affordable housing to working families, more affluent suburban style developments, modern business facilities, a major mall, the largest municipal park in Connecticut (Hubbard Park) and prominent natural scenic ridge top areas. There is local transit service, Amtrak and interstate buses providing passenger transportation connecting the City to major metropolitan centers. Freight service is provided by Conrail and a number of trucking companies. The Meriden-Markham Municipal Airport provides both freight and limited passenger service.

Manufacturing firms produce a diversified product line, which includes electronic components, biopharmaceuticals, printing presses, aircraft and spacecraft components, industrial filters and antipollution equipment, corrugated boxes, industrial equipment, lighting fixtures, metal alloys, auto parts and video/data transmission equipment.

Form of Government

The City of Meriden has operated under a Council/Manager form of government since December 3, 1979.

Under the City Charter, the legislative branch consists of 12 elected members forming the City Council who have exclusive legislative and fiscal powers. The Council may, by resolution, regulate the internal operation of boards, commissions and offices, which it fills by appointment. The citizens elect the City Council and Mayor. The City Council appoints the City Manager.

The City Manager is directly responsible to the Council for the supervision and administration of all departments and offices of the City except those elected by the people or appointed by state or federal authority.

A Director of Finance is appointed by the City Manager, subject to the approval of the City Council and serves at the pleasure of the City Council. The Director is the fiscal officer of the City and is responsible for the operation and supervision of the Department of Finance.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT

Meriden's development points to a stable, slowly growing economy. The average annual growth rate for approved commercial/industrial site plan development is 71,685 square feet. This is the growth rate of land use approvals of applications in the three most recent calendar years (2014, 2015 and 2016).

In calendar year 2016, the Planning Commission or Planning Director approved Site Plan projects which, when constructed, will add:

- 77,625 sq. ft. to the commercial/industrial base; and
- 75 multi-family units

SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS APPROVED BY PLANNING COMMISSION / DIRECTOR IN CALENDAR YEARS 2014-2016

Type of Use/Business	2014 Building Sq. Ft.	2015 Building Sq. Ft.	2016 Building Sq. Ft.	Total 2014-2016 Sq. Ft.
Commercial Office/Service		17,570	3,000	20,570
Commercial Retail	11,800	45,805	18,790	76,395
Industrial/Light Ind.	73,300	14,250	48,600	136,150
TOTAL COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL	85,100	77,625	70,390	233,115
Institutional	14,000		6,200	20,200
TOTAL NON-RESIDENTIAL	61,080	77,625	76,590	253,315
	2014 Units	2015 Units	2016 Units	Total 2014-2016 Units
Multi-Family Residential	10	75	283	368

Approved residential development has increased recently and a large mixed use project is nearing completion. Constructed residential units are indicated below.

RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION PERMITS ISSUED AND CONSTRUCTION BEGUN IN FY 2014-2016

Туре	FY2014 Units	FY2015 Units	FY2016 Units	Total FY2014-FY2016 Units
Multi-Family Residential	0	71	75	146
Single Family Residential	8	5	4	17
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL	8	76	79	163

COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

The City is actively implementing its long term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD"). The Plan addressed the following aspects of City function:

- 1. Land Use
- 2. Economic Development
- 3. Open Space
- 4. Housing
- 5. Infrastructure
- 6. Quality of Life, etc.

The Plan includes the following vision statement as the guiding objective of the Plan:

"There will be a diversity of cultures in Meriden's slowly growing population; a learning, working citizenry that shop and convene together in places like an expanded and rejuvenated downtown, where residents and employees can enjoy a pleasing stroll between the historic downtown and the new City Center, and visitors to the mall can continue to the downtown and Hubbard Park for seasonal activities and festivals. There will be a balanced range of housing with a prideful majority of homeownership including a larger segment of higher value single detached homes. Condominiums and apartments will be located near convenient services; their overall quality will be improved as declining structures are renovated or removed. The City will be fiscally stable as neighborhoods and developed areas like Research Parkway retain their value and new development adequately contributes to quality services and infrastructure."

The City is actively implementing its long term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD"). Adopted in 2009 by the City Planning Commission and the City Council, the POCD includes specific Actions to promote its objectives, including targeted investments, regulatory changes and economic development. In 2016, a review of progress implementing the POCD found that 33 Plan Actions were completed, and another 40 Actions were in the process of being completed. Other Plan Actions were also in the preliminary stages. The Planning Department is preparing to do an update of the POCD over the next two years.

TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT ("TOD")

The Transit Oriented Development ("TOD") Plan was the major special study completed in 2012, as part of the implementation of the POCD. The planned increase in rail service and several underdeveloped properties provide opportunities for a full transit center, future high density mixed use development and a central park that can support flood control. The construction of the park was completed in the July of 2016, the Meriden Transit Center was substantially completed in 2017, and a new 63-unit mixed use development and parking garage was completed. Additional information can be found on the website http://www.meriden2020.com/Downtown-Redevelopment/mixed-use-development-projects/.





The City's comprehensive planning implementation efforts continue to be concentrated in the areas of Land Use, Neighborhood Planning, targeted Open Space, and Economic Development. A major City proposal in 2012 was to rezone over 540 residential properties in nine areas of the City from R-2 Two/Three Family Residential to R-1 Single Family Residential. Staff research indicated that the nine areas were primarily composed of single family homes, and revising zoning would help to maintain the neighborhoods. Following a public hearing, the City Council changed the Zoning Map designation for these properties. A recent review of these areas indicates the neighborhoods are stable or improving – specifically in areas previously showing a decline.

The Transit Oriented Development ("TOD") Plan is being implemented on several fronts. First, the Meriden Green park and flood control plan was completed in 2016 and is open for public use. Three acres of the Meriden Green site are set aside for future economic development. The Meriden Transit Center, a \$20 million multi modal facility owned and operated by the Connecticut Department of Transportation, was substantially completed in 2017 and commuter rail service to the station will commence in 2018. A new 63-unit mixed use development at 24 Colony Street was completed in 2016 in addition to a 273 space parking garage shared by the new development and rail commuters. Three additional mixed use development totaling 232 housing units are fully funded, permitted, and are in the construction stage.

Beyond the downtown area, planning to develop large sites for mid to long term economic development continued. Just outside of downtown, the city advanced redevelopment plans for the former Meriden Wallingford hospital site that includes a 245,000 square foot building occupying two city blocks, a former parking garage, and land totaling 5.64 acres. Just to the east of the former hospital site is 116 Cook Avenue, a 73,000 square foot former medical office building on 10 acres that includes the former Insilco Factory H site. The City selected a master developer for both sites through a competitive bid process in 2017. Funds have been awarded by the State of Connecticut for site cleanup that will commence in 2018. Within the last two years, the City adopted the East Main Incentive the East Main Street commercial corridor. The incentive provides a tax abatement for improvements to real estate for properties located along East Main Street. Several new commercial/retail developments have taken advantage of this incentive including Family Dollar (1324 East Main Street), JD Byrider (1187 East Main Street), Taino's Smokehouse (under construction at 1388 East Main Street) and Huxley's restaurant (under construction at 1376 East Main Street). Development along South Broad Street also included a new CVS retail store that opened in 2017.

NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING:

The City continued its efforts to ensure the preservation and the improvement of the quality of life in our distinct and historical neighborhoods. The preservation effort is primarily addressed through the Neighborhood Code Enforcement Walk. This continuing program includes six inner core neighborhoods covering 525 acres and 20 miles of street. Code violations reviewed include building, zoning, housing and health codes. More specifically, the major issues addressed are painting, drainage, overgrown grass, garbage and debris, abandoned vehicles, illegal apartments, etc. 94% of all code violations discovered during the period of September 2011 through May 2013 have been corrected.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

The top priority of all City projects is the Harbor Brook Flood Control project. This critical flood control project will protect most of the City through retention, improvement and creation of floodway, removal of obstructions and redirecting portions of the brook. The Falcon Field detention basin located on Westfield Road and the Meriden Green detention basins have been completed. The City has already improved some bridges and culverts in the last couple years, and is implementing plans for the remaining necessary work.

In 2009, the City completed a nature walk/bike trail project; the Meriden Quinnipiac Trail in South Meriden, considered one of the best riparian environment based trails in the state. In 2013, the City completed the next trail phase which traverses from the Quinnipiac Trail toward the Central Business District ("CBD"). This is Phase II of Meriden's Linear Trail system, an approximate one-mile extension that provides pedestrian and bicycle access to Platt High School. The City is in the final design for Phase III. Said trail will eventually extend to the northeast corner of the City. This is a regional project that will connect with an existing bikeway.

The Conservation Commission, the Inland Wetlands and Watercourse Commission and Planning staffs are active in preserving environmentally sensitive land throughout the City. In the summer of 2011, the City Council designated 71 additional acres of permanent Open Space of a large undeveloped property owned by the City, commonly known as Cathole Mountain. In 2015, the Meriden Land Trust preserved the "Bilger Farm", one of the last active farms in Meriden. Also, in recognition the City's "outstanding" efforts in the development, maintenance and protection of trail systems, the Connecticut Forest and Park Association designed the City as a "Connecticut Trail Town."

The City continues to monitor and preserve the City's tree inventory through the effort of the Tree Warden. Also, the Inland Wetlands and Watercourse Commission and staff continue to oversee and limit development of the City's wetland areas.

The City has continued to make progress with environmental clean-up of two important, centrally located sites:

- Factory "H" which is located on Cook Avenue at the southerly entrance to the Transit Oriented Development zoning district. Demolition of the obsolete Factory "H" structures was completed in the summer of 2012.
- Meriden Green The site is across from the train center. Meriden is a designated stop on the planned New Haven-Hartford-Springfield rail service. The park project was completed in the July of 2016.
- 3. 177 State Street cleanup of the site was completed in the spring of 2017 in advance of construction of a four story mixed use building. The City transferred the site to the Meriden Housing Authority in 2017 for the purposes of developing a two phased mixed use development and the demolition of the Mills public housing project.
- 4. 11 Crown Street demolition of the site was substantially completed in 2017. The city has partnered with a private developer to construct and 81 unit mixed use development on the site in 2018-2019.

These properties have redevelopment proposals that are advancing. Adjacent and nearby properties will also present many development opportunities.

C. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The goal of the Economic Development Office is to sustain and grow the tax base, foster job growth, and create economic activity across our community. Key economic development activities include managing the City's business incentive programs, repurposing brownfield sites, marketing and outreach, and fostering transit-oriented development.

Incentive Programs

The office of Economic Development manages the City's business incentive programs, further described on http://www.meridenbiz.com/incentives/.Incentives, and are designed to assist businesses that locate or expand in Meriden. Such programs include the following:

- <u>Meriden's Enterprise Zone ("EZ") State Incentives</u>: Meriden has a State-designated Enterprise Zone, which provides tax incentives to manufacturers and warehousing and distribution companies that locate to or expand in Meriden's Enterprise Zone. Fifty percent of these tax abatements are reimbursed by the State.
- <u>Meriden's Enterprise Zone City of Meriden Incentives</u>: Companies locating to or expanding in the Enterprise Zone that do not qualify for the State's EZ program may qualify for Enterprise Zone incentives under the Meriden Enterprise Zone incentive program.
- <u>Urban Jobs State Incentive Program</u>: Manufacturing and warehousing/distribution companies located outside of the Enterprise Zone may qualify for the same benefits as those located within the Enterprise Zone. Fifty percent of these tax abatements are reimbursed by the State.

- Meriden's Information Technology Zone ("ITZ") Incentives: Meriden has an Information Technology Zone tax incentive program offering real property tax assessment deferrals to property owners who improve their buildings to house IT companies. IT companies locating in the buildings may also receive personal property tax abatements.
- Meriden's Manufacturing Assistance Program ("MAP"): Meriden offers subordinate financing to manufacturers planning to expand their operations in the City or who wish to locate to Meriden. The loans are for real estate acquisition or improvements and are only offered in conjunction with private financing. Eight manufacturers have taken advantage of this program to date. One loan is current and one additional loan has been approved. Seven loans have been paid back in full. The program supports the expansion and retention of the City's manufacturing base. This program also offers a relocation incentive up to \$15,000 per business for companies relocating to Meriden.
- <u>Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy ("C-PACE")</u>: A State of Connecticut Energy Program allowing commercial and industrial building owners to finance qualifying energy efficiency and clean energy improvements through placing a voluntary assessment on their property tax bill. Meriden has entered into an agreement with the Connecticut Energy Finance and Investment Authority to participate in this program. To date two companies are participating in the C-PACE program.
- <u>East Main Street Incentive</u>: In 2015, the City adopted the East Main Street Incentive to encourage private investment in underutilized and vacant properties, increase traffic to existing businesses, and improve the economic vitality of Meriden's east side. The incentive provides tax abatements related to the improvement of underutilized and vacant properties zoned commercial and located along East Main Street from Bee Street to the Middlefield town line.

In 2016-2017, the following incentives were approved under these aforementioned incentives programs:

Two (2) CT Small Business Express and/or Manufacturing Assistance Act grant/loans awarded:

- Nina's Café (\$30,000 grant/loan awarded)
- Logan Steel (\$1 million grant awarded)

Four (4) State of CT Enterprise Zone (EZ) or Urban Jobs Tax Abatements:

- Mirion (formerly Canberra)
- Accel International
- Logan Steel
- Aperture Optical Sciences

Seven (7) City of Meriden EZ Tax Abatements:

- Wepa art studio, 35 West Main St.
- Genesis hair salon, 45 Colony
- La Poblanita Grocery, 39 Colony
- Meriden Community Pharmacy, 152 Colony
- C-Town, 160 Colony Street
- United Laundry, 72 Cook Avenue
- Ebenezer Restaurant

One (1) Community Economic Dev. Fund Loans:

Moran's TV and Appliance (\$100,000 loan)

Two (2) tax incentives for proposed, large scale TOD mixed use projects:

- Michaels Org, 11 Crown Street
- Pennrose 177 State/62 Cedar

Two (2) City of Meriden IT Zone Property Tax Abatements:

- Record Journal, 500 South Broad Street
- Money Source, 500 South Broad Street

Two (2) City of Meriden E. Main St. Tax Abatements:

- 1324 East Main Street. Family Dollar. East Main Street incentive.
- 1388 East Main Street. Taino's. East Main Street incentive.

One (1) City of Meriden Manufacturing Loan

• Aperture, 170 Pond View Drive

Brownfields Redevelopment

Meriden is engaged in a long-term commitment to assess and clean up brownfield sites in the community and return them to active reuse. Since 1992, the City has evaluated 23 brownfield sites totaling over 36 acres of land. Cleanup of 11 sites has been completed or is ongoing. Since 2002 the City has leveraged over \$23 million for assessment, cleanup and remediation activities of those sites. These grants have supported the creation of more available land for housing and commercial development.

Marketing and Outreach

Meriden is in its 15th year of a marketing campaign focusing on business retention and business development. The "Meriden 2020: Bringing It/Together" campaign was launched in 2015 to include electronic and print media campaigns allowing the City to update and maintain online communications, including meridenbiz.com and meriden2020.com websites, and to develop and implement a marketing plan for the use of the 2,000 hours/year of electronic billboard space.

The City's Economic Development Office continues to contract with CoStar Inc., to provide real-time, on-line access to commercial property databases listing all commercial and industrial properties available for lease or sale in the Meriden/New Haven region. The database enables staff to provide real-time "for lease" and "for sale" information to companies wishing to locate to or expand in the City. The database also provides real estate analysis (vacancy rates, lease histories, property trends/photos, and floor plans by building) for distribution to prospects, market research companies and site selection consultants.

Commercial/Industrial Development

Recently, several industrial and commercial businesses have undertaken major expansion projects in Meriden. Highlights include the following:

- CVS. 143 South Broad Street. New construction of a 14,000 sf retail pharmacy completed in 2016
- Aperture Optical. 170 Pond View Dr. Repurpose of a vacant 20,000 sf commercial facility into an office and manufacturing facility. Completed in 2016.
- Family Dollar. 1326 East Main Street. New construction of a 9,250 sf commercial retail facility. Completed in 2016.
- 300 Research Parkway. Repurpose of vacant 35,000 sf commercial/office building into plumbing supply retail/office. To be completed in 2017.
- 1388 East Main Street. Repurpose vacant 8,500 sf former restaurant into new restaurant. To be completed in 2018.
- 1376 East Main Street. New 4,500 sf restaurant completed in 2017.
- 161/177 State Street. New construction of 75-unit mixed use development with 6,500 sf commercial space to be completed in 2018. Total development cost \$24 million.

Downtown and Transit-Oriented Development Opportunities

The City has positioned its downtown for significant change. The City's goal is to transform its city center into a modern, urban area that offers new, mixed-use development in a pedestrian-friendly environment with public open space and access to public transit service. The City has worked in close collaboration with State and federal agencies, educational institutions, non-profit organizations, foundations, and private sector partners to resolve historic flooding issues, clean up underutilized brownfield sites, remake the current rail station area and redevelop the obsolete and the distressed public housing complex at the core of the city center. More than \$100 million in federal, state and City funding is or will be invested in these efforts in the next few years.

The Connecticut Department of Transportation has substantially completed constructions of a \$20 million rail station to replace the aging Amtrak station. The investment is part of the New Haven-Hartford-Springfield ("Hartford Rail") program, a \$467 million commuter/high speed rail service utilizing the existing AMTRAK rail corridor. Meriden has been designated a key station stop along the NHHS rail line. At full capacity, Meriden will have 56 bi-directional trains daily serving the Springfield to New Haven corridor and improved transit bus service.

Adjacent to the new transit station at the Meriden Green, the City has completed construction of a \$14 million City park and flood storage area that is part of a \$34 million citywide flood control infrastructure upgrade and the City's Linear Trail system. Implementation of the flood control program will significantly reduce flooding risks for existing and new development in downtown and create an attractive public park, linear greenway trail and central town green around which development can be constructed.

In 2013, the City adopted a Transit-Oriented Development ("TOD") District Zoning Regulation to ensure that new development is of high quality and blends with the existing historic character. The zoning regulation is supported by the 2009 Plan of Conservation and Development. The TOD Zoning Regulation, which covers roughly the one-half mile area surrounding the Meriden Transit Center, provides flexibility in terms of use while establishing design criteria, flexible adaptive reuse guidelines and a streamlined permitting process. A new, mixed-use development at 24 Colony Street was completed in 2016. The \$22 million project is the City's first transit oriented development project. Meriden Commons I, a mixed-use development at 177 State St. is under construction and plan for Meriden Commons II and 11 Crown St. mixed-use developments were approved by the Director of Development & Enforcement. These mixed-use developments will bring in over \$70 million in new development in the TOD. Plans are also underway to transform the Mills Memorial Public Housing Complex using a US Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") "Choice Neighborhoods" planning grant.

New development throughout the TOD District will take advantage of Meriden's central location and proximity to major employment centers. Once the rail service is operational, nearly 140,000 workers located within one mile of a rail station will be able to commute to Meriden within a 40-minute ride. An analysis of residential supply and demand indicates a potential demand for 600 to 1,000 housing units in the TOD District and up to 30,000 square feet of service and specialty retail to support the new development. This new housing and retail will be attractive to young workers and empty nesters seeking high quality affordable and workforce housing.

The City recently selected three developers to complete mixed use development at key development areas around the TOD District. One King Place LLC has been selected to develop 116 Cook Ave., the former Factory H site, and the former Meriden Wallingford hospital site, Pennrose Properties, has been selected to develop around the Meriden Green at 1-77 State Street, and the Michaels Organization has been selected to develop 11 Crown Street following demolition of the former Record Journal building.

- 116 Cook Avenue: Once a part of the International Silver manufacturing complex, the complex
 was converted into medical office space in the 1980's, but has been vacant since the 1990's. The
 City acquired 116 Cook Ave. in 2010 for redevelopment. The property includes a 74,000 square
 foot vacant building on 5.64 acres.
- Factory H: 77 Cooper Street, 85 Cooper Street, and 104 Butler Street, formerly known as "Factory H" together comprise 7.54 acres. The site, which previously housed an International Silver Company manufacturing facility dating back to the 1890's, ceased operation in the 1970's and was abandoned for over 40 years. The City acquired Factory H in 2010, demolished the former industrial buildings in 2012, and completed extensive environmental assessment and cleanup, and disposal of hazardous materials. The former boiler house remains on the site as well as the slab that was underneath the former factory buildings. The City envisions redevelopment of this parcel into a mixed use area that includes housing units and links to the regional greenway trail. This site has the potential to be combined with 116 Cook Ave. to comprise a 10-acre development parcel. The site is zoned TOD Hanover.
- Meriden Green: Located at 1-77 State Street and 30-50 East Main Street, the Meriden Green is a 14.4-acre City-owned parcel that has undergone extensive environmental assessment and cleanup. The City has transformed the site into a City park that serves the purposes of providing public green space, flood storage and 3 acres for economic development. Repurposing this centrally located parcel is key to the success of the new transit center and the transit-oriented development district. The site historically served as a center of industrial and commercial activity in Meriden's downtown, and the City's goal is to make this a premier economic development and community gathering spot again. Construction at the Meriden Green site commenced in January 2014 and was completed in 2016. The \$14 million project includes several key features, including a public park with gathering places and links to the regional greenway system, pedestrian links to the new transit center, an amphitheater and great lawn area for public events, and a day-lighted Harbor Brook. The site is zoned TOD Park. Development parcels, totaling 3.4 acres, are located in the northwest corner along State Street and on the east side along Pratt Street. These areas will lie outside of the 100-year floodplain. Plans for the site include 170 rental housing units and 60,000 square foot of leasable commercial space. Future development must take into consideration the Environmental Land Use Controls that were put in place as part of the construction of the Harbor Brook Flood Control Plan. Completed environmental assessments include Phase I/II/III environmental site assessments, hazardous building materials survey, NEPA Environmental Assessment, soil investigation and other work.
- 11 Crown Street, Former Record Journal Site: The City acquired the 1.6-acre property in 2014 for redevelopment purposes. Demolition of the 33,000 sf office building was substantially completed in 2017. The parcel is zoned TOD Park.
- 1 King Place-Former Meriden Wallingford Hospital: Located within a half block of the Factory H site is the former Meriden-Wallingford Medical Center, located at 1 King Place. The site includes a 245,000 square foot building occupying two city blocks totaling 5.64 acres. The parcel is zoned TOD Hanover. The City acquired the property through tax foreclosure in 2014. The City has signed a contract with One King Place LLC to conduct an adaptive reuse study of the parcel. Preliminary concepts include medical office space, housing, grocery store in addition to other amenities.

Municipal and Public Facility Development

The following represent highlights to the City's recent municipal and public facility development:

In November 2007, the City opened a nature walk/bike recreation trail along the Quinnipiac River, the first phase of a linear trail planned to transect the City diagonally from the southwest to the northeast. It is heavily utilized and popular. It was designated as an official Connecticut Greenway in 2012. Phase II of the trail system, funded by a combination of federal and State funding, was completed in 2013 and was designated an official Connecticut Greenway in June 2014. Design for Phases III and IV. which will bring the trail close to the City center, was approved in the City's 2015 Capital Improvement Plan. Funding will be sought through the Regional Council of Governments TIP program. In 2008, the City completed construction of Falcon Field, a new state of the art municipal artificial turf football and soccer field facility. The facility, funded by a State grant, hosts numerous events including state-wide playoff games and is rented to private and public users. In 2010, the City completed an irrigation project at Hunter Memorial Golf Course, funded through user fees paid into the golf enterprise fund. City athletic field upgrades, including irrigation, replacement fencing and new lighting, were completed in 2011, bringing to a close the City's five-year park and recreation plan for that period. The Park and Recreation Task Force was reconvened in 2011, resulting in a new five-year plan beginning in 2012. In addition to the Meriden Green project described below, the City has completed improvements to City Park which is located near the City center, funded through a combination of City, State and private foundation grants. The Meriden Green park and flood control project was completed in September 2016 and is now open to the public providing 14 acres of open space and floodwater detention in downtown.

New high efficiency boilers were installed in City Hall in 2009 through American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") funding. Similar high efficiency systems were installed in the Meriden Public Library ("Library"), funded by a combination of State and local sources. Energy costs in both facilities have been reduced by approximately \$75,000 per year. The City also completed an addition to the Library parking lot, repair of its elevator and will complete other interior and exterior Library projects shortly, all of which projects were partially funded through State Library grant funds. Additionally, replacement of oil fired boilers in four City elementary schools, over the next three years, is currently underway. A backup power generator, funded by a State of Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control grant, was added to City Hall in 2009. Beginning in 2008, the City replaced its traffic signal lights with LED lighting, resulting in energy cost savings. The City completed installation of a compressed natural gas fueling station, with ARRA funds obtained as a sub-recipient to the Clean Cities coalition. The City has nine CNG powered passenger vehicles, one van and traffic sign truck. Cost differential in the purchase price have been funded through grants from the State. The City is considering the installation of a second CNG fueling station for use by private businesses that have expressed an interest in such a facility. The City has installed four electric vehicle charging stations, which are open to the public, and purchased one dedicated electric vehicle. Funds for this project were provided by the CT Department of Energy and Environmental Protection. The City has been awarded a \$2.3 million grant in FEMA Hazard Mitigation to replace all its public utility back-up generators.

The City purchased the street light network from Eversource and installed new LED lamps. Phase I (cobra style overhead lighting) and Phase II (decorative lighting) has been completed. Phase III (parking lot and sport lighting) is under design. The cost for the project was funded through the Capital Improvement Program and rebates from Eversource are assisting in reducing the overall cost of the project.

In 2010, the City completed a \$46 million comprehensive upgrade to its municipal sewer treatment facility. The facility has expanded capacity, improved water pollution results, reduced nitrogen levels (allowing the City to be a seller of nitrogen credits rather than a purchaser of credits) and reduced electricity usage. The project was funded through grants and low interest loans to be repaid through user fees. For more information, refer to the section entitled "Clean Water Fund Program" herein. The City completed work on the \$19 million Broad Brook water treatment plant upgrade in 2016. This upgrade was funded through grants and low interest loans to be repaid through user fees.

The City purchased a new \$1.2 million fire ladder truck, funded 50% through federal Fire Act funds. The City has taken delivery of the new truck. The City has completed renovations to its emergency communications center, including a new fourth public safety answering point, funded through State grant and City funds.

In addition to its regular road maintenance program, the City completed a major road reconstruction and streetscape project on Curtis Street in 2009, a major road reconstruction of Baldwin Avenue and Gravel Street which serves as the primary access road to Maloney High School, and in 2015 completed the West Main Street Streetscape Project, reconstructing the roadway and sidewalks with period lighting and other amenities on West Main Street, the main roadway from the City center to the western section of the City, and completed sidewalk reconstruction on West Main Street from Cook Ave. to Grove Street. This project was funded by a combination of federal and State funds. The City has been awarded nearly \$3 million in CMAQ funding approval to undertake a traffic signal modernization and upgrade program and approximately \$3 million in LOTCIP funds to upgrade Pratt Street in downtown Meriden.

The City has continued work on the Harbor Brook Flood Control Project. In 2012, the City was awarded permits from the State Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, and the Army Corps of Engineers for the entire Harbor Brook flood control plan. The State of Connecticut has competed work on the Cook Avenue Bridge and the installation of the Columbus Avenue Relief Culvert has been completed. The City completed construction of detention projects at Westfield Road (Falcon Field) and at the Meriden Green. The Meriden Green project transformed an underutilized City brownfield property in the City Center into a flood control area that will detain 53 acre feet of water in high storm conditions and allow use of the property as a central park and green space in normal conditions. The park features amenities such as a performance amphitheater, public plazas, a great lawn area, an iconic pedestrian bridge and nearly a three-acre footprint for economic development purposes. The final cost of the Meriden Green project is in excess of \$14 million. The City of Meriden received \$615,000 in US Environmental Protection Agency funds, \$4 million in Urban Act, Brownfields Pilot and other funds administered by the State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD), and \$8.8 million in funds provided through the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP). The City of Meriden provided local funds for construction administration and flood control engineering services. Engineering work has begun on the Amtrak Railroad Bridge Bypass Culvert, channel improvements between Bradley/Coe Avenues and Cooper Street, Cooper Street bridge replacement, the Dog's Misery Swamp Mitigation project, invasive species management at Brookside Park, and the Center Street Bridge project. Completion of the Harbor Brook project will reduce the floodplain from 225 to 95 acres and the number of properties and structures in the floodplain from over 300 to 50. The \$105 million "like new" renovation of Francis T Maloney High School will be substantially complete by the end of 2016 and the \$110 million "like new" renovation of Orville Platt High School will be substantially complete by August 2017. Both of these projects are expected to receive grant funding of approximately 77%.

Residential Development

During 2016, and in the first half of 2017 residential development activity continued to progress. One major residential development is the Meriden Commons I which consists of 75 residential units and 5,500 square feet retail space

Comprehensive Planning and Future Mixed Use Developments

The City is actively implementing its long term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD"). Adopted in 2009 by the City Planning Commission and the City Council, the POCD includes specific Plan Actions to promote its objectives, including targeted investments, regulatory changes and economic development. In 2016, a review of progress implementing the POCD found that 33 Plan Actions were completed, and another 40 Plan Actions were in the process of being completed. Other Plan Actions were also in the preliminary stages. The Planning Department is preparing to do an update of the POCD over the next two years.

The City's comprehensive planning implementation efforts continue to be concentrated in the areas of Land Use, Neighborhood Planning, targeted Open Space, and Economic Development. A major City proposal in 2012 was to rezone over 540 residential properties in nine areas of the City from R-2 Two/Three Family Residential to R-1 Single Family Residential. Staff research indicated that the nine areas were primarily composed of single family homes, and revising zoning would help to maintain the neighborhoods. Following a public hearing, the City Council changed the Zoning Map designation for these properties. A recent review of these areas indicates the neighborhoods are stable or improving – specifically in areas previously showing a decline.

The Transit-Oriented Development ("TOD") Plan has started to be implemented. The planned increase in rail service and several underdeveloped properties provide opportunities for a full transit center, future high density mixed use development and a new central park ("Meriden Green") that can support flood control. The Meriden Green was completed in July 2016 and multiple, mixed-use, development proposals surrounding the new park have been given conditional zoning approval.

To ensure that new high quality development is facilitated, the Planning Director has worked closely with the City Manager and Economic Development to review and advise the major mixed use TOD building projects. The first project approved was a four story building which includes first floor retail space, 63 units of mixed income housing and a 273 space multi-story parking garage to accommodate the transit center and rail service. The project was completed and ready for occupancy by December 1, 2016. The second development to begin was Meriden Commons I, which includes 75 mixed-income apartments and 5,500 square feet of first floor retail space.

Beyond the downtown area, planning to develop large sites for mid to long term economic development has continued. A focus of such efforts in 2016 is a large City owned site on South Mountain Road and a former hospital site in the TOD zone. The former Meriden Wallingford Hospital site includes a 245,000 square foot building occupying two city blocks, a former parking garage, and land totaling 5.64 acres. In addition, the Planning Department, along with the Economic Development Office, completed the study, "First Mile, Last Mile" to evaluate the area's mass transit bus service and how coordination with the new commuter rail line could benefit City residents and those who work within the City.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM ("CDBG")

The primary function of the City's Community Development Office (CD Office) is to administer the City's CDBG program. CDBG funds contribute to the funding of three City departments and 23 local non-profit agencies that provide services to low and moderate income persons, and funds the NPP Residential loan program for income eligible homeowners. The office manages other municipal grants in transportation, hazard mitigation, energy, open space, economic development, Brownfields and public safety.

Key accomplishments of the CDBG Program during the 2017 Fiscal Year included:

- Funding 23 public service programs that served over 77,000 low and moderate income Meriden residents.
- Conducting 4,921 code enforcement inspections in the CDBG target areas.
- Coordinating the preparation of the Choice Neighborhood Implementation Plan in an effort to secure \$20 million in HUD grant funds connected to the \$500,000 Choice Planning grant that was previously awarded to Meriden.
- Administering over \$5.4 million in FEMA Hazard Mitigation funding to replace generators at both the Water Pollution Control Facility and the Water Department and replace an Amtrak Bridge.

The City of Meriden is considered a federal entitlement community under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended in 1977 and 1982, and a state-designated "distressed" municipality pursuant to Section 32-9j of the Connecticut General Statutes. During FY 2017, the City of Meriden received \$892,364 in HUD CDBG "entitlement" funds, which were used to promote decent housing, suitable living environments and economic opportunities for Meriden's low and moderate income persons. Programs funded in FY 2017 with CDBG funds include a portion of the City's code enforcement activities, youth services, sidewalk improvements and public services for the elderly, homeless, handicapped and at-risk youth. CDBG funds are also used to support a revolving loan program that funds housing rehabilitation projects. The Meriden Housing Authority and the City are joint recipients of a \$500,000 HUD Choice Neighborhood Planning grant. The purpose of the grant is to develop a Transformation Plan for the redevelopment of the Mills Memorial public housing site and the surrounding central business district. This activity is coupled with other initiatives already underway in Meriden, including the Meriden Family Zone Promise Neighborhood, the Meriden Green Redevelopment and Remediation/Park project, Transit Oriented Development and the New Haven-Hartford-Springfield High Speed Intercity Passenger Rail Corridor Program and a focus on crime reduction strategies all in the CDBG Target Area.

During FY 2017, the Community Development office managed approximately 25 other state and federal grants totaling over \$7 million. The Economic Development Department continues to administer \$4M in funds from DECD for assessment, remediation and demolition projects including attending project meetings, processing payments, submitting reimbursements requests and submitting semi-annual financial reports to DECD.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Meriden, Connecticut for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the thirteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member has my sincere appreciation for their contributions made in the preparation of this report, in particular, Frank Ocskasy Jr., Director of Accounting, Agnes Puzio, Accountant II and Karen Ferrigno, Accountant. I would also like to thank Donna Carnot and Kristin Culver from the Board of Education business office.

This comprehensive annual financial report reflects a commitment to the citizens of Meriden, the Honorable Mayor, the City Council and all concerned readers of this report to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of accountability.

Respectfully submitted,

Mushal Lakan

Michael Lupkas, CPFO Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

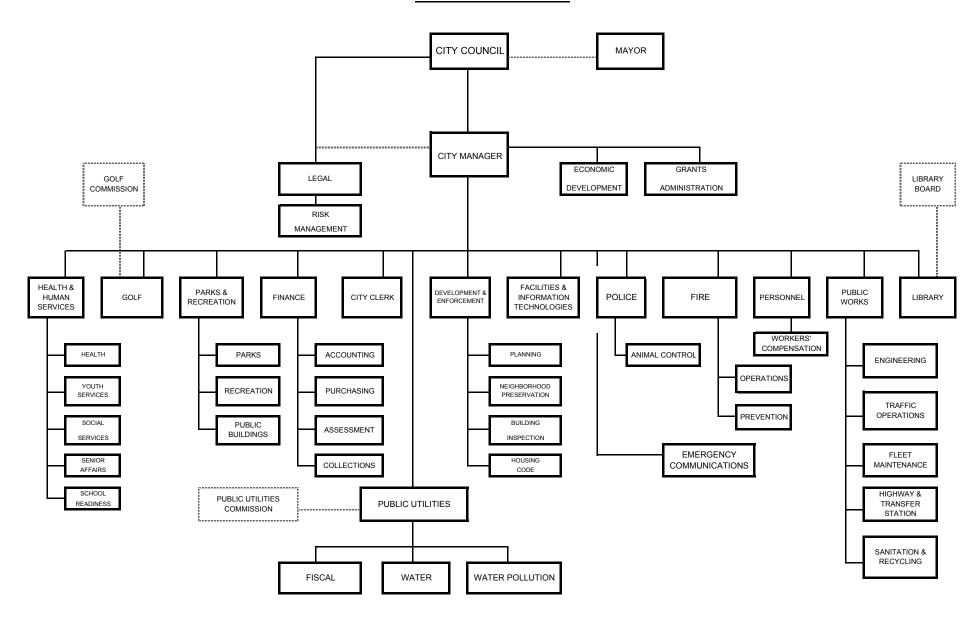
City of Meriden Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF MERIDEN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

MAYOR

Kevin M. Scarpati

CITY COUNCIL

Michael P. Cardona, Deputy Mayor
Brian P. Daniels, Majority Leader
Daniel Brunet, Minority Leader
Catherine R. Battista, Deputy Majority Leader
David D. Lowell, Deputy Majority Leader
Walter A. Shamock, Deputy Minority Leader
Joseph Carabetta III, City Councilor
Miguel Castro, City Councilor
Larue A. Graham, City Councilor
Sonya R. Jelks, City Councilor
Lenny Rich, City Councilor
Bob Williams, Jr., City Councilor

CITY MANAGER

Guy Scaife

ADMINISTRATION

City Clerk **Denise Grandy** Director of Finance Michael Lupkas Police Chief Jeffry Cossette Fire Chief Kenneth Morgan **Corporation Counsel** Michael Quinn City Attorney Deborah Moore Director of Development and Enforcement Robert Seale Juliet Burdelski Director of Economic Development **Director of Emergency Communications** Doree Price Director of Health and Human Services Lea Crown Director of Facilities & Information Technologies Russell Ford Director of Parks and Recreation Chris Bourdon Director of Personnel Marci Nogueira Director of Public Works Robert J. Bass Director of Public Utilities Dennis Waz Library Director Karen Roesler Golf Course Facilities Manager Thomas DeVaux

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Michael Grove, Assistant Superintendent, Finance and Administration
Louis Bronk, Director of Talent Development
Patricia Sullivan-Kowalski, Director of Pupil Personnel & Special Education Programs

Financial Section

Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Meriden, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Meriden, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 11 and Note 13 to the financial statements, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans* and GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15, and the pension schedules on pages 82 through 94 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Meriden, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 26, 2017

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30. 2017

As management of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Meriden for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, as well as the City's basic financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the City of Meriden exceeded its liabilities resulting in total net position at the close of the fiscal year of \$178 million. Total net position for Governmental Activities at fiscal year-end was \$96.7 million and total net position for Business-Type Activities was \$81.3 million. (Exhibit I)
- On a government-wide basis, during the year, the City's net position decreased by \$11.5 million or 6.1%, from \$189.5 million to \$178 million. Net position decreased by \$7.8 million for Governmental Activities and decreased by \$3.7 million for Business-Type Activities. Governmental Activities expenses were \$272.9 million, while revenues were \$265.1 million. The large decrease in governmental activities net position is primarily due to the increase in depreciation expenses associated with newly constructed schools. (Exhibit II)
- At the close of the year, the City of Meriden's governmental funds reported, on a current financial resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$79.4 million, an increase of \$55 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase is primarily attributable to the receipt of bond proceeds in the current period resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$55 million in the Bonded Projects Fund. (Exhibit IV)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$18.3 million, an increase of \$0.2 million from the prior fiscal year. Of the total General Fund, fund balance as of June 30, 2017, \$16.8 million represents unassigned General Fund fund balance. Unassigned General Fund fund balance at year-end represents 7.8% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out (\$215.9 million), which is a decrease of 0.3% from the prior year. (Exhibit III, Exhibit IV)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Meriden's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information as well as the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Meriden's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. All of the resources the City has at its disposal are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is portrayed because the statements present all costs, not just how much was collected and disbursed. They provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Meriden's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. One can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. It speaks to the question of whether or not the City, as a whole, is better or worse off as a result of this year's activities. To assess the overall health of the City of Meriden, the reader needs to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in some future fiscal period. Uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are examples.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Meriden that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities).

- Governmental activities of the City of Meriden encompass most of the City's basic services and include governmental and community services, administration, public safety, health and welfare, operations and education. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities of the City of Meriden include the Water Pollution Control Authority, Water Division and the George Hunter Memorial Golf Course. They are reported here as the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The City of Meriden, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Meriden has three kinds of funds:

<u>Governmental funds</u>. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Meriden maintains 31 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Bonded Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 29 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column and is presented as nonmajor governmental funds.

Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining balance sheet on Exhibit B-1 and in the combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance on Exhibit B-2.

The City of Meriden adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the authorized budget. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance on a budgetary basis can be found on Exhibit V.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) can be found on Exhibits III and IV of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The City of Meriden maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Meriden uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority, the Water Division and the Hunter Golf Course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the City of Meriden's various functions. The City of Meriden uses internal service funds to account for its risk management costs including risks related to Workers' Compensation and Employee Health Insurance. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Water Division, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Meriden. The Hunter Golf Course is also provided separately and identified as a nonmajor fund of the City of Meriden. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is also provided as a separate column in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The City of Meriden adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Proprietary Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the proprietary funds to demonstrate compliance with the authorized budget. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VI-VIII of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the City's constituency. The City has three pension trust funds, one post retirement benefit trust fund, five agency funds and two private purpose funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits IX and X of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-81 of this report.

The notes to this report also contain certain supplementary information concerning the City of Meriden's pension plan such as the net pension liability, employer contributions and investment returns on pension assets. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 82-94 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. City of Meriden total net position exceeded liabilities by \$178 million on June 30, 2017. Governmental activities assets exceeded liabilities by \$96.7 million. Business-type activities assets exceeded liabilities by \$81.3 million.

City of Meriden, Connecticut Statement of Net Position (\$000s) Primary Government

	Governr Activi		Business Activit		Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets, net of	116,841 \$	74,361 \$	26,664 \$	19,578 \$	143,505 \$	93,939		
accumulated depreciation	406,194	379,297	135,390	140,249	541,584	519,546		
Total assets	523,035	453,658	162,054	159,827	685,089	613,485		
Deferred outflow of resources	22,813	30,468	2,005	2,753	24,818	33,221		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	54,844	48,024	7,703	6,356	62,547	54,380		
outstanding	387,138	327,283	74,714	70,957	461,852	398,240		
Total liabilities	441,982	375,307	82,417	77,313	524,399	452,620		
Deferred inflow of resources	7,208	4,415	295	183	7,503	4,598		
Net Position: Net investment in								
capital assets	288,360	283,492	67,843	80,893	356,203	364,385		
Restricted	1,361	1,359			1,361	1,359		
Unrestricted	(193,063)	(180,447)	13,504	4,191	(179,559)	(176,256)		
Total Net Position \$	96,658 \$	104,404 \$	81,347 \$	85,084 \$	178,005 \$	189,488		

A portion of net position was restricted in June 30, 2017 as a result of the Wallingford Regional Solid Waste Reserve (\$.5 million), Flood Control (\$.5 million) and the corpus of various trusts (\$.4 million). Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation - An Amendment to GASB Statement 34 pertains to the Wallingford Regional Solid Waste Reserve.

By far the largest portion of the City of Meriden's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Meriden's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

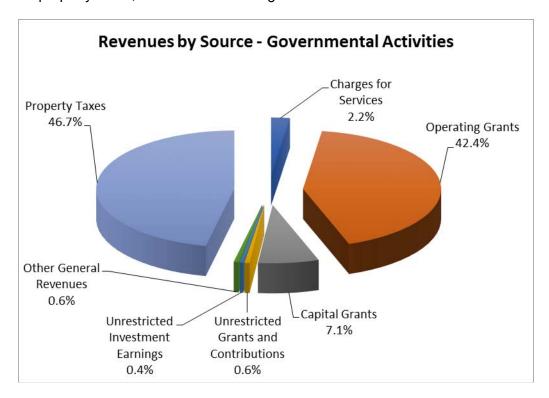
City of Meriden, Connecticut Changes in Net Position (\$000s) Primary Government

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2017		2016		2017	2	016		2017		2016
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	5,707	\$	6,231	\$	20,533 \$	1	9,825	\$	26,240	\$	26,056
Operating grants and												
contributions		112,424		104,644						112,424		104,644
Capital grants and												
contributions		18,776		48,613		343		1,400		19,119		50,013
General revenues:												
Property taxes		123,890		120,489						123,890		120,489
Grants not restricted to												
specific programs		1,685		1,757						1,685		1,757
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		1,026		877		56		29		1,082		906
Miscellaneous income	_	1,607		2,228	_	1,741		1,730		3,348		3,958
Total revenues	_	265,115		284,839	-	22,673	2	2,984		287,788	-	307,823
Expenses:												
General government		20,257		14,166						20,257		14,166
Education		155,752		142,844						155,752		142,844
Public safety		53,345		60,112						53,345		60,112
Public works		18,596		11,788						18,596		11,788
Human services		12,478		12,553						12,478		12,553
Cultural and recreation		7,154		7,121						7,154		7,121
Interest on long-term debt		5,279		4,151						5,279		4,151
Sewer Authority						11,587	1	1,104		11,587		11,104
Water Authority						13,462	1	1,893		13,462		11,893
George Hunter Golf Course	_				_	1,361		1,295	_	1,361	_	1,295
Total expenses	_	272,861		252,735	_	26,410	2	4,292		299,271		277,027
Change in Net Position		(7,746)		32,104		(3,737)	(1,308)		(11,483)		30,796
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	104,404		72,300		85,084	8	6,392		189,488		158,692
Net Position at End of Year		96,658	\$	104,404	\$_	81,347 \$	8	5,084	\$	178,005	\$	189,488

The City's net position decreased by \$11.5 million during the fiscal year, with net position of governmental activities decreasing by \$7.8 million and business-type activities decreasing by \$3.7 million.

Governmental Activities

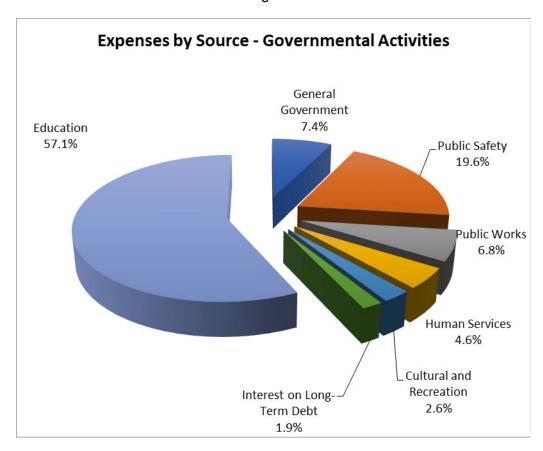
50.1% of the revenues were derived from State and Federal Government program revenues, followed by 46.7% from property taxes, and 2.2% from charges for services.



Major revenue factors included:

- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$29.8 million from 2016. This decrease is primarily
 due to the following items: \$12.5 million and \$11.3 million decreases in the Maloney High School and
 Platt High School construction grants, respectively, along with an approximate \$5.9 million decrease
 in Meriden Green and flood control grants.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by 7.8 million primarily attributable to a \$9.1 million increase in State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payments.
- Property tax revenues increased \$3.4 million or 2.8% from 2016 primarily due to an increase in the mill rate resulting in an increased original tax levy for 2017 and increased collections on back taxes owed.

For Governmental Activities, 57.1% of the City's expenses relate to education, 19.6% relate to public safety, 7.4% to general government, 6.8% to public works, 4.6% to health and human services, 2.6% to culture and recreation and 1.9% on interest on long-term debt.



Major expense factors include:

- Increases in employee wages, resulting from general wage increases, ranged from 0% to 2.5% depending on the employee group. Some employees also received negotiated step increases.
- Education expenses for fiscal year 2017 increased by \$12.9 million or 9% primarily due to increases in the State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payments and increases to depreciation expenses.
- Public works expenses for fiscal year 2017 increased by \$6.8 million or 57.8% primarily due to increases in the allocation of pollution remediation liabilities.
- General government expenses for fiscal year 2017 increased by \$6.1 million or 43% and public safety expenses decreased by \$6.8 million or 11.3% primarily due to the allocation of net pension liabilities.

Business-Type Funds

Business-type activities capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1.1 million due to decreases in grant funding.

Business-type activities expenses increased by \$2.1 million primarily within the Water Authority Fund (1.6 million) due to depreciation (.6 million), salaries and benefits (.5 million), interest expense (.4 million), and materials and supplies (.1 million).

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Meriden. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$16.8 million while total fund balance was \$18.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 7.8% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out (\$215.9 million), while total fund balance represents 8.5% of that same amount.

As stated earlier, the fund balance of the City of Meriden's General Fund increased by \$0.2 million during the current fiscal year. This fund balance increase was attributed to the prudent review and containment of expenditure accounts.

The Bonded Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$54.7 million, an increase of \$55 million from the prior year. This increase is directly attributable to the receipt of bond proceeds which are unspent as of June 30, 2017.

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds have a total fund balance of \$6.3 million, down from \$6.6 million in the prior year. The \$0.3 million decrease is derived from the use of a significant portion of fund balance within education grants and programs (.4 million), brownfield assessment (.4 million), document preservation (.1 million), and asset forfeiture (.1 million) offset by an increase of \$0.7 million in the capital non-recurring fund generated by transfers from the general fund.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Meriden's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year was \$35.8 million, with unrestricted net position of \$6.1 million. The Water Fund experienced an operating loss of \$0.6 million which was primarily attributable to increases in depreciation expenses.

Net position of the Sewer Fund was \$46.8 million. Unrestricted net position was \$10.6 million. The Sewer Fund experienced an operating loss of \$1.5 million, due primarily to depreciation expense, which was \$4.1 million in 2017 and is not budgeted.

The George Hunter Memorial Golf Course Fund had a deficit in net position at the end of the year of \$1.2 million. The Golf Fund experienced an operational loss of \$0.2 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were additional appropriations of \$0.6 million for increased health insurance contributions. The original budget included a contingency of \$0.5 million that was budgeted in the General Fund expenses to cover certain items, including unsettled labor contracts and other unanticipated expenses.

During the year, actual revenues on a budgetary basis were \$190.7 million, which was extremely consistent with the estimated budget as adopted. Property tax revenue exceeded budget by \$0.6 million due a high collection rate while charges for services revenues fell short of the budgetary expectation by \$0.3 million. Actual transfers in on a budgetary basis were \$0.7 million, which was slightly higher than budget primarily due to the transfer of funds from closed bonded projects.

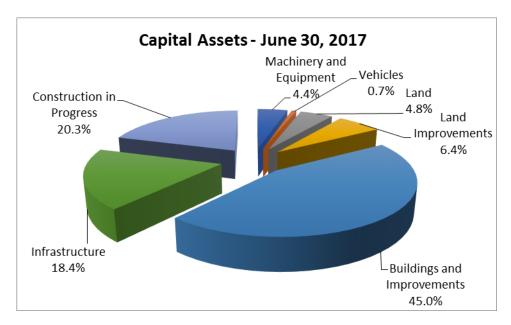
Actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis totaled \$191.4 million, exceeding actual expenditures and other financing uses on a budgetary basis by \$0.2 million.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Meriden's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 amount to \$541.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, sewers and bridges.

	Governr Activi		Business Activit	• •	Tota	tal		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Land	\$ 24,845 \$	24,778 \$	1,138 \$	1,138 \$	25,983 \$	25,916		
Land improvements	17,889	10,233	17,007	17,370	34,896	27,603		
Buildings and improvements	200,024	97,482	43,792	45,880	243,816	143,362		
Infrastructure	41,935	37,260	57,654	57,612	99,589	94,872		
Machinery and equipment	9,042	4,637	14,727	16,068	23,769	20,705		
Vehicles	3,270	3,669	445	389	3,715	4,058		
Construction in progress	109,189	201,238	627	1,792	109,816	203,030		
Total S	\$ 406,194 \$	379,297 \$	135,390 \$	140,249 \$	541,584 \$	519,546		
iotai	Ψ = 00,13= Ψ	υιυ,Ζυι ψ	100,000 ψ	170,249 ψ	υτι,υυτ ψ	J19,J40		

City of Meriden, Connecticut Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (\$000s) Primary Government



Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

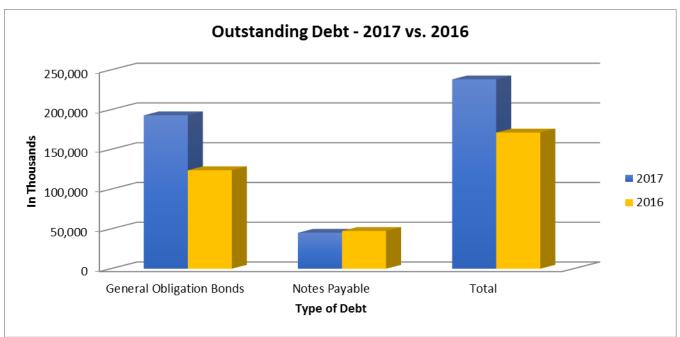
- \$94.4 million in Maloney High School CIP transfer to depreciable assets
- \$18.0 million in Meriden Green and flood control CIP transfer to depreciable assets
- \$1.5 million in water main CIP transfer to depreciable assets
- \$19.9 million for the Platt High School Renovation CIP additions
- \$10.9 million for the Maloney High School Renovation additions
- \$6.1 million for Public Works Projects (Road Construction, Paving, Improvements, Flood Control)
- \$1.1 million on water main systems

Additional information on the City of Meriden's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 43-44 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Meriden had total bonded debt outstanding of \$192.9 million. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Outstanding Debt (\$000s) General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

		Gove Act				Business-Type Activities				т	al		
	_	2017		2016	_	2017		2016		2017		2016	
General obligation bonds Notes payable	\$	168,538	\$ 	108,607	\$ _	24,382 45,222	\$_	15,213 47,436	\$_	192,920 45,222	\$ 	123,820 47,436	
Total	\$_	168,538	\$_	108,607	\$_	69,604	\$_	62,649	\$_	238,142	\$_	171,256	



The City of Meriden's bonded debt increased by \$69.1 million or 55.8% during fiscal year 2017. This was attributable to the issuance of \$68.2 million in general obligation bonds in fiscal year 2017.

The City of Meriden has received an underlying rating of AA from S&P Global Ratings and AA- from Fitch Ratings.

In reviewing the City's financial management, S&P Global Ratings considers Meriden's management practices "strong" under its FMA methodology, indicating practices that are strong, well embedded, and likely sustainable." This is the highest level for "Financial Management Assessment."

The overall statutory debt limit for the City of Meriden is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$871.7 million. As of June 30, 2017, the City recorded long-term debt of \$170.7 million related to Governmental Activities and none related to Business-Type Activities that are paid through taxes, well below its statutory debt limits.

Additional information on the City of Meriden's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 46-53 of this report.

Economic Factors (Updated through October 2017)

The national economic downturn continued to ease during 2017. As of October 2017, the unemployment rate for Meriden was 5.5%, a decrease from 5.6% in the prior year. Although Meriden's unemployment rate is above the October 2017 State of Connecticut, which had an unemployment rate of 4.5%, Meriden's unemployment rate in October 2017 remained lower than larger Connecticut cities including the City of New Haven at 5.8% and the City of Hartford at 7.9%.

The City of Meriden's reliance on property taxes has helped it weather the national economic downturn. Meriden's income stream is rather stable, even during a recession. Moreover, the City's high-quality tax base lends even more stability to the City's revenue. To foster economic development and continued expansion of the tax base, the City administers several business incentive programs, including Enterprise Zone, the Manufacturing Assistance Loan Program, and the C-PACE program, designed to attract, retain and grow business entities in Meriden.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Meriden's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City Hall Room 212, 142 East Main Street, Meriden, Connecticut 06450.

Basic Financial Statements

	,		Pri	mary Governme	nt	
	,	Governmental Activities	•	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,868,983	\$	6,744,303	\$	83,613,286
Cash with fiscal agent		11,782,102		2,242,888		14,024,990
Investments		23,357,851		1,132,295		24,490,146
Receivables, net		12,700,034		8,411,994		21,112,028
Internal balances		(8,132,127)		8,132,127		-
Inventory		237,362				237,362
Other assets		27,166		4 705 000		27,166
Capital assets, nondepreciable		134,033,596		1,765,233		135,798,829
Capital assets, net of accumulated		272 460 004		100 604 670		40E 70E E70
depreciation		272,160,901		133,624,678	_	405,785,579
Total assets		523,035,868		162,053,518	-	685,089,386
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Related to pension		21,169,255		1,453,902		22,623,157
Deferred charge on refunding		1,643,857		551,034		2,194,891
Total deferred outflows of resources	·	22,813,112		2,004,936		24,818,048
1 * 1 ****						
Liabilities:		04.40=.0=0		004.400		0.5.040.055
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		24,467,879		881,498		25,349,377
Accrued interest		2,813,527		411,582		3,225,109
Unearned revenue		966,025				966,025
Noncurrent liabilities:		00 507 000		0.400.040		00 000 070
Due within one year		26,597,030		6,409,040		33,006,070
Due in more than one year		387,138,039		74,714,240	_	461,852,279
Total liabilities		441,982,500		82,416,360	_	524,398,860
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Related to pension		5,263,243		294,927		5,558,170
Advance property tax collections		1,944,981			_	1,944,981
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,208,224		294,927	_	7,503,151
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		288,360,290		67,842,609		356,202,899
Restricted:		200,000,200		07,012,000		000,202,000
Solid Waste Reserve		449,720				449,720
Expendable - Flood Control		480,001				480,001
Nonexpendable - purposes of trust		431,547				431,547
Unrestricted		(193,063,302)		13,504,558		(179,558,744)
	i	(100,000,002)	٠	10,004,000	-	(110,000,144)
Total Net Position	\$	96,658,256	\$	81,347,167	\$_	178,005,423

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

				Pı	rogram Revenue	es					enue (Expense) es in Net Positio		d
Function/Program Activities	Expe	nses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	E	Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General government Education Public safety Public works Human services Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	155,7 53,3 18,5 12,4 7,1 5,2	57,394 51,703 44,839 95,726 78,247 54,394 78,551 60,854	\$ 2,445,777 893,713 96,188 2,078,021 171,124 21,590 5,706,413	\$	3,226,503 100,090,337 299,776 21,127 8,470,412 315,530 112,423,685	\$	3,831,454 14,111,683 61,139 760,526 11,594	\$	(10,753,660) (40,655,970) (52,887,736) (15,736,052) (3,836,711) (6,805,680) (5,278,551) (135,954,360)	\$	\$ 		(10,753,660) (40,655,970) (52,887,736) (15,736,052) (3,836,711) (6,805,680) (5,278,551) 135,954,360)
Business-type activities: Sewer Authority Water Authority George Hunter Golf Course Total business-type activities Total	13,4 	87,196 61,687 61,402 10,285 71,139	8,513,039 11,000,304 1,019,972 20,533,315 \$ 26,239,728	\$	<u>-</u> 112,423,685	- - - \$	343,111 343,111 19,119,507	-	(135,954,360)		(3,074,157) (2,118,272) (341,430) (5,533,859) (5,533,859)		(3,074,157) (2,118,272) (341,430) (5,533,859) 141,488,219)
	General Property Grants a Unrestri Miscella Total	evenues: / taxes and contril	butions not restr stment earnings some venues	: :=	ed to specific pro	= =		-	123,890,121 1,685,040 1,025,673 1,607,410 128,208,244 (7,746,116)		55,846 1,741,075 1,796,921 (3,736,938)		123,890,121 1,685,040 1,081,519 3,348,485 130,005,165 (11,483,054)
		ion at Beg ion at End	ginning of Year,	as	Restated			<u>-</u>	104,404,372	.	85,084,105		189,488,477
	Net Posi	ion at End	ioi rear					Φ_	96,658,256	\$	81,347,167 \$	_	178,005,423

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

	_	General	_	Bonded Projects	•	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent	\$	7,619,312	\$	60,498,436 11,782,102	\$, ,	\$	74,465,285 11,782,102
Investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		15,845,301 6,031,997		1,375,217		1,851,412 4,787,279		17,696,713 12,194,493
Inventory Other assets		130,224 9,147		, ,		107,138		237,362 9,147
Due from other funds	-	8,775,148	-		•			8,775,148
Total Assets	\$	38,411,129	\$_	73,655,755	\$	13,093,366	\$	125,160,250
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	RE	SOURCES A	ND	FUND BALA	٩N	CES		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities Due to other funds	\$	12,033,108	\$	6,815,561 11,471,448	\$	3,116,711 1,322,233	\$	21,965,380 12,793,681
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	-	8,189 12,041,297	_	568,540 18,855,549		389,296 4,828,240		966,025 35,725,086
Total liabilities	-	12,041,291	-	10,000,049	•	4,020,240	•	33,723,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		4 005 007						4 005 007
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - loans receivable		4,835,997 1,257,270		83,300		1,925,872		4,835,997 3,266,442
Advance property tax collections		1,944,981		00,000		1,020,012		1,944,981
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	8,038,248	_	83,300		1,925,872		10,047,420
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		139,371				538,685		678,056
Restricted		932,863		54,716,906		3,258,561		58,908,330
Committed		419,991				2,579,480		2,999,471
Unassigned	_	16,839,359	_			(37,472)		16,801,887
Total fund balances	-	18,331,584	-	54,716,906	•	6,339,254		79,387,744
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	38,411,129	\$_	73,655,755	\$	13,093,366	\$	125,160,250

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 79,387,744

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 614,693,554 Less accumulated depreciation (208,499,057)

Net capital assets 406,194,497

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days

Build America Bonds long-term interest receivable

Loans receivable greater than 60 days

Deferred outflows related to pension

2,835,997

26,580

3,266,442

21,169,255

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

(5,367,133)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(168,537,602)
Notes payable	(1,125,000)
Bond premium	(10,311,342)
Deferred charge on refunding	1,643,857
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(2,813,527)
Compensated absences	(19,067,908)
Landfill post-closure monitoring	(355,649)
OPEB obligation	(48,568,195)
Pollution remediation	(13,366,050)
Deferred inflows related to pension	(5,263,243)
Net pension liability	(143,438,467)
Claims and judgments	(1,652,000)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 96,658,256

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	General		Bonded Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	124,070,787	\$		\$		\$	124,070,787
Federal and state government		85,353,221		14,347,521		31,337,708		131,038,450
Charges for services		4,673,123				1,033,049		5,706,172
Investment income		149,932		349,944		192,941		692,817
Other local revenues		1,144,308		118,947		2,192,605		3,455,860
Total revenues	-	215,391,371		14,816,412	-	34,756,303	_	264,964,086
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		38,700,393				398,122		39,098,515
Public safety		23,740,191				486,036		24,226,227
Public works		6,875,012				400,000		6,875,012
Health and welfare		4,976,836				6,039,688		11,016,524
Culture and recreation		4,532,201				149,024		4,681,225
Education		121,738,848				25,926,894		147,665,742
Debt service:		121,730,040				25,920,694		147,005,742
		10 210 700				75.000		10 202 700
Principal retirement Interest and other charges		10,318,700		222 510		75,000		10,393,700
<u> </u>		4,001,217		332,519		31,530		4,365,266
Capital outlay	-	214 002 200	_	35,515,025	-	2,668,420	-	38,183,445
Total expenditures	-	214,883,398	_	35,847,544	•	35,774,714	-	286,505,656
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	_	507,973	_	(21,031,132)	_	(1,018,411)	_	(21,541,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bond issuance				59,643,302				59,643,302
Bond premium				4,804,404				4,804,404
Refunding bonds issued				10,606,000				10,606,000
Premium on refunding bonds				1,466,403				1,466,403
Transfers in		684,045		1,100,100		1,005,729		1,689,774
Transfers out		(1,005,729)		(442,682)		(241,363)		(1,689,774)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(321,684)		76,077,427	-	764,366	-	76,520,109
Total other infallening sources (uses)	-	(521,004)	_	10,011,421	-	704,500	-	70,020,100
Net Change in Fund Balances		186,289		55,046,295		(254,045)		54,978,539
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	18,145,295		(329,389)	_	6,593,299	_	24,409,205
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	18,331,584	\$_	54,716,906	\$	6,339,254	\$_	79,387,744

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 54,978,539

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	39,139,376
Depreciation expense	(12,149,139)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(93,033)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Property taxes collected after 60 days	(107,818)
Loan principal collected	(187,409)
Change in Build America Bonds interest receivable	(1,538)
Change in interest and liens receivable	(72,848)
Change in deferred outflows related to pension	(7,453,472)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond proceeds	(59,643,302)
Refunding bond proceeds	(10,606,000)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	10,393,700
Premium on bonds issued	(4,804,404)
Premium on refunding bond issued	(1,466,403)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest on bonds and notes	(1,309,788)
Amortization of premium on refunding	597,994
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(201,489)
Change in long-term compensated absences	1,241,407
Change in landfill post-closure monitoring	68,480
Change in pollution remediation obligation	(4,879,450)
Change in net pension liability	(148,274)
Change in OPEB obligation	(3,053,560)
Change in deferred inflows related to pension	(3,993,682)
Change in claims and judgments	206,000

The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (4,200,003)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ (7,746,116)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	-	Budgete	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -	
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	121,464,170	\$	123,398,258	\$	124,070,787	\$	672,529
Intergovernmental revenues		61,424,519		61,140,942		60,991,214		(149,728)
Charges for services		6,172,815		4,927,338		4,673,123		(254,215)
Investment income		383,380		383,380		149,613		(233,767)
Other revenues	_	835,550	_	885,267		815,440		(69,827)
Total revenues	-	190,280,434	_	190,735,185		190,700,177	-	(35,008)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		37,185,015		37,019,579		36,985,479		34,100
Finance		2,087,968		1,921,571		1,921,558		13
Public safety		23,784,026		23,480,038		23,480,018		20
Public works		6,661,492		6,852,388		6,852,355		33
Health and welfare		2,635,157		2,588,106		2,588,092		14
Culture and recreation		4,430,533		4,523,321		4,523,304		17
Education		99,759,840		99,760,550		99,760,549		1
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		10,318,700		10,318,700		10,318,700		-
Interest and other charges		3,791,566		3,791,566		3,791,566		
Total expenditures	-	190,654,297	_	190,255,819	•	190,221,621	-	34,198
Deficiency of Revenues over								
Expenditures	_	(373,863)	_	479,366	•	478,556	-	(810)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		391,363		526,363		684,045		157,682
Transfers out		(17,500)		(1,005,729)		(1,005,729)		-
Total other financing sources	-	373,863	_	(479,366)		(321,684)	-	157,682
Excess of Revenues and Other Financin Sources over Expenditures and Other	g							
Financing Uses	\$_		\$_	-	ı	156,872	\$	156,872
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						17,758,222	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	17,915,094	=	

	Pusine	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Busine	Activities					
	Major F	undo	Nonmajor Fund				
	IVIAJOI F	ulius					
			George		lusta um al		
			Hunter		Internal		
		_	Memorial		Service		
	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	Funds		
Acceta							
Assets: Current assets:							
	ф 4.47C 007 ф	0.000.400	004 000 · ft	C 744 202	0.400.000		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,476,827 \$	2,003,468 \$	264,008 \$	6,744,303 \$	2,403,698		
Cash with fiscal agent	742,075	1,487,482	13,331	2,242,888	E 004 400		
Investments	567,859	564,436	440	1,132,295	5,661,138		
Accounts receivable, net	4,221,478	4,190,406	110	8,411,994	365,366		
Due from other funds	5,581,957	5,224,313	355,766	11,162,036	40.040		
Other assets	45 500 400	40 470 405	000.045		18,019		
Total current assets	15,590,196	13,470,105	633,215	29,693,516	8,448,221		
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets, nondepreciable	1,121,315	643,918		1,765,233			
Capital assets, net of accumulated	1,121,010	040,510		1,700,200			
depreciation	58,559,832	72,188,643	2,876,203	133,624,678			
Total noncurrent assets	59,681,147	72,832,561	2,876,203	135,389,911			
Total Horiculterit assets	39,001,147	12,032,301	2,070,203	133,369,911			
Total assets	75,271,343	86,302,666	3,509,418	165,083,427	8,448,221		
Deferred Outflows of December 1							
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	000 000	070 500	4.47.500	4 450 000			
Related to pension	929,808	376,528	147,566	1,453,902			
Deferred charge on refunding	521,303	29,731	4.47.500	551,034			
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,451,111	406,259	147,566	2,004,936			
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued							
liabilities	499,928	306,018	75,552	881,498	413,333		
Accrued interest	246,964	146,167	18,451	411,582	410,000		
Due to other funds	240,504	140,107	3,029,909	3,029,909	4,000,000		
Current portion of claims incurred but			0,020,000	0,020,000	4,000,000		
not reported					2,437,619		
Current portion of bonds payable	1,687,743	1,967,387	58,268	3,713,398	2,437,013		
Current portion of bolids payable Current portion of notes payable	843,080	1,757,337	30,200	2,600,417			
Current portion of notes payable Current portion of compensated absences	70,334	15,769	9,122	95,225			
Total current liabilities	3,348,049	4,192,678	3,191,302	10,732,029	6,850,952		
Total current habilities	3,340,049	4,192,070	3,191,302	10,732,029	0,630,932		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Claims incurred but not reported					6,964,402		
Bonds payable, less current portion	12,611,800	7,391,100	666,100	20,669,000			
Notes payable, less current portion	17,516,361	25,105,233		42,621,594			
Premium on refunding bonds	726,980	484,388	51,328	1,262,696			
Compensated absences	1,060,603	486,807	186,819	1,734,229			
Net pension liability	4,138,745	1,675,996	656,840	6,471,581			
OPEB obligation	1,357,692	530,782	66,666	1,955,140			
Total noncurrent liabilities	37,412,181	35,674,306	1,627,753	74,714,240	6,964,402		
				, ,			
Total liabilities	40,760,230	39,866,984	4,819,055	85,446,269	13,815,354		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	188,613	76,380	29,934	294,927			
Not Desition							
Net Position:	20 624 472	26 422 000	2.005.050	67 040 000			
Net investment in capital assets	29,634,473	36,123,080	2,085,056	67,842,609	(E 267 420\		
Unrestricted	6,139,138	10,642,481	(3,277,061)	13,504,558	(5,367,133)		
Total Net Position	\$ <u>35,773,611</u> \$	46,765,561 \$	(1,192,005) \$	81,347,167 \$	(5,367,133)		

		Busine	ss-Type Activ	/iti	es - Enterprise	Fu	unds		Governmental Activities
	-	Major F	unds	Nonmajor Fund George				_	
	_	Water	Sewer	_	Hunter Memorial Golf Course		Total	_	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	11,000,304 \$	8,513,039	\$	1,019,972	\$	20,533,315	\$	28,182,851
Miscellaneous		987,067	703,704	Ċ	50,304		1,741,075	·	1,878,701
Total operating revenues	-	11,987,371	9,216,743		1,070,276	_	22,274,390	_	30,061,552
Operating Expenses:									
Salaries and benefits		4,355,740	2,129,162		534,463		7,019,365		
Medical claims			, ,		•		-		29,202,852
Materials and supplies		973,640	1,323,855		428,921		2,726,416		
Utilities		816,051	940,623				1,756,674		
Administration and operation		3,014,069	845,150				3,859,219		3,194,194
Depreciation		2,779,951	4,105,062		158,417		7,043,430		0.40=.00=
Other	-	650,700	1,374,923		181,513	_	2,207,136	_	2,197,365
Total operating expenses	-	12,590,151	10,718,775	-	1,303,314	-	24,612,240	-	34,594,411
Operating Loss		(602,780)	(1,502,032)	-	(233,038)	_	(2,337,850)		(4,532,859)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):									
Interest income		16,882	38,616		348		55,846		332,856
Interest expense	-	(871,536)	(868,421)		(58,088)	_	(1,798,045)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	(854,654)	(829,805)		(57,740)	_	(1,742,199)	_	332,856
Income (Loss) Before Contributions		(1,457,434)	(2,331,837)		(290,778)		(4,080,049)		(4,200,003)
Contributions:									
Capital grants and contributions	-	343,111		-		-	343,111	-	
Change in Net Position		(1,114,323)	(2,331,837)		(290,778)		(3,736,938)		(4,200,003)
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	-	36,887,934	49,097,398	-	(901,227)	_	85,084,105		(1,167,130)
Net Position at End of Year	\$	35,773,611 \$	46,765,561	\$	(1,192,005)	\$_	81,347,167	\$_	(5,367,133)

		Puoine	oo Tuno Activiti	ies - Enterprise Fu		Governmental Activities
	_	Dusine	ss-Type Activiti	Nonmajor	iius	Activities
		Major Fu	ınde	Fund		
	_	wajor i c	iius			
				George		
				Hunter		Internal
				Memorial		Service
	_	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	11,897,817 \$	8,844,624 \$	1,070,166 \$	21,812,607 \$	30,105,979
Payments to suppliers		(5,386,217)	(4,613,859)	(638,450)	(10,638,526)	(33,838,957)
Payments to employees		(3,748,877)	(1,872,234)	(440,187)	(6,061,298)	
Net receipts from interfund transactions		(2,687,719)	(3,501,078)	(322,190)	(6,510,987)	4,000,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		75,004	(1,142,547)	(330,661)	(1,398,204)	267,022
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_			(222/22/		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Receipts of capital grants		343,111			343,111	
Purchase of capital assets		(1,423,654)	(420,604)	(340,330)	(2,184,588)	
Issuance of bonds		4,723,643	5,219,687	672,368	10,615,698	
Premium on bonds		326,691		53,194	692,483	
			312,598	55, 194		
Issuance of clean water fund loans		320,281	40= 400		320,281	
Premium on refunding bonds		92,359	185,132		277,491	
Principal payments of bonds		(914,000)	(515,500)	(16,800)	(1,446,300)	
Principal payments of clean water fund loans		(796,868)	(1,737,137)		(2,534,005)	
Interest paid on capital debt		(785,651)	(786, 249)	(42,487)	(1,614,387)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
financing activities		1,885,912	2,257,927	325,945	4,469,784	_
3	_					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Sale of investments					_	173.683
Purchases of investments		8,763	8,711		17,474	(400,000)
Interest on investments		16,882	38,616	348	55,846	333,413
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	25,645	47,327	348	73,320	107,096
iver cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	23,043	41,321	340	73,320	107,090
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,986,561	1,162,707	(4,368)	3,144,900	374,118
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,232,341	2,328,243	281,707	5,842,291	2,029,580
	_					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$=	5,218,902 \$	3,490,950 \$	277,339 \$	8,987,191 \$	2,403,698
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(602,780) \$	(1,502,032) \$	(233,038) \$	(2,337,850) \$	(4,532,859)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ_	(002,:00)	(:,002,002) ¢	(200,000)	(Ξ,σσ.,σσσ) ψ	(1,002,000)
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		2,779,951	4,105,062	158,417	7,043,430	
		2,119,951	4,105,002	130,417	7,043,430	
Change in assets and liabilities:		(00.554)	(070.440)	(440)	(404.700)	44.407
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(89,554)	(372,119)	(110)	(461,783)	44,427
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(2,687,719)	(3,501,078)	(337,444)	(6,526,241)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued items		68,243	(129,308)	(28,016)	(89,081)	755,454
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		36,667	40,114	16,982	93,763	
Increase (decrease) in Net Pension Liability		69,842	7,924	(12,399)	65,367	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation		(3,058)	(1,196)	2,617	(1,637)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		, ,	, ,	15,254	15,254	4,000,000
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		431,111	181,389	76,273	688,773	.,,
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		72,301	28,697	10,803	111,801	
Total adjustments	_	677,784	359,485	(97,623)	939,646	4,799,881
•	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			, ,
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	75,004 \$	(1,142,547) \$	(330,661) \$	(1,398,204) \$	267,022
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:						
Construction in progress completed	\$	(1,507,786) \$	-	- \$	(1,507,786) \$	-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,341,479	\$ 212,170	\$ 2,052,480
Investments, at fair value:			
US treasury bonds	6,898,593	52,632	
Corporate bonds	20,510,882		
Equities	156,266,116		
Mutual funds	30,168,102		
Certificates of deposit		92,432	
Other	50,145,397_		325,077
Total investments	263,989,090	145,064	325,077
Accounts receivable	809,091		30,034
Total assets	277,139,660	357,234	2,407,591
Liabilities:			
Other liabilities	56,576	783	2,407,591
Due to other funds	113,594		, ,
Total liabilities	170,170	783	2,407,591
Net Position:			
Restricted for Pension			
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ <u>276,969,490</u>	\$ 356,451	\$

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	-	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	15,405,193	\$	
Plan members	_	6,686,231		
Total contributions	_	22,091,424		
Investment earnings (losses):				
Net change in fair value of investments		21,976,728		
Interest and dividends		5,120,011		9,569
Total investment earnings (losses)	-	27,096,739	į	9,569
Less investment expenses:				
Investment management fees	_	1,210,337		
Net investment earnings (losses)	_	25,886,402	·	9,569
Total additions	_	47,977,826	,	9,569
Deductions:				
Benefits		30,196,186		17,689
Administrative expense		502,628		•
Other	_	656,032		27,309
Total deductions	-	31,354,846	į	44,998
Change in Net Position		16,622,980		(35,429)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	260,346,510	•	391,880
Net Position at End of Year	\$	276,969,490	\$	356,451

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Meriden, Connecticut (the City) was settled in 1661, incorporated as a Town in 1806 and as a City in 1867. It operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the Chief Executive Officer.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, have no measurement focus.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, special assessments, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to long-term liabilities such as debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Bonded Projects Fund is used to account for resources used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and equipment. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds. Other sources include capital grants, current tax revenues and low interest State loans.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the operations of the City's water supply system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater treatment system. The City operates its own sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for employee health insurance and workers' compensation insurance provided to departments of the City and Board of Education.

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for various scholarship and cemetery trusts.

The *Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds* are used to account for activities of the City's three defined benefit plans that accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees. As part of these trust funds, an amount is segregated to pay for retiree health benefits. These funds are also presented with the pension trust funds. These funds are also used to account for the activities for both City and Board of Education for other post employment benefits (e.g., health insurance, life insurance) that accumulate resources for other post employment benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held on behalf of outside groups such as student activity funds, senior trip funds, performance bonds, and South Meriden Volunteer Fire Department Award Program.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables, including those for the Water and Sewer Funds, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

An estimate has been recorded for utility service provided, but not billed, at the end of the fiscal year.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value rather than at fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	7-30
Infrastructure	65
Machinery and equipment	5-30
Vehicles	7

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of deferred inflows of resources. resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports a deferred inflow of resources for advance property tax collections and for differences between expected and actual experience related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, these amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, City and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain employees may also carry over a limited number of unused vacation and sick days to subsequent years based on the terms of an employment or union contract. In the event of termination, these employees are paid for accumulated vacation and sick time. The City recognizes a liability for the vested portion, as well as the unvested portion, to the extent expected to be paid, as compensated absences. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. Net Other Post Employment (OPEB) Obligations

The net OPEB obligation represents the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and the City's contributions to the plans. This amount is calculated on an actuarial basis and is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements as applicable.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position

Restrictions are externally imposed on net position by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Director of Purchasing for the City, who has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

The City has a written minimum fund balance policy that states that the goal of the City is that uncommitted fund balance of the City equal one month's expenditures or 8.33% of the City's most recent approved operating budget. The City has revised the policy to conform to the language contained in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on all taxable assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate taxes are payable in four quarterly installments (July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1). Personal property taxes are payable semi-annually (July 1 and January 1) and motor vehicle taxes are due in one single payment on July 1. Liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. Statutory interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of appraised market value. The City files a lien on the property for taxes that were due July 1 and remain unpaid on the following May 1.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is adopted by the City Council and employed for management control of the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Golf Fund.

The budget process is as follows:

- a. At least 180 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the manager of each department, office and agency submits to the Director of Finance, at such date he determines, estimates of revenues and expenditures for the following year.
- b. At least 180 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager reviews these estimates and may revise them as he deems advisable, except that in the case of the department of education, he has the authority to revise only the total estimated expenditures.
- c. On or before March 1, not later than 120 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced annual budget.
- d. The City Council shall hold one (1) public hearing on the budget to obtain public comments not later than seventy five (75) days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.
- e. Within 20 days after the final public hearing, the City Council shall adopt a budget. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- f. The Mayor shall have veto power on a line item basis only, and must submit any veto message within five (5) days after the Council has adopted the budget.
- g. The City Council may override any line item veto by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the entire body.
- h. Budget referendum on the adopted budget must be held if a petition is filed within thirty days of the adoption of the final approved budget.
- i. Budget transfers or additional appropriations must be approved by the City Council. Additional appropriations by the City Council may not exceed 1-1/2% of the General Fund budget as established for the current year, without levying a special tax.
 - There were additional appropriations of \$589,751 for the General Fund, which was funded through fund balance, and \$75,025 for the Water Fund during the year ended June 30, 2017, which was funded through net position.
- j. The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances from one account to another within its line appropriation. A number of such transfers occurred during the year.
- k. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.

The City's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than GAAP. The major difference between the budgetary and GAAP basis is that encumbrances are recognized as a charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year, whereas, on a GAAP basis, encumbrances are recorded as either assigned, committed or restricted fund balance.

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures and fund balance of the General Fund between the accounting treatment required by GAAP and budgetary requirements is as follows:

	_	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	_	Fund Balance
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	191,384,222	\$ 191,227,350	\$	17,915,094
Excess cost grant (net for budgetary)		924,895	924,895		
BABs subsidy		209,651	209,651		
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment		21,048,368	21,048,368		
State of Connecticut WIC on-behalf payment		2,388,744	2,388,744		
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes	_	119,536	 90,119	-	416,490
Balance, GAAP Basis	\$	216,075,416	\$ 215,889,127	\$_	18,331,584

B. Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the following funds had deficit balances:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Misc. Grants and Programs	\$ 37,244
Factory H Demolition	228
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund:	
George Hunter Memorial Golf Course	1,192,005
Internal Service Fund:	
Workers' Compensation Fund	5,200,001
Meriden Health Insurance	167,132

These amounts will be funded through local general fund contributions or future revenues.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate-of-return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$98,425,618 of the City's bank balance of \$101,405,338 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	88,333,056
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the City's name		10,092,562
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	98,425,618

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2017, the City's cash equivalents amounted to \$11,848,276. The following table provides a summary of the City's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	S & P Global
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) Multi-Bank Securities, Inc.	AAAm *
TD Bank	*
Northern Capital Investments	*
Wells Fargo	*
Stifel Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	*

^{*} Not rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

				Inve	Years	s)		
	_	Fair Value		Less than 1	_	1-10	М	ore than 10
Interest-bearing investments:								
Certificates of Deposit	\$	8,817,700	\$	1,300,339	\$	7,517,361	\$	
U.S. Government Securities		1,669,510		1,669,510				
U.S. Government Agencies		6,951,175		3,497,418		3,453,757		
Corporate Bonds	_	21,291,574		3,558,423		17,022,352		710,799
Total		38,729,959	\$	10,025,690	\$_	27,993,470	\$	710,799
Other investments:								
Mutual Funds		59,966,699						
Common Stock		131,455,550						
Preferred Stock		399,448						
Alternative investments	_	58,397,721						
Total Investments	\$_	288,949,377	=					

Average Rating	_	Corporate Bonds		U.S. Government Securities		U.S. Government Agencies		Certificate of Deposit
Aaa Aa2 Aa3 A1 A2 A3 Baa1 Baa2 Baa3 Ba1 Ba2	\$	4,544,198 759,473 1,460,016 1,868,833 2,807,093 3,026,941 3,809,093 2,082,711 463,396 259,820 210,000	\$	1,669,510	\$	6,951,175	\$	
Unrated		210,000	•					8,817,328
Total	\$	21,291,574	\$	1,669,510	\$	6,951,175	6	8,817,328

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy states that the weighted average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed 12 years and the maturity of any single issue shall not exceed 30 years. To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. It is the City's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by General State Statute Chapter 112, Section 7-400. In addition, per policy, a depository's long-term debt must be rated at least C by Thompson Bank Watch and A- by Standard & Poor's, A3 by Moody's or A- by Fitch; and its short-term debt must be rated at least TBW-1 by Thomson Bank Watch and A-1 by Standard & Poors, P-1 by Moody's or F-1 by Fitch or the depository's total risk-based capital ratio must exceed ten percent (10%).

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy states that the exposure of the portfolio to any one issuer, other than securities of the U.S. government or agencies, shall not exceed 8% of the fair value of the fixed income portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the City did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the City's name.

Pension

The investments of the City's pension funds have their own policies and limitations on investments.

Investment managers and advisors must discharge their responsibilities in accordance with the fiduciary provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and supporting regulations, unless specifically exempted by a vote of the Board.

Equity investments in any one company by any one advisor shall be limited at purchase of 10% of the total assets under management and/or 5% of the company's total outstanding equity. Corporate fixed income investments shall be limited to the first four quality grades as established by one or more of the nationally recognized bond rating services, except by a specific vote of the Board to permit inclusion of some lesser-rated issues within an investment grade portfolio. In no event should the debt securities of any corporation exceed 10% of the assets under management of any one advisor.

There shall be no investments in:

- Securities of foreign issuers, other than those of the Canadian government, and also excepting American Depository Receipts (ADRs) of foreign securities, and further excepting foreign securities purchased by an investment advisor specifically designated by the Board as an "international" or "global" manager;
- Securities issued by a participating employer, except to the extent permitted under ERISA;
- Private placements, without affirmative Board approval;
- Real estate, other than securities of exchange-traded or non-traded Real Estate Investment Trusts.

Uninvested cash balances should be kept at a minimum through the prompt investment of available funds in short-term or more permanent security holdings.

Each investment advisor, consultant, custodian or contractor shall be required to be available for at least one annual meeting with the Meriden Retirement Board. Results based on a total rate of return (including both realized and unrealized capital gains and losses) will be evaluated for each advisor to the Board over a complete market cycle. However, the Board retains the right (and obligation) to address issues of lagging performance at any time during a contract cycle.

Fair Value

The City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The new disclosure is presented below:

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

		June 30,		Fair Va	lue	Measuremer	nts	Using
		2017	_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level:	_							
U.S. Government securities	\$	1,669,510	\$			1,669,510		
U.S. Government agencies		6,951,175				6,951,175		
Corporate bonds		21,291,574				21,291,574		
Common stock		131,455,550		131,455,550				
Preferred stock		399,448		391,939		7,509		
Mutual funds		59,966,699		59,966,699				
Alternative investments	-	48,445,355			_		_	48,445,355
Total investments by fair value level		270,179,311	\$_	191,814,188	\$_	29,919,768	\$_	48,445,355
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):	:							
Private equity holdings		9,952,366						
Certificates of deposit	_	8,817,700	_					
Total Investments	\$_	288,949,377	=					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

Private equity funds - international are valued as described in the following schedule.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

_	Fair Value	_	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Central Park Group: Brookfield Real Estate \$	1,905,921	\$	1,098,900	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
Central Park Group: Carlyle CEOF	462,675		419,788	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
Central Park Group: WP PVT WPXI	3,450,603		639,056	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
Central Park Group: WPXXX Energy	598,538		820,878	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
iCapital KV Seed	437,598		207,177	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
iCapital Apollo Structured	1,779,848		924,000	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
Portfolio Advisors Secondary Fund II	1,317,183	_	441,904	Quarterly, annually	30-60 days
\$_	9,952,366	\$_	4,551,703		

4. RECEIVABLES

The receivables as of June 30, 2017 for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Governmental and Fiduciary Type Funds										
	-	General Fund	_	Bonded Projects Fund		Nonmajor, iternal Service and Fiduciary Funds	,	Total				
Property taxes Interest and liens Accounts Intergovernmental Loans Other Gross receivables Less allowance for collection losses	\$	8,203,866 7,902,632 443,405 6,171 461 16,556,535 10,524,538	\$	18,416 1,273,501 83,300 1,375,217	\$	383,917 2,842,856 2,188,688 839,125 6,254,586 262,816	\$	8,203,866 7,902,632 845,738 4,122,528 2,271,988 839,586 24,186,338 10,787,354				
Net Total Receivables	\$_	6,031,997	\$_	1,375,217	\$_	5,991,770	\$_	13,398,984				

		Business-Type Funds										
	_	Water		Sewer		Nonmajor						
	_	Authority	_	Authority		Fund	_	Total				
Use charges	\$	1,114,448	\$	1,049,398	\$		\$	2,163,846				
Interest and liens		117,396		116,680				234,076				
Assessments				140,069				140,069				
Unbilled		3,194,214		3,088,928				6,283,142				
Other	_	10,354	_	16,033	_	110	_	26,497				
Gross receivables Less allowance for	_	4,436,412	_	4,411,108	_	110	_	8,847,630				
collection losses	_	214,934	. <u>-</u>	220,702	_		_	435,636				
Net Total Receivables	\$_	4,221,478	\$_	4,190,406	\$_	110	\$_	8,411,994				

The table above does not contain Build America Bond interest receivable.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:		_		
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,777,485 \$	112,600 \$	45,375 \$	24,844,710
Construction in progress	201,238,397	21,664,941	113,714,452	109,188,886
Total capital assets not being depreciated	226,015,882	21,777,541	113,759,827	134,033,596
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	23,275,217	8,709,994		31,985,211
Buildings and improvements	191,506,823	108,687,616	184,492	300,009,947
Machinery and equipment	13,720,223	5,424,525	123,396	19,021,352
Vehicles	15,880,039	549,524	247,787	16,181,776
Infrastructure	105,757,044	7,704,628		113,461,672
Total capital assets being depreciated	350,139,346	131,076,287	555,675	480,659,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	13,042,182	1,054,526		14,096,708
Buildings and improvements	94,024,874	6,096,256	136,834	99,984,296
Machinery and equipment	9,082,780	1,020,468	123,396	9,979,852
Vehicles	12,210,958	948,160	247,787	12,911,331
Infrastructure	68,497,141_	3,029,729		71,526,870
Total accumulated depreciation	196,857,935	12,149,139	508,017	208,499,057
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	153,281,411	118,927,148	47,658	272,160,901
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 379,297,293 \$	140,704,689 \$	113,807,485 \$	406,194,497

	•	Beginning Balance		Increases	-	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,138,531	\$		\$		\$ 1,138,531
Construction in progress		1,792,075		342,413		1,507,786	 626,702
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,930,606		342,413	-	1,507,786	 1,765,233
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements		22,667,142		768,090			23,435,232
Buildings and improvements		81,579,449					81,579,449
Machinery and equipment		32,497,367		597,376			33,094,743
Vehicles		2,530,996		177,524			2,708,520
Infrastructure		121,600,637		1,806,971	_		 123,407,608
Total capital assets being depreciated	•	260,875,591	-	3,349,961	-	-	 264,225,552
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		5,297,728		1,131,638			6,429,366
Buildings and improvements		35,699,743		2,087,544			37,787,287
Machinery and equipment		16,429,151		1,938,221			18,367,372
Vehicles		2,141,797		121,406			2,263,203
Infrastructure		63,989,025		1,764,621			 65,753,646
Total accumulated depreciation		123,557,444		7,043,430	-	-	 130,600,874
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	•	137,318,147		(3,693,469)	-	-	 133,624,678
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	140,248,753	\$	(3,351,056)	\$_	1,507,786	\$ 135,389,911

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	397,218
Education		5,361,175
Public safety		1,078,020
Public works		52,380
Library		4,251,864
Recreation		914,592
Human services		93,890
	-	
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	12,149,139
	•	
Business-type activities:		
Water Authority	\$	2,779,951
Sewer Authority		4,105,062
Golf Course		158,417
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	7,043,430

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the timing between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund OPEB Trust Funds Nonmajor Proprietary Fund	\$	309,412 1,322,233 4,000,000 113,594 3,029,909 8,775,148
Water Fund	Bonded Projects Fund		5,581,957
Sewer Fund	Bonded Projects Fund		5,224,313
Nonmajor Proprietary Fund	Bonded Projects Fund	_	355,766
		\$	19,937,184

For the most part, all balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

During the year, transfers are used to 1) move resources from the health grants and programs fund to the general fund, 2) provide resources from the bonded projects fund to the general fund for debt service relief, and 3) provide local match spending requirements from the general fund to nonmajor funds for grants requiring local spending.

		Tran					
			Total				
-		General Fund	. <u>.</u>	Governmental Funds	Transfers Out		
Transfers out:							
General Fund	\$		\$	1,005,729	\$	1,005,729	
Bonded Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental		442,682				442,682	
Funds	_	241,363			_	241,363	
Total Transfers In	\$_	684,045	\$	1,005,729	\$_	1,689,774	

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	_	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	<u>-</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:											
General obligation bonds	\$	108,607,000	\$;	70,249,302	\$	10,318,700	\$	168,537,602	\$	22,716,602
Premium on bonds		4,638,529			6,270,807		597,994		10,311,342		
Notes payable		1,200,000					75,000		1,125,000		75,000
Compensated absences		20,309,315			467,118		1,708,525		19,067,908		1,019,809
Worker's compensation		1,545,013			1,227,418		334,812		2,437,619		812,540
Heart and hypertension		5,562,668			2,249,456		2,936,887		4,875,237		1,625,079
Landfill post-closure monitoring		424,129					68,480		355,649		80,000
Net pension liability		143,290,193			148,274				143,438,467		
OPEB obligation		45,514,635			3,053,560				48,568,195		
Pollution remediation		8,486,600			4,879,450				13,366,050		
Claims and judgments		1,858,000	-	_	392,000		598,000		1,652,000	_	268,000
Total Governmental Activities											
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	341,436,082	\$; _	88,937,385	\$	16,638,398	\$	413,735,069	\$_	26,597,030
Business-Type Activities:											
General obligation bonds	\$	15,213,000	\$;	10,615,698	\$	1,446,300	\$	24,382,398	\$	3,713,398
Premium on bonds		368,455			969,974		75,733		1,262,696		
Compensated absences		1,735,691			98,443		4,680		1,829,454		95,225
Net pension liability		6,406,214			65,367				6,471,581		
OPEB obligation		1,956,777					1,637		1,955,140		
Clean water/drinking water notes		47,435,735	_	_	320,281		2,534,005		45,222,011	_	2,600,417
Total Pusiness Type Activities											
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	73,115,872	\$:	12,069,763	\$	4,062,355	\$	81,123,280	\$	6,409,040
Long Term Liabilities	Ψ	70,110,072	=Ψ	´=	12,000,700	Ψ.	-+,002,000	Ψ	51,120,200	Ψ	3,403,040

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension obligations and net other post employment benefits obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the City. Certain general obligation bonds are to be repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2017
Governmental:						
General purpose:						
General obligation, Series A	5/4/10	8/1/22	3-5%	11,627,000	Various	\$ 2,450,000
General obligation, Series B	5/4/10	8/1/23	3-5%	21,142,000	Various	10,606,000
General obligation BABs	7/13/10	5/15/30	1-5.75%	18,764,086	Various	12,377,000
General obligation	12/18/12	8/1/28	1-2.65%	6,400,000	Various	6,134,000
General obligation	1/31/13	2/15/33	1-3%	24,423,203	Various	20,935,000
General obligation, Series A	9/8/14	3/1/34	3-5%	47,515,700	Various	43,548,600
General obligation, Series B	9/8/14	3/1/24	2-3%	2,864,000	Various	2,237,700
General obligation	11/1/16	5/1/36	3-5%	59,643,302	Various	59,643,302
General obligation	11/15/16	5/15/30	3-5%	10,606,000	Various	10,606,000
Total governmental activities	5					168,537,602
Business-Type:						
General purpose:						
General obligation, Series A	5/4/10	8/1/22	3-5%	163,000	Various	20,000
General obligation, Series B	5/4/10	8/1/23	3-5%	5,558,000	Various	4,084,000
General obligation BABs	7/13/10	5/15/30	1-5.75%	3,565,914	Various	2,353,000
General obligation	12/18/12	8/1/28	1-2.65%	3,500,000	Various	3,356,000
General obligation	1/31/13	2/15/33	1-3%	1,056,797	Various	905,000
General obligation, Series A	9/8/14	3/1/34	3-5%	2,789,300	Various	2,556,400
General obligation, Series B	9/8/14	3/1/24	2-3%	630,000	Various	492,300
General obligation	11/1/16	5/1/36	3-5%	8,596,698	Various	8,596,698
General obligation	11/15/16	5/15/30	3-5%	2,019,000	Various	2,019,000
Total business-type activities	S					24,382,398
Total Outstanding						\$ 192,920,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	_	Governmen	tal	Activities	_	Business-T	уре	ype Activities		
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2018*	\$	22,716,602	\$	7,012,351	\$	3,713,398	\$	1,001,700		
2019		10,649,300		5,375,362		1,465,700		774,849		
2020		10,653,300		4,890,838		1,466,700		707,323		
2021		9,870,300		4,421,581		1,519,700		641,460		
2022		9,862,300		3,992,264		1,522,700		574,987		
2023		9,482,200		3,550,748		1,527,800		503,399		
2024		9,149,200		3,156,060		1,530,800		432,806		
2025		8,882,800		2,778,433		1,462,200		368,833		
2026		9,118,000		2,442,869		1,467,000		314,731		
2027		9,106,000		2,138,994		1,459,000		266,337		
2028		9,088,000		1,862,770		1,447,000		221,880		
2029		9,074,000		1,580,795		1,436,000		176,805		
2030		7,992,000		1,294,355		848,000		137,995		
2031		7,034,000		1,020,900		666,000		107,837		
2032		7,034,000		803,150		666,000		87,462		
2033		7,032,900		585,400		667,100		67,087		
2034		5,728,700		367,684		611,300		46,679		
2035		3,032,000		185,710		453,000		27,746		
2036		3,032,000		94,750		453,000	_	14,156		
	_				- '		_			
Total	\$_	168,537,602	\$	47,555,014	\$	24,382,398	\$_	6,474,072		

^{*} Includes payments on a crossover refunding in the amount of \$11,427,000 for Governmental Activities and \$2.173.000 for Business-Type Activities.

Interest requirements to maturity are disclosed net of interest payments to be received from the federal government on Build America Bonds of \$437,592 for governmental activities and \$83,180 for business-type activities.

General Obligation Bonds - Current Crossover Refunding

On November 3, 2016, the City issued \$12,625,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0 to 5.0%. The bonds were issued to crossover refinance previously issued Taxable Build America Bonds dated July 1, 2010. The net proceeds of \$14,307,428 (including a premium of \$1,745,553 and issuance costs of \$63,125) were deposited into an escrow account which remains in the City's possession until the crossover date of May 15, 2018. At the crossover date, the Taxable Build America Bonds will be considered defeased and the liability for those bonds as well as the funds deposited into the escrow account will be removed from the statement of net position. The refunding will reduce total debt service payments by \$975,000 from fiscal year 2019 through 2030, and represents an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) of \$627,712.

Build America Bonds

The Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 115 (2009), enacted February 17, 2009 (the Recovery Act), authorizes state and local governments to issue two general types of taxable Build America Bonds (Taxable BABs) with the federal government providing subsidies for a portion of their borrowing cost. One type of Taxable BAB provides a federal tax credit to the bondholder; the other provides a credit in the form of an interest subsidy payment directly to the issuer (Taxable BABs - Direct Payment). General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2010 were issued as Taxable BABs - Direct Payment on July 1, 2010 for \$22,330,000. Pursuant to the Recovery Act, the City will receive a cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the interest payable on the General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2010 on or about each interest payment date. Such subsidy payment will be revenue to the City under the General Bond Resolution. No holders of the General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2010 will be entitled to a tax credit. The receipt of the subsidy by the City is not a condition of payment of any portion of the principal and interest on the General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2010. However, if the subsidy payments are reduced or eliminated, the General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2010 are subject to extraordinary optional redemption. In fiscal year 2017, subsidy payments received were reduced by 6.8% or \$18,472.

Water Fund Loans Payable

Clean Water Fund Loans

The State of Connecticut under the Clean Water Fund Program issued the project loan obligation. The loan proceeds financed the sanitary sewer construction projects. The obligation will be paid from future user fees.

Drinking Water Fund Loans

The Drinking Water Fund Program issued a permanent funding obligation loan, which is recorded in the Water Fund, for the year ended June 30, 2017. The loan proceeds are being used to finance the upgrade to the Broad Brook Treatment Plant. The obligation will be paid from future user fees.

Project loan obligations payable to the State of Connecticut mature as follows:

										To	otal	
Year Ending	_	Clean W	ater	Notes	_	Drinking \	Nate	r Notes	_	Busine	ss-T	/pe
June 30	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2018	\$	1,757,336	\$	521,129	\$	843,081	\$	359,489	\$	2,600,417	\$	880,618
2019	Ψ	1,778,235	Ψ	485,863	Ψ	860,098	Ψ	342,471	Ψ	2,638,333	Ψ	828,334
2020		1,814,127		449,970		877,459		325,111		2,691,586		775,081
2021		1,850,744		413,353		895,169		307,400		2,745,913		720,753
2022		1.888.100		375.997		913.238		289.332		2.801.338		665.329
2023		1,926,210		337,887		931,671		270,898		2,857,881		608,785
2023		1.965.090		299.008		950.476		252,093		2,915,566		551,101
2024		2.004.754		259,000		969.661		232,093		2,974,415		492,253
2026		2,004,754		218,879		989,233		232,909		3,034,451		432,233
				177.598		•		193,370				370,968
2027		2,086,500		,		1,009,200		*		3,095,700		,
2028		2,128,615		135,483		1,029,570		172,999		3,158,185		308,482
2029		2,171,579		92,518		1,050,351		152,218		3,221,930		244,736
2030		2,215,411		48,687		1,071,552		131,018		3,286,963		179,705
2031		1,177,268		8,473		1,093,180		109,389		2,270,448		117,862
2032		53,381		313		1,115,246		87,324		1,168,627		87,637
2033						1,089,528		65,014		1,089,528		65,014
2034						1,062,807		43,707		1,062,807		43,707
2035						1,084,259		22,255		1,084,259		22,255
2036						509,034		3,349		509,034		3,349
2037					_	14,630	_	37		14,630		37
									_			
	\$_	26,862,568	\$_	3,824,502	\$_	18,359,443	\$_	3,573,720	\$_	45,222,011	\$_	7,398,222

HUD Loan

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development issued the City a Section 108 Loan on October 14, 2011, which carries interest at 0.2% above London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The loan proceeds financed part of the demolition and cleanup of Factory H. The obligation will be paid from future CDBG allocations.

Project loan obligations payable to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development mature as follows:

		HUD N	ote
		Principal	Interest
2018	\$	75,000 \$	30,495
2019		75,000	29,254
2020		75,000	27,821
2021		75,000	26,134
2022		75,000	24,255
2023		75,000	22,282
2024		75,000	20,179
2025		75,000	17,978
2026		75,000	15,739
2027		75,000	13,451
2028		75,000	11,130
2029		75,000	8,764
2030		75,000	6,337
2031		75,000	3,855
2032		75,000	1,297
	•		
	\$	1,125,000 \$	258,971

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2017 is \$1,482,954, which is net of all expected grant revenue. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The liability for the landfill post-closure care, aggregating \$355,649, is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfills as of June 30, 2017. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Costs will be funded through future property taxes and/or state and federal grants. The landfill was considered to be at capacity and was closed during 1991.

Pollution Remediation

"Factory H" includes two City parcels (77 Cooper Street and 104 Butler Street), which have contaminated soils. The liability is \$7,752,222, which is made up of \$10,352,000 less estimated recoveries from the State and Federal government of \$2,600,000. Management has estimated this liability taking into account data based on estimates from the engineering department. Major assumptions were made since the remediation of the Factory H site will be fully integrated into the Harbor Brook Flood Control project and redevelopment plans for the site, which are yet to be finalized. Costs are likely to change based on the final flood control design, site re-use and redevelopment plans, as well as other factors. It is assumed that no active groundwater remediation will be required, environmental land use restrictions will be placed on the site, and operations and maintenance of the engineered control will be minimal, similar to that approved for the Meriden Green (formerly the HUB project). The obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. As of June 30, 2017, the City has received \$800,000 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency, a loan of \$1,500,000 from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and \$300,000 from the State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development.

116 Cook Avenue has contaminated soil and hazardous building materials contributing to the contamination. The liability is \$1,574,050, and is made up of \$2,098,000 less estimated recoveries from the Federal government (HUD and US EPA) of \$523,950. Management has estimated this liability taking into account data based on estimates from their consulting firm. The current estimate of environmental liabilities for 116 Cook Avenue is based on environmental reports prepared for the City of Meriden by Tighe and Bond, including "Phase III Environmental Site Assessment report, dated July 2012," and an "Opinion of Probable Demolition Costs, dated July 2012." Further remediation costs associated with soils below the existing building slab are unknown and may require further remediation depending on the future land use. The City of Meriden assumes removal of all known environmental hazards in five to seven years. The obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. As of June 30, 2017, the City utilized \$523,950 in federal funds to remove hazardous building materials and universal waste and to remove an underground storage tank (UST) from the site.

The City acquired 11 Crown Street in May 2014 for redevelopment purposes. In 2014, the City retained Tighe and Bond to complete Phase II/III Environmental Assessments and a Remedial Action plan for the site. Estimated cleanup costs (soil remediation and hazardous building materials) include engineering, oversight and monitoring. As of June 30, 2017, the City was awarded and was in the process of utilizing a \$1.27 million state grant from the CT Department of Economic and Community Development to complete building demolition and site remediation. All remediation work is expected to be completed by October 30, 2017. Following site remediation, the site will be transferred to a private developer in 2018. Ongoing liability may require two years of groundwater monitoring after the site redevelopment is completed after 2020. The estimated cost of groundwater monitoring is less than \$20,000 total.

The City acquired 177 State Street in May 2014 for redevelopment purposes. In 2014, the City retained AECom to complete Phase II/III Environmental Assessments and a Remedial Action plan for the site. Estimated cleanup costs include engineering, oversight and monitoring. The liability is made up of \$565,812 less recoveries from the State of \$565,812. Management has estimated this liability taking into account data based on estimates from their consulting firm. As of June 30, 2017, the City was awarded and completed soil remediation utilizing a \$597,000 state grant from the CT Department of Economic and Community Development to complete site remediation. All remediation work is completed. The site was transferred to a private developer in April 2017. Ongoing liability may require two years of groundwater monitoring after the site redevelopment is completed after 2020. The estimated cost of groundwater monitoring is less than \$20,000 total.

The City acquired the former Meriden Wallingford hospital site, located at 1 King Place, in January 2014 in a tax foreclosure. In 2014, the City was awarded \$180,000 to further assess the building and property and \$221,000 in state forgivable loans for cleanup. An engineer's probable cost estimate to remediate the site is approximately \$4 million for soil and building materials clean up where no funding for clean up has yet to be identified. The City submitted an application to the CT Department of Economic and Community Development to complete site remediation and the removal of hazardous building materials. The application is currently under review by the State of Connecticut.

Claims and Judgments

There are various suits and claims pending against the City, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the City's financial position. Management has estimated a liability of \$1,652,000 at June 30, 2017.

Debt Limitation

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

Category	_	Debt Limitation	Indebtedness	Balance
General purposes	\$	280,193	\$ 90,765	\$ 189,428
Schools		560,385	79,905	480,480
Urban renewal		404,723		404,723
Sewers		466,988	9,833	457,155
Pension bonding		373,590		373,590

In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$871,710).

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		General	Bonded Projects		Nonmajor Governmental	
	_	Fund	Fund	_	Funds	Total
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$	130,224 \$		\$	107,138 \$	237,362
Prepaid Expenses		9,147				9,147
Permanent fund principal					431,547	431,547
Restricted for:						
Flood control		480,001				480,001
Wallingford Regional Solid Waste Reserve		449,720				449,720
Federal and State grants		3,142			1,130,863	1,134,005
Bonds			54,716,906			54,716,906
Park trusts					1,898,538	1,898,538
Library trusts					220,552	220,552
Education trusts					8,059	8,059
Health trusts					426	426
Capital and nonrecurring					123	123
Committed to:						
Special assessment project					107,090	107,090
Education					1,354,118	1,354,118
Planning and development					58,214	58,214
School readiness					128,648	128,648
Anti-blight					152,666	152,666
Airport improvement					9,845	9,845
Dog fund					7,090	7,090
Capital and nonrecurring					743,330	743,330
Insurance refunds		258,537				258,537
Tree preservation		2,985				2,985
Downtown property management		117,957				117,957
Vehicle replacement		40,512				40,512
Public safety					18,479	18,479
Unassigned	_	16,839,359		_	(37,472)	16,801,887
Total Fund Balances	\$_	18,331,584 \$	54,716,906	\$	6,339,254 \$	79,387,744

Significant encumbrances of \$13,042,086 are included in the bonded projects fund and \$2,312,309 are included in the nonmajor funds as of June 30, 2017.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The City generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks of workers' compensation and employee health and medical claims. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2017.

The workers' compensation fund purchases a self-insured retention workers' compensation excess policy for claims exceeding \$600,000. All other claims are funded by the General Fund, Sewer Authority, Water Authority and George Hunter Memorial Golf Fund. Payments to the fund are estimated based on payroll amounts, job classification rates, experience and second injury fund assessments.

The City's Health Insurance Fund purchases a stop loss policy for claims in excess of \$250,000 per claim. The City also purchases the aggregate maximum per year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The health insurance fund is funded by contributions from all funds incurring payroll charges. The health benefits consultant provides the City with suggested rates for various types of coverage. The BOE and City enterprise funds use employee counts and suggested rates to compute fund contributions.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

		Accrued Liability Beginning of Fiscal Year	. <u>-</u>	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	<u> </u>	Accrued Liability Claim Payments		Accrued Liability End of Fiscal Year
Workers' Compe	nsa \$	ation and Hear 7,107,681	r t a ı \$	nd Hypertensi 3,271,699		3,066,524	\$	7,312,856
2015-16	,	7,268,353	•	3,603,124	•	3,763,796	,	7,107,681
Health Insurance)							
2016-17	\$	1,592,400	\$	25,931,153	\$	25,434,388	\$	2,089,165
2015-16		2,210,781		22,297,859		22,916,240		1,592,400

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Pension Trust Fund

The City administers three single-employer, contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) plans to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be a part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. Stand-alone plan reports are not available for these plans. Although the assets of the plans are commingled for investment purposes, each plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Management of the plans rest with the Pension Board, which consists of eleven members: three elected by plan members, six appointed by City Council and the City Treasurer and Personnel Director who both serve as ex-officio members.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Substantially all full-time employees of the City are eligible to participate. Participants in the State Teachers' Retirement System are excluded. The Plans' provisions are as follows:

Provisions	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Benefit	Firefighters and BOE employees receive 2% of average final pay (average of three highest calendar years out of the last ten) multiplied by the years of continuous service in the plan, with a maximum of 60% of salary.	2% of base pay times years of service up to 20 years plus 1.6% of base pay times years of service in excess of 20 and less than 30 years plus 50% of current emoluments.	2.2% of base pay times the years of service up to 30 years plus 50% of emoluments.
	Police and nonBOE City employees receive 2% of average final pay for the first 20 years, plus 2½% of average final pay multiplied by years of service for years 21-32 thereafter, with a maximum of 70% of salary.		
Eligibility requirements	Vested after 10 years of service.	Earlier of 20 years of service or age 65	Earlier of 25 years of service or age 65
Cost of living adjustment	Retirement prior to July 1, 1989: No COLA adjustments. Retirement after July 1, 1989 and prior to July 1, 2000: 3% every other year beginning after the later of 3 years from retirement age or age 65 with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension. Retirement after July 1, 2000: 2% each year beginning after the later of 2 years from retirement date or age 62. For police and firefighters with 25 years of service the COLA begins 1 year from date of retirement with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension.	Retirement prior to January 1, 2003: based on increases to base pay for the rank held at retirement. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (25 or more years of service): 3% of base pay, excluding emoluments. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (between 20-25 years of service): 2% of base pay, excluding emoluments. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (less than 20 years of service): none.	Retirement prior to January 1, 2003: based on increase in base pay for the rank held at retirement. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (with at least 25 years of service): 3% of base pay, excluding emoluments.
Early retirement provisions	City and police employees - 10 years of service and age 55. Firefightersnone.	None.	None.

Provisions	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Contributions	NonBOE City employees 11% of earnings (includes 7% of earnings to pension and 4% of earnings as contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits).	Employee - 8% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings as contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits).	Employee - 8% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings as contributed for post- employment healthcare benefits)
	BOE employees - 8% of earnings (includes 4% of earnings as contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits). Police employees - (hired prior to July 1, 2012) - 10% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 4% of earnings as contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits). Police employees - (hired after July 1, 2012) - 7% of earnings (includes 4.5% of earnings to pension and 2.5% of earnings as contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits). Fire employees - 6% of earnings (includes 4% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits). Employer - remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and	Employer - remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and actuarial studies.	benefits). Employer - remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and actuarial studies.
	(includes 4% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings contributed for post-employment healthcare benefits).		

At July 1, 2016, Plan membership consisted of the following:

	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits	486	145	122
Vested terminated employees	107	1	
Active participants	531	46	47
Total Participants	1,124	192	169

The Employees' Retirement Plan was closed to nonpolice personnel as of July 1, 2011 and to police personnel as of July 1, 2012. The Police and Firefighter's plans were closed to new entrants as of March 18, 2003.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at market value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Administrative Costs

Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

The individual plan net position at June 30, 2017 and changes in net position for the year then ended are as follows:

	Pension Trust Funds				
	Employees'	Police	Firefighters'	Total	
	Retirement	Pension	Pension	Pension	
_	Plan	Fund	Plan	Trust Funds	
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	5,540,612 \$	3,020,436 \$	2,519,935 \$	11,080,983	
	404.000	40.000	4= 400	400 40=	
Accounts receivable	161,693	13,992	17,482	193,167	
Interest receivable	285,406	122,715	92,192	500,313	
	447,099	136,707	109,674	693,480	
Investments, at fair value:					
U.S. treasury bonds	4,298,118	1,460,825	1,139,650	6,898,593	
Corporate bonds	11,635,442	4,985,805	3,889,635	20,510,882	
Equities	73,589,134	30,789,900	24,020,483	128,399,517	
Mutual funds	19,278,952	6,117,013	4,772,137	30,168,102	
Other	24,469,395	12,520,902	9,768,077	46,758,374	
Total investments	133,271,041	55,874,445	43,589,982	232,735,468	
Total assets	139,258,752	59,031,588	46,219,591	244,509,931	
Total assets	139,230,732	39,031,366	40,219,591	244,509,931	
Liabilities:					
Obligations Under Securities Lending					
-	26.402	14 100	14 100	E4 E76	
Other liabilities	26,192	14,192	14,192	54,576	
Net Position:					
Restricted for Pension					
	139,232,560 \$	59,017,396 \$	46 205 300 ¢	244 455 355	
Benefits and Other Purposes \$	139,232,300 \$	φ <u>ου, που</u> φ	46,205,399 \$	244,455,355	

		Pension T	rust Funds	
	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Fund	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions:	Piali	Fund	Pian	Trust runus
Contributions:				
Employer \$	3,316,370	4,464,984	3,054,069 \$	10,835,423
Plan members	2,076,909	198,574	234,116	2,509,59
Total contributions	5,393,279	4,663,558	3,288,185	13,345,02
Investment earnings (losses):				
Net increase (decrease) in				
fair value of investments	10,836,705	4,519,831	3,652,701	19,009,23
Dividends and interest	2,599,109	1,061,781	834,480	4,495,37
Total investment				.,,
earnings (losses)	13,435,814	5,581,612	4,487,181	23,504,60
Less investment expenses:		0,00.,0.2	.,,	_0,00.,00
Investment management fees	685,485	293,355	231,497	1,210,33
Net investment				
earnings (losses)	12,750,329	5,288,257	4,255,684	22,294,27
Total additions	18,143,608	9,951,815	7,543,869	35,639,29
Deductions:				
Benefits	10,171,401	7,395,323	5,954,632	23,521,35
Administration	38,998	38,997	38,998	116,99
Other	536,118	14,103	14,105	564,32
Total deductions	10,746,517	7,448,423	6,007,735	24,202,67
Change in net position	7,397,091	2,503,392	1,536,134	11,436,61
Net Position at Beginning of Year	131,835,469	56,514,004	44,669,265	233,018,73
Net Position at End of Year \$	139,232,560	5 59,017,396	\$ 46,205,399 \$	244,455,35

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of January 10, 2012, reaffirmed January 12, 2016:

Asset Class	Target	_
Equity - domestic Equity - international	45 12	%
Fixed Income	18	
Real Estate	3	
Hedge Funds	4	
Managed Futures	10	
Private Equity	6	
Commodities	0	
Cash	2	_
Total	100	%

Concentrations

Within the City's alternative investments, is an investment in The Campbell Fund. This investment has a fair market value of \$13,318,799 at June 30, 2017 and represents more than 5% of net position in the Employee's Retirement Plan, the Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters' Pension Plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was as follows:

City	9.42%
Police	9.54%
Firefighters'	9.77%

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	_	Employees'	_	Police	_	Firefighters'	_	Total
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$_	191,409,076 139,232,560	\$_	116,265,923 59,017,396	\$_	86,690,405 46,205,399	\$_	394,365,404 244,455,355
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	52,176,516	\$_	57,248,527	\$_	40,485,006	\$_	149,910,049
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total liability	age	72.74	%	50.76	%	53.30	%	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Employees'	Police	Firefighters'
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases	2.75%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7% at age 20 down to 0% at age 60 and beyond, including inflation	2.75%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7% at age 20 down to 0% at age 60 and beyond, including inflation	2.75%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7% at age 20 down to 0% at age 60 and beyond, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Real Rate of Return	_
Equity - domestic	5.8	%
Equity - international	6	
Fixed Income	2.5	
Real Estate	4.3	
Hedge Funds	4.9	
Managed Futures	4.5	
Private Equity	10.7	
Commodities	2.3	
Cash	0.5	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Employee	es'			
		Inc	crease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2016	\$	182,654,326 \$	131,835,469 \$	50,818,857
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		4,197,148		4,197,148
Interest on total pension liability		14,549,089		14,549,089
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,714,155		1,714,155
Changes in assumptions		(1,534,241)		(1,534,241)
Employer contributions		(1,001,-11)	3,316,370	(3,316,370)
Member contributions			2,076,909	(2,076,909)
Net investment income			12,750,329	(12,750,329)
Benefit payments, including refund of employee contributions		(10,171,401)	(10,171,401)	-
Administrative expenses		, , ,	(38,998)	38,998
Other changes			(536,118)	536,118
Net changes		8,754,750	7,397,091	1,357,659
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	191,409,076 \$	139,232,560 \$	52,176,516
Police				
		Inc	crease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Liability
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	
Balances as of July 1, 2016	\$	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Liability
	\$	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2016 Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b) 56,858,218
Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b) 56,858,218 959,988
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b) 56,858,218
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b) 56,858,218 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Liability (a)-(b) 56,858,218 959,988 8,856,455
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426 (4,464,984)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$ 4,464,984 198,574	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426 (4,464,984) (198,574)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$ 4,464,984 198,574 5,288,257	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426 (4,464,984) (198,574)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$ 4,464,984 198,574 5,288,257 (7,395,323)	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426 (4,464,984) (198,574) (5,288,257)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$	Total Pension Liability (a) 113,372,222 \$ 959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) 56,514,004 \$ 4,464,984 198,574 5,288,257 (7,395,323) (38,997)	959,988 8,856,455 (5,236,845) 5,709,426 (4,464,984) (198,574) (5,288,257) 38,997

Firefi	ghters'			
		Inc	crease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2016	\$	86,688,597 \$	44,669,265 \$	42,019,332
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		628,936		628,936
Interest on total pension liability		6,751,800		6,751,800
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,286,413)		(3,286,413)
Changes in assumptions		1,862,117		1,862,117
Employer contributions			3,054,069	(3,054,069)
Member contributions			234,116	(234,116)
Net investment income			4,255,684	(4,255,684)
Benefit payments		(5,954,632)	(5,954,632)	-
Administrative expenses			(38,998)	38,998
Other changes			(14,105)	14,105
Net changes		1,808	1,536,134	(1,534,326)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	86,690,405 \$	46,205,399 \$	40,485,006

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Employees'		O		
	-	1% Decrease (6.75%)	i	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	-	1% Increase (8.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	74,587,972	\$	52,176,516	\$	33,287,694
		Police 1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	-	(6.75%)	•	(7.75%)	-	(8.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,099,140	\$	57,248,527	\$	45,879,237
		Firefighters'		•		
	-	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	-	1% Increase (8.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	50,169,633	\$	40,485,006	\$	32,352,527

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense as follows:

	_	Employees'		Police	 Firefighters'
Pension Expense	\$	10,874,518	\$	7,582,356	\$ 4,839,920

At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

		Employees'			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,402,490	\$	(1,122,530) (1,255,289)	
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments		10,319,456	_		
Total	\$	11,721,946	\$_	(2,377,819)	
		P	olic	e	
	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	1,317,560	\$	(1,208,503)	
actual earning on pension plan investments		4,721,407	_		
Total	\$	6,038,967	\$_	(1,208,503)	

		Firefighters'			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	48,008 1,117,270	\$	(1,971,848)	
actual earning on pension plan investments	-	3,696,966	_		
Total	\$	4,862,244	\$_	(1,971,848)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Employees'	Police	Firefighters'
Year Ending June 30,	_			
2018	\$	3,966,902	2,029,971	995,033
2019	Ψ	3,966,902	1,920,914	1,231,883
2020		1,976,020	1,054,856	821,248
2021		(582,051)	(175,277)	(157,768)
2022		16,354		

B. Pension Plan - Money Purchase Pension Plan

The City is the administrator of the money purchase pension plan, a single employer, defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan covers substantially all City employees hired after July 1, 2011. The plan was amended effective July 1, 2012 to reflect changes applicable to newly hired police officers. Contributions are established and amended by the approval of the City Council. The plan is intended to be a governmental plan, as defined in Section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Summary Plan Description

Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2011 (i) who is not eligible to participate in any defined benefit plan maintained or contributed to by the City, (ii) is not eligible to participate in the State Teacher's Retirement System during the time such individual is an employee, or (iii) is not employed pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement with the Police or Fire departments unless such collective bargaining agreement provides for participation in this plan. Any employee of the Board of Education hired prior to July 1, 2011 who was not eligible to participate in any defined benefit plan maintained by the City shall be eligible to participate in this plan. Normal retirement will be on the member's sixty-fifth (65th) birthday. A police officer or a firefighter who attains age 65 shall be retired automatically by the City, effective the first day of the month following his 65th birthday. A City employee will be fully vested after 10 years of service. The vesting percentage will be an accumulating 20% per year for years 6-10. Any nonvested City contributions and related interest thereon of employees who leave employment are reserved in a forfeiture account to offset future City contributions. Plan provisions and the authority to amend the provisions are established by City ordinance.

Employee Obligations

All participating members shall make a mandatory contribution in the amount of 5% of the member's compensation and the City will reduce the member's compensation otherwise payable currently by that percentage, credit the amount to the Employee Contribution Account on behalf of the member and contribute such amount to the Funding Vehicle. With respect to employees other than employees of the Board of Education, effective the first pay period following the date the member has been credited with 10 years of service, the amount of such employee contributions shall increase to 6% of the member's compensation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each member who is a police officer hired on or after July 1, 2012 shall make a mandatory contribution in the amount of 10% of the member's non-base pay, including private duty compensation.

Employer Obligations

The City shall make a contribution in an amount equal to 5% of the member's compensation. With respect to employees other than employees of the Board of Education, effective the first pay period following the date the member has been credited with 10 years of service, the amount of such City contributions shall increase to 6% of the member's compensation. City contributions shall be allocated as of the last day of each week to a member's City Contribution Account, provided that the member is employed on such date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City shall make a contribution on behalf of police officers hired on or after July 1, 2012 of 3% of the member's non-base pay, but excluding private duty pay. The amount of City contributions at any time shall be reduced by the amount of forfeitures available at that time to be allocated to the member's City Contribution Account. Employer contributions are calculated and paid each pay period.

Contribution Requirements/Contributions Made

The total City contribution during the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$452,905 and represented 5% of covered payroll. The employees' required contributions were \$513,761 and represented 6% of covered payroll.

C. Teachers Retirement

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	193,009,397
Total	\$ 193,009,397

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$21,048,368 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.0%	7.3%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	7.5%
Emerging markets (Non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.6%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.7%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.3%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	4.8%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.7%
Real estate	7.0%	5.9%
Private equity	11.0%	10.9%
Alternative investments	8.0%	0.7%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.4.%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN - CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Postemployment Healthcare Plan (PHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Plan.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Description

The PHP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The PHP provides medical, dental and prescription benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. City employees hired prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the various unions representing the employees.

The plan is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial report as various pension trust funds. A portion of the employees' pension contributions is required to be recognized in these healthcare plan pension funds: the Employees Healthcare Plan, the Police Healthcare Plan and the Firefighters' Healthcare Plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Management of the post employment benefits plan, including policy oversight, rests is vested with the Pension Board. Town Manager and Director of Finance. Policy oversight is provided by the OPEB Committee, which Pension Board consists of eleven members: five who specialize in the employee benefits field, two from the Town Council, two from the Board of Education and two alternate members. three elected by plan members, six appointed by City Council, and the City Treasurer and Personnel Director who both serve as ex-officio members.

At July 1, 2016, plan membership consisted of the following:

	City			Board of E		
	Police	Fire	Other	Teachers	Other	Total
Active employees Retired employees*	97 58	99 63	269 201	696 58	208 104	1,369 484
Total Participants	155	162	470	754	312	1,853

^{*} Counts do not include spouses of retirees

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits also are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

City	4.00% of salary
Non-Teacher BOE	4.00% of salary
Police (in City Plan) hired prior to July 1, 2012	4.00% of salary
Police (in Police Plan)	2.50% of salary
Fire	2.00% of salary
Teachers	2.00% of salary

For the year ended June 30, 2017, plan members contributed \$4,176,632. The City is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the City in order to prefund benefits.

Employer contributions to the plan were \$4,569,770 which represents 59.13% of the actuarially determined annual required contribution.

The individual plan net position at June 30, 2017 and changes in net position for the year then ended are as follows:

			0	PEB Trust Fur	nds			
City		Firefighters'	BOE	BOE	Employees'	Police	Firefighters'	Total
OPEB	OPEB	OPEB	Noncertified	Certified	Healthcare		Healthcare	OPEB
Fund	Fund	Fund	OPEB Plan	OPEB Fund	Plan	Plan	Plan	Trust Funds
\$ <u>1,148,672</u> \$	(84,828) \$	(114,972)\$	108,928 \$	202,696 \$	\$;	\$\$	1,260,496
					101,407	6,360	5,827	113,594
								2,017
612	393	337	236	439	101,407	6,360	5,827	115,611
								27,866,599
								3,387,023
9,482,996	6,089,557	5,220,541	3,656,453	6,804,075				31,253,622
10,632,280	6,005,122	5,105,906	3,765,617	7,007,210	101,407	6,360	5,827	32,629,729
521	451	343	337	348				2,000
					101,407	6,360	5,827	113,594
521	451	343	337	348	101,407	6,360	5,827	115,594
\$ <u>10,631,759</u> \$	6,004,671 \$	<u>5,105,563</u> \$	3,765,280 \$	7,006,862 \$	\$		\$\$	32,514,135
	OPÉB Fund \$ 1,148,672 \$ 612 612 8,455,303 1,027,693 9,482,996 10,632,280 521	OPÉB Fund OPEB Fund \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828) \$ 612 393 612 393 8,455,303 5,429,618 1,027,693 659,939 9,482,996 6,089,557 10,632,280 6,005,122 521 451 521 451	OPEB Fund OPEB Fund OPEB Fund \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 612 393 337 612 393 337 8,455,303 5,429,618 4,654,779 1,027,693 659,939 565,762 9,482,996 6,089,557 5,220,541 10,632,280 6,005,122 5,105,906 521 451 343 521 451 343	City OPEB Fund Police OPEB Fund Firefighters' OPEB Fund BOE Noncertified OPEB Plan \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 108,928 612 393 337 236 612 393 337 236 8,455,303 5,429,618 4,654,779 3,260,196 1,027,693 659,939 565,762 396,257 9,482,996 6,089,557 5,220,541 3,656,453 10,632,280 6,005,122 5,105,906 3,765,617 521 451 343 337 521 451 343 337	City OPEB Fund Police OPEB Fund Firefighters' OPEB Fund BOE OPEB Pund BOE Certified OPEB Pund \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 108,928 \$ 202,696 \$ 612 393 337 236 439 612 393 337 236 439 8,455,303 5,429,618 4,654,779 3,260,196 6,066,703 1,027,693 659,939 565,762 396,257 737,372 9,482,996 6,089,557 5,220,541 3,656,453 6,804,075 10,632,280 6,005,122 5,105,906 3,765,617 7,007,210 521 451 343 337 348 521 451 343 337 348	OPEB Fund OPEB Fund OPEB Fund Noncertified OPEB Plan Certified OPEB Fund Healthcare Plan \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 108,928 \$ 202,696 \$ 612 393 337 236 439 612 393 337 236 439 101,407 8,455,303 5,429,618 4,654,779 3,260,196 6,066,703 1,027,693 659,939 565,762 396,257 737,372 9,482,996 6,089,557 5,220,541 3,656,453 6,804,075 10,632,280 6,005,122 5,105,906 3,765,617 7,007,210 101,407 521 451 343 337 348 101,407	City OPEB Fund Police OPEB Fund Firefighters' OPEB Fund BOE OPEB Fund BOE Certified OPEB Fund Employees' Healthcare Plan Police Healthcare Plan \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 108,928 202,696 \$ \$ 612 393 337 236 439 101,407 6,360 8,455,303 5,429,618 4,654,779 3,260,196 6,066,703 1,027,693 659,939 565,762 396,257 737,372 9,482,996 6,089,557 5,220,541 3,656,453 6,804,075 101,407 6,360 521 451 343 337 348 101,407 6,360 521 451 343 337 348 101,407 6,360	City OPEB Fund Police OPEB Fund Firefighters' OPEB Fund BOE OPEB Fund Employees' Plan Police Healthcare Plan Firefighters' Healthcare Plan \$ 1,148,672 \$ (84,828)\$ (114,972)\$ 108,928 \$ 202,696 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

		OPEB Trust Funds							
	City OPEB Fund	Police OPEB Fund	Firefighters' OPEB Fund	BOE Noncertified OPEB Plan	BOE Certified OPEB Fund	Employees' Healthcare Plan	Police Healthcare Plan	Firefighters' Healthcare Plan	Total OPEB Trust Funds
Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members Total contributions	\$ 1,184,316 682,143 1,866,459	\$ 573,539 647,441 1,220,980	\$ 524,430 347,229 871,659	\$ 799,194 \$ 219,554	\$ 919,464 \$ 833,488	1,278,477 1,278,477	282,158 90,261 372,419	\$ 286,669 \$ 78,039 364,708	4,569,770 4,176,632 8,746,402
Investment earnings: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Dividends and interest Total investment earnings	880,460 184,812 1,065,272	565,392 118,678 684,070	484,708 101,742 586,450	339,488 71,260 410,748	631,733 132,603 764,336	65,710 15,546 81,256			2,967,491 624,641 3,592,132
Total additions	2,931,731	1,905,050	1,458,109	1,429,496	2,517,288	1,359,733	372,419	364,708	12,338,534
Deductions: Benefits Administration Other Total deductions	147,345 79,648 30,437 257,430	899,841 78,711 31,752 1,010,304	654,170 50,256 28,828 733,254	674,548 57,567 340 732,455	1,104,227 115,346 349 1,219,922	2,457,572 4,107 2,461,679	372,419	364,708	6,674,830 385,635 91,706 7,152,171
Change in net assets	2,674,301	894,746	724,855	697,041	1,297,366	(1,101,946)	_	-	5,186,363
Net Position at Beginning of Year	7,957,458	5,109,925	4,380,708	3,068,239	5,709,496	1,101,946			27,327,772
Net Position at End of Year	\$ <u>10,631,759</u>	\$ <u>6,004,671</u>	\$ <u>5,105,563</u>	\$ 3,765,280	7,006,862	s <u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	32,514,135

Investments

Investment Policy

OPEB Benefits Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Pension Board's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 12.15 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested

Receivables

The OPEB Plan recognized receivables in the amount of \$113,594 which represent employee contributions that were in transit during the fiscal year end.

Net OPEB Liability of the Town

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans* (OPEB). This Statement requires the net OPEB liability to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 85,768,002 32,514,135
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 53,253,867
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.91%

The City's net OPEB liability will be required to be recorded on the government-wide financial statement of net position at June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 5.0%, average, including inflation 7.75%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.25% for 2016, decreasing 0.5% per year to

an ultimate rate of 4.75% for 2023 and later

years

Mortality for the City and BOE is based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016. For Police and Fire, it is based RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 - July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected	
Equity - Domestic	45	%	5.75	%
Equity - International	12		6.00	
Fixed Income	18		2.50	
Real Estate	3		4.25	
Hedge Funds	4		4.90	
Managed Futures	10		4.50	
Private Equity	6		10.70	
Commodities	-		2.30	
Cash	2		0.50	
Total	100	%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.75% (prior 8.0%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current discount rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	64,687,895 \$	53,253,867	43,738,614

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.25% decreasing to 3.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare cost	
	(-	1% Decrease 7.25% decreasing to 3.75%)	Trend Rates (8.25% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (9.25% decreasing to 5.75%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	41,951,082 \$	53,253,867	\$ 67,177,291

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement Number 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

	_	Retiree Health Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	7,728,391 3,797,713 (3,904,411)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	_	7,621,693 4,569,770
Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	_	3,051,923 47,471,412
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$_	50,523,335

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is presented below.

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2017	\$ 7,621,693 \$ 7,413,486 7,583,791	4,569,770	61.45 % \$	50,523,335
6/30/2016		4,683,520	63.18	47,471,412
6/30/2015		6,215,192	81.95	44,741,446

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Value of Projected		Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
Postemployment Healthcare Plan									
7/1/2016 \$	26,225,826	\$	80,060,837	\$	53,835,011	32.8 % \$	99,427,684	54.1 %	
7/1/2014	20,830,636		89,516,332		68,685,696	23.3	95,450,755	72.0	
7/1/2012	10,416,198		80,957,206		70,541,008	12.9	95,772,885	73.7	

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.75% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual medical/dental cost trend rate is 8.25% for 2016, decreasing 0.5% per year, to an ultimate rate of 4.75% for 2023 and later. The annual dental cost trend rate is 5%. The general inflation assumption is 2.75%. Projected salary increases were not a factor in the calculation. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level payments method on an open basis over a period of 30 years.

12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingent Liabilities

The City has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The City may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2017. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project		Commitment
Platt School Addition and Replacement	\$	7,015,249
Public Safety Improvements/Equipment		348,748
City Building Repair/Upgrade		429,140
Water Treatment Plant Upgrade		51,287
Meriden Green Renovation		65,219
School Roof Replacement		309,765
Citywide Drainage		11,405
Citywide Road/Sidewalk Reconstruction		1,510,038
City Parks Upgrades		43,744
Landfill		86,866
Maloney School Addition and Replacement		2,276,315
Flood Control		250,769
Bridges		211,871
WPCF - Facility/Collection Improvements		1,591,512
Upgrade/Replace Pump Stations		210,663
Vehicles	_	941,805
	\$_	15,354,396

The commitments are being financed with bonds, bond anticipation notes and state and federal grants.

13. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2017, the City provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- Distressed Municipality
- Commercial/Residential Property Incentive
- East Main Street Incentive Zone
- Enterprise Zone

Program	Distressed Municipality	Commercial/Residential Property Incentive	East Main Street Incentive Zone	Enterprise Zone		
Purpose	To incentivize investment in manufacturing	To provide affordable housing	Encourage private investment in underutilized and vacant properties, increase traffic to existing businesses along East Main Street and improve the economic vitality of Meriden's east side	Promote economic activity in state- designated Enterprise Zone		
Tax being abated	Real Property, Personal Property	Real Property	Real Property and Manufacturing Machinery and Equipment	Real Property, Personal Property		
Authority under which agreements are entered into	C.G.S. Sec 12-81, Sec 32-9	C.G.S. Sec. 8-215	C.G.S. Sec 12-65(b) City of Meriden Resolution	Real Estate improvement abatements, City Code Sec. Ch 19-1. Personal Property City Code Sec. 19-5		
Eligibility criteria for tax abatement	30% of new employees must be residends of the Enterprise Zone or residents of the municipality in which the plant is located and eligible under the Workforce Investment	Develop a building	Improvements subject to various thresholds in various categories such as office use, retail use, manufacturing use etc. for property located in certain sections of Meriden	Improvements to property located in a state-designated Enterprise Zone		
How recipient's tax are reduced	credit against taxes	credit against taxes	credit against taxes	credit against taxes		
How the tax abatement is determined	5-year 80% abatement of local property taxes on all qualifying real and personal property	15-year or 17-year 80% abatement of real property taxes	100% of the tax in the various categories	Real Property 7 years. New personal property equipment. Exemption is: Year 1 and 2 - 100%, Year 3 - 50%		

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The following restatements were made to beginning net position of the Business-Type Activities as well as the Water Fund to recognize the existence of a Drinking Water State Revolving Fund note payable. The funds were received by the City in the prior year, but were recorded as intergovernmental revenue, as opposed to a note payable.

The following restatements were also made to the beginning net position of governmental activities as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, within the proprietary funds (Water, Sewer and the George Hunter Memorial Golf Course) as well as the Business-Type Activities. This restatement also impacts the Governmental Activities as the effects of GASB Statement No. 68 were previously recorded there.

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Water	Sewer	_	George Hunter Memorial Golf Course	
Net Position as previously reported at June 30, 2016	\$	99,957,710	\$	90,640,429 \$	40,821,891 \$	50,255,235	\$	(436,697)	
Adjustment: To record Drinking Water State Revolving Fund note payable which was recognized as intergovernmental revenue in the prior year.				(1,109,662)	(1,109,662)				
To record the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to pension within the Proprietary Funds. Amounts recorded entirely within governmental activities in the prior year.	_	4,446,662		(4,446,662)	(2,824,295)	(1,157,837)		(464,530)	
Net Position as Restated as of July 1, 2016		104,404,372		85,084,105	36,887,934	49,097,398		(901,227)	

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CITY LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2017	_	2016	-	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	4,197,148	\$	4,323,062	\$	4,197,148	\$	4,260,041
Interest	•	14,549,089	•	13,890,604	•	13,383,258	•	12,718,166
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,714,155				(2,112,998)		
Changes of assumptions		(1,534,241)				,		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(10,171,401)		(9,553,855)		(8,960,559)		(8,256,310)
Net change in total pension liability	_	8,754,750	-	8,659,811	-	6,506,849	_	8,721,897
Total pension liability - beginning		182,654,326		173,994,515		167,487,666		158,765,769
Total pension liability - ending		191,409,076	_	182,654,326		173,994,515	_	167,487,666
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer		3,316,370		3,264,731		2,307,742		2,316,905
Contributions - member		2.076.909		2.086.049		2.099.957		2.096.283
Net investment income		12.750.329		(2,815,325)		1,307,142		18,083,974
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(10,171,401)		(9,553,855)		(8,960,559)		(8,256,310)
Administrative expense		(38,998)		(30,816)		(29,710)		(29,362)
Other		(536,118)		(510,786)		(231,874)		(308,727)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	7,397,091	-	(7,560,002)	-	(3,507,302)	_	13,902,763
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		131,835,469		139,395,471		142,902,773		129,000,010
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		139,232,560	-	131,835,469		139,395,471		142,902,773
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	52,176,516	\$	50,818,857	\$	34,599,044	\$_	24,584,893
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension								
liability		72.74%		72.18%		80.11%		85.32%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	35,780,810	\$	39,460,000	\$	38,311,000	\$	41,094,000
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		145.82%		128.79%		90.31%		59.83%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE

LAST	FOUR	FISCAL	YEARS*
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	-	2017	-	2016	-	2015		2014
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	959,988	\$	988,788	\$	959,988	\$	1,078,300
Interest	•	8,856,455	•	8,676,168	•	8,483,287	•	8,304,594
Differences between expected and actual experience		(5,236,845)				194,089		
Changes of assumptions		5,709,426						
Benefit payments		(7,395,323)		(7,370,307)		(7,144,344)		(6,921,764)
Net change in total pension liability	_	2,893,701	_	2,294,649	-	2,493,020		2,461,130
Total pension liability - beginning		113,372,222		111,077,573		108,584,553		106,123,423
Total pension liability - ending	_	116,265,923	-	113,372,222	-	111,077,573		108,584,553
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Contributions - employer		4,464,984		4,441,422		4,227,288		4,201,553
Contributions - member		198,574		332,597		331,956		359,530
Net investment income		5,288,257		(1,409,597)		575,432		8,188,947
Benefit payments		(7,395,323)		(7,370,307)		(7,144,344)		(6,921,764)
Administrative expense		(38,997)		(30,815)		(29,710)		(29,361)
Other		(14,103)		(2,050)		(7,771)		(2,171)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	2,503,392	_	(4,038,750)	-	(2,047,149)		5,796,734
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		56,514,004		60,552,754		62,599,903		56,803,169
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	59,017,396	-	56,514,004	-	60,552,754		62,599,903
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	57,248,527	\$_	56,858,218	\$_	50,524,819	\$	45,984,650
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		50.76%		49.85%		54.51%		57.65%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,915,359	\$	3,904,000	\$	3,790,000	\$	4,302,000
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1462.15%		1456.41%		1333.11%		1068.91%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	2016	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$	628,936 \$	647,804 \$	628.936	\$	769,596
Interest	•	6,751,800	6,647,913	6,501,155	•	6,385,020
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,286,413)		528,080		
Changes of assumptions		1,862,117		•		
Benefit payments		(5,954,632)	(6,001,021)	(5,690,074)		(5,439,284)
Net change in total pension liability	_	1,808	1,294,696	1,968,097		1,715,332
Total pension liability - beginning	_	86,688,597	85,393,901	83,425,804		81,710,472
Total pension liability - ending		86,690,405	86,688,597	85,393,901		83,425,804
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer		3,054,069	3,040,690	2,823,649		2,808,242
Contributions - member		234.116	324.312	337.587		360.575
Net investment income		4,255,684	(1,122,881)	467,255		6,653,019
Benefit payments		(5,954,632)	(6,001,021)	(5,690,074)		(5,439,284)
Administrative expense		(38,998)	(30,815)	(29,710)		(29,361)
Other		(14,105)	(2,050)	(7,771)		(1,002)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	1,536,134	(3,791,765)	(2,099,064)		4,352,189
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	44,669,265	48,461,030	50,560,094		46,207,905
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	46,205,399	44,669,265	48,461,030		50,560,094
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	40,485,006 \$	42,019,332 \$	36,932,871	\$_	32,865,710
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.30%	51.53%	56.75%		60.60%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,831,328 \$	3,533,000 \$	3,430,000	\$	3,554,000
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1056.68%	1189.34%	1076.76%		924.75%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS CITY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2017	_	2016	2015	 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined employer contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	3,284,920 3,316,370	\$_	3,218,884 \$ 3,264,731	2,307,742 2,307,742	\$ 2,302,606 \$ 2,316,905	2,038,150 \$ 2,056,897	1,898,009 \$ 1,906,102	479,981 \$ 489,450	354,382 \$ 362,432	764,137 \$ 764,137	649,414 659,542
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(31,450)	\$_	(45,847) \$	_	\$ (14,299) \$	(18,747) \$	(8,093) \$	(9,469) \$	(8,050) \$	\$	(10,128)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	35,780,810	\$	39,460,000 \$	38,311,000	\$ 41,094,000 \$	39,897,000 \$	38,734,928 \$	34,128,961 \$	34,128,961 \$	31,405,160 \$	31,405,160
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.27%		8.27%	6.02%	5.64%	5.16%	4.92%	1.43%	1.06%	2.43%	2.10%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2016 Measurement date: June 30, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 2.75%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7% at age 20 down to 0% at age 60 and beyond

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense

Retirement age

- Later of 10 years of service and age 65

- Any combination of years of service and age equaling 80, with a minimum of 10 years of service

21 years

- Completion of 25 years of service

-Any combination of years of service and age equaling 80, with a minimum of 10 years of service

-Age 65 Firefighters:

- Completion of 25 years of service

- Age 65

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	_	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined employer contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	4,464,984 4,464,984	\$	4,441,422 4,441,422	\$_	4,227,288 \$ 4,227,288	4,201,533 \$ 4,201,553	4,066,540 \$ 4,066,540	4,028,938 \$ 4,028,938	3,683,113 3,683,113	\$	3,646,850 \$ 3,646,850	3,556,861 \$ 3,556,861	3,509,801 3,509,592
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	<u> </u>	(20) \$	_ \$	\$		\$_	\$_	<u> </u>	209
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,915,359	\$	3,904,000	\$	3,790,000 \$	4,302,000 \$	4,382,000 \$	4,462,636 \$	5,027,254	\$	5,027,254 \$	5,030,979 \$	5,030,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		114.04%		113.77%		111.54%	97.67%	92.80%	90.28%	73.26%		72.54%	70.70%	69.76%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2016 Measurement date: June 30, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 2.75%

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense

Retirement age Earlier of:

- 20 years of service

- Age 65 and 10 years of service

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2017	_	2016	_	2015	2014	_	2013	2012		2011		2010	2009	_	2008
Actuarially determined employer contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,054,069 3,054,069	\$	3,040,690 3,040,690	\$_	2,823,649 \$ 2,823,649	2,808,242 2,808,242		2,643,414 \$ 2,643,414	2,620,90 2,620,90		2,441,615 2,441,615		2,419,234 \$ 2,419,234	2,464,361 2,464,361	\$	2,435,594 2,435,400
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$_		\$_	\$	<u> </u>	\$_	\$	S	_ \$	\$	<u></u>	\$	-	\$_	194
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,831,328	\$	3,533,000	\$	3,430,000 \$	3,554,000	\$	3,902,000 \$	4,349,94	3 \$	4,800,571 \$	6 4	,800,571 \$	4,696,251	\$	4,696,251
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		79.71%		86.07%		82.32%	79.02%		67.75%	60.25	%	50.86%		50.39%	52.48%		51.86%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2016 Measurement date: June 30, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 2.75%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7% at age 20 down to 0% at age 60 and beyond

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense

Retirement age Earlier of:

- 25 years of service

- Age 65

Mortality RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS CITY LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

<u>-</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.42%	(2.42%)	0.76%	13.97%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.54%	(2.38%)	0.92%	14.68%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.77%	(2.38%)	0.93%	14.72%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	-	2016		2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	-	193,009,397	-	149,024,816	-	137,743,578
Total	\$	193,009,397	\$	149,024,816	\$	137,743,578
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	32,979,226	\$	53,762,278	\$	52,602,518
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.26%		59.50%		61.51%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions None

During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-

year period ended June 30, 2015.

During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percent of salary, closed

Remaining amortization period

20.4 years

Asset valuation method

4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return

8.50%, net of investment related expense

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FISCAL YEAR*

	_	2017
Total ODER liability		
Total OPEB liability:	Φ.	0.407.007
Service cost	\$	2,137,397
Interest		6,267,766
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,724,320
Benefit payments	_	(4,422,318)
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,707,165
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	80,060,837
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	85,768,002
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		4,569,770
Contributions - member		1,446,777
Net investment income (loss)		3,592,134
Benefit payments		(4,422,318)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	5,186,363
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		27,327,772
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	32,514,135
The second secon	_	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	53,253,867
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		37.91%
That haddary not pooled as a percentage of the total of 25 hadding		07.0170
Covered-employee payroll		102,161,945
Services simple jee payron		. 52, 151,516
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		52.13%
		32370

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2008	_	2009	_	2010	 2011	-	2012		2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016		2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	16,701,796	\$	10,698,778	\$	10,871,305	\$ 11,043,833	\$	11,081,681	\$	7,694,428	\$	7,725,338	\$	7,680,809	\$	7,513,565 \$		7,728,391
determined contribution	_	5,150,662		3,516,897	_	3,218,187	 3,351,825	-	5,613,907	_	5,726,019	_	5,483,979	_	6,215,192	_	4,683,520		4,569,770
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	11,551,134	\$_	7,181,881	\$_	7,653,118	\$ 7,692,008	\$	5,467,774	\$	1,968,409	\$	2,241,359	\$_	1,465,617	\$_	2,830,045 \$		3,158,621
Covered-employee payroll	\$	105,582,188	\$	105,582,188	\$	94,310,588	\$ 94,310,588	\$	95,772,885	\$	95,772,885	\$	95,450,755	\$	95,450,755	\$	99,427,684 \$	10	02,161,945
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.88%		3.33%		3.41%	3.55%		5.86%		5.98%		5.75%		6.51%		4.71%		4.47%

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.25% initial, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.75%

Salary increases 5.0%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age
In the 2016 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of general employees were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience
Mortality
City and BOE Retirements: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.
Police and Fire Retirements: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB LAST FISCAL YEAR*

2017

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

12.15%

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund

Statements

and

Schedules

General Fund

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It accounts for all activities in relation to the normal recurring operations of the City. These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

There are also funds that do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund in accordance with GASB 54, which are combined with the General Fund. Schedule A-1 applies only to the General Fund.

Foreclosure Fund - To account for expenditures and costs recovered related to collections on foreclosed properties.

Insurance Reserve Fund - To account for unexpected insurance claim funds.

Tree Preservation Fund - To account for funds collected and designated for tree preservation.

Downtown Property Management - To account for management of City-owned property in the downtown area.

Vehicle Replacement Fund - To account for vehicle purchases.

-	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes:				
Property Taxes Current Year \$	116,642,260 \$	118,221,597	\$ 119,170,620 \$	949,023
Property Taxes Prior Years	2,350,000	2,350,000	2,120,647	(229,353)
Property Taxes MV Supplement	1,197,160	1,551,911	1,602,417	50,506
Property Taxes Suspense	1,250	1,250		(1,250)
Tax Collector Interest	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,154,938	(95,062)
Tax Collector Lien Fees	23,500	23,500	22,165	(1,335)
Total property taxes	121,464,170	123,398,258	124,070,787	672,529
Intergovernmental:				
E911 Quarterly	12,225	12,225	12,179	(46)
Transportation Non-Public Schools	174,348			-
State Education ECS Grant	53,479,711	53,479,649	53,687,450	207,801
Transportation Public Schools	453,573			-
Special Education	1,200,000	1,200,000	793,989	(406,011)
Select Pilot Account	259,564			-
State Property Pilot	193,862	192,354	192,354	-
Pa 217A Private Schools	31,603	31,603	32,056	453
State Pilot Hospitals & Colleges	1,185,011	1,175,795	1,175,795	-
Town Aid To Roads	666,851	666,851	665,434	(1,417)
State Pequot / Mohegan Grant	867,785	865,535	865,535	-
Reimbursed Exemptions	532,517	532,517	537,036	4,519
Transit District	239,000	239,000	272,158	33,158
MRSA Payments	946,706	1,563,650	1,563,650	-
Telecommunications Personal Property	288,122	288,122	282,469	(5,653)
Miscellaneous State Grants			17,468	17,468
Municipal Fund Revenue Sharing Grant	893,641	893,641	893,641	-
Total intergovernmental	61,424,519	61,140,942	60,991,214	(149,728)
Charges for services:				
Motor Vehicle Mill Rate Cap	1,245,477			-
Police Parking Tag Fund	47,375	47,375	46,130	(1,245)
Licenses & Permits	43,200	43,200	30,932	(12,268)
Parking Commission Revenue	130,000	181,360	181,899	539
Fines Lost & Damaged Books	13,525	13,525	11,485	(2,040)
Salary - Administrative Charges	83,000	83,000	79,179	(3,821)
Alarm Fees	1,000	1,000	22,725	21,725
Building Department Fees	875,000	875,000	753,311	(121,689)
Anti-Blight Fines	10,000	10,000		(10,000)
City Clerk Fees	1,350,000	1,350,000	1,178,602	(171,398)
Health Licenses & Fees	80,000	80,000	81,091	1,091
Recreation Fees	6,250	6,250	6,680	430
Park Concession Leases	8,250	8,250	3,425	(4,825)
Cost Allocation Enterprise Funds	2,023,921	2,023,921	2,023,921	
Bulky Waste Fees	38,700	38,700	54,100	15,400
Circuit Court Rent & Fees	129,252	77,892	77,892	-
Hispanos Unidos, Inc. Rental	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Aviation Rent & Fees	82,865	82,865	113,624	30,759
Aviation - Land Use Rent	0.450.045	4.007.000	3,127	3,127
Total charges for services	6,172,815	4,927,338	4,673,123	(254,215)
Investment income:				
Income From Investment - General	375,000	375,000	133,736	(241,264)
Interest - Coe Estate	8,380	8,380	15,877	7,497
Total investment income	383,380	383,380	149,613	(233,767)

		d Am			Variance with Final Budget - Positive			
		Original	_	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Miscellaneous revenues:								
Tax Collector Fees	\$	550	\$	550	\$	533	\$	(17)
Billboard Rental		76,500		76,500		79,500		3,000
Tax Collector DMV Fees		75,900		75,900		76,036		136
Aviation - Fuel Sales		336,375		336,375		321,660		(14,715)
Aviation - Ramp Fees						241		241
Other Revenue		41,789		91,506		3,318		(88,188)
Sale Of Surplus Property		40,000		40,000		57,456		17,456
Misc. Revenue - Rental Income		17,820		17,820		18,020		200
Misc. Revenue - Police		47,600		47,600		37,887		(9,713)
Misc. Revenue - Engineering		18,700		18,700		27,878		9,178
Misc. Revenue - Planning		13,850		13,850		15,297		1,447
Misc. Revenue - Assessment & Collection		1,300		1,300		1,944		644
Misc. Revenue - Fire		1,600		1,600				(1,600)
Misc. Revenue - Recycling		15,300		24,300		11,160		(13,140)
Misc. Revenue - Thomas Edison		31,850		31,850		36,444		4,594
Misc. Revenue - Personnel						33		33
Misc. Revenue - Aircraft Registration		2,590		2,590		2,860		270
Principal Revenue - Irrigation Loan		43,574		43,574		54,069		10,495
Interest Revenue - Irrigation Loan		41,252		41,252		40,254		(998)
Misc. Revenue - Recycling		9,000				2,855		2,855
Bank Of America Pcard Rebates		20,000		20,000		27,995		7,995
Total miscellaneous revenues		835,550	_	885,267	_	815,440	-	(69,827)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers In - Fund 122		41,363		41,363		41,363		-
Transfers In - Bond Fund - Project Closures		•		135,000		135,000		-
Transfers In - Health Fund		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Transfers In - Bond Fund - Interest recapture		150,000		150,000		307,682		157,682
Total other financing sources		391,363	_	526,363	_	684,045		157,682
Total revenues and other financing sources		190,671,797		191,261,548		191,384,222		122,674

		Budgeted An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Contingency	\$	500,000 \$	\$		i	
City council:						
Salary - Elected Officials		68,388	71,111	71,111	-	
Salary - Salary - Administrative		46,968	48,340	48,339	1	
Salary - MME		66,556	73,894	73,893	1	
Council Of Governments		16,300	16,300	16,300	-	
Office Expenses & Supplies		23,400	28,673	28,673	-	
Meetings & Memberships		4,500	2,460	2,460	-	
Total city council	_	226,112	240,778	240,776	2	
City manager:						
Salary - Administrative		333,311	474,075	474,074	1	
Salary - MME		90,925	92,870	92,869	1	
Deferred Compensation		12,500	9,235	9,235	· -	
Vehicle Maintenance		3,600	3,850	3,850	_	
Management Non Union		50,000	0,000	0,000	_	
Recruitment		,	12,154	12,153	1	
Office Expenses & Supplies		29,000	10,284	10,284	-	
Meetings & Memberships		44,800	45,259	45,258	1	
Total city manager	<u> </u>	564,136	647,727	647,723	4	
Legal:						
Salary - Seasonal Workers			1,705	1,704	1	
Salary - Seasonal Workers Salary - Administrative		257,231	263,724	263,724	!	
Overtime		201,201	13	13	_	
Salary - MME		133,111	136,000	135,999	1	
Salary - Supervisors		93,621	51,377	51,376	1	
Safety & Risk Claims		10,000	7,337	7,337	<u>'</u>	
Legal Fees & Deductibles		325,000	597,643	597,643	_	
Assessment Appeals Fees		30,000	24,600	24,600	_	
Office Expenses & Supplies		29,000	21,728	21,728	_	
Meetings & Memberships		4,500	2,203	2,203	_	
Total legal	_	882,463	1,106,330	1,106,327	3	
Darsannal						
Personnel: Salary - Seasonal Workers		5,500	10,384	10,383	1	
Salary - Administrative		176,017	241,645	241,645		
Overtime		170,017	1,669	1,668	1	
Salary - MME		55,918	57,100	57,100	-	
EAP Services		4,964	4,552	4,551	1	
Fees		2,000	4,550	4,550	-	
Training		,	40	40	_	
Tuition Reimbursement		11,000	18,038	18,038	_	
Alcohol/Drug Testing		7,500	8,290	8,289	1	
Office Expenses & Supplies		8,500	9,073	9,072	1	
Meetings & Memberships		4,000	1,776	1,776	-	
Total personnel		275,399	357,117	357,112	5	
City clerk:						
Salary - Elected Officials		73,197	73,281	73,281	_	
Overtime		5,000	2,375	2,375		
Salary - MME		238,832	235,457	235,456	1	
Land Records		45,000	39,749	39,748	1	
Vital Statistics		2,500	2,293	2,293	· -	
Office Expenses & Supplies		15,000	14,819	14,818	1	
Elections		4,000	4,565	4,565	-	
Meetings & Memberships		3,300	1,740	1,739	1	
Total city clerk		386,829	374,279	374,275	4	
				5,2.0		

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	_	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Aviation:						
Salary - Seasonal Workers	\$	66,453	\$	33,442 \$	33,441 \$	1
Overtime				68	67	1
Salary - Supervisors				26,600	26,599	1
Other Purchased Services		1,500		1,480	1,480	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		4,200		6,457	6,457	-
Aviation Maintenance		77,500		67,609	67,609	-
Operating Costs				91	91	-
Fuel Costs		292,500		260,437	260,436	1
Banking Services				7	6	1
Total aviation		442,153	_	396,191	396,186	5
Elections:						
Salary - Elected Officials		57,071		59,531	59,531	-
Salary - Seasonal Workers				3,776	3,776	-
Salary - Other Non-Union		36,619		53,382	53,382	-
Primaries		35,000		12,481	12,481	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		12,500		17,640	17,640	-
Elections		80,000		64,561	64,560	1
Meetings & Memberships		5,500		5,435	5,434	1
Total elections		226,690	_	216,806	216,804	2
Insurance:						
Boilers & Machinery		7,154		6,594	6,594	-
Bonds Money & Securities		5,231		1,782	1,782	-
Fire & Vandalism		227,779		228,333	228,333	_
Liability Insurance		1,035,000		1,022,922	1,022,922	-
Police Professional Liability		125,000		127,392	127,392	_
Public Official Liability		80,000		92,485	92,485	-
Workers Compensation Indemnity		585,578		442,407	442,407	-
Workers Compensation Medical		399,586		399,586	399,586	-
Second Injury Fund		138,985		138,985	138,985	-
Workers Compensation Excess Liability Insurance		125,000		138,145	138,145	-
Total insurance	_	2,729,313	_	2,598,631	2,598,631	

	Budgeted Amounts			-		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Employee benefits:							
City Medical Benefits	\$	2,452,417	\$	3,090,544	\$	3,056,494	34,050
Post Retirement Benefits (OPEB)		2,992,170		2,192,170		2,192,170	-
Life Insurance		75,500		84,499		84,499	-
Longevity		83,400		78,929		78,928	1
Employee Retirement		2,888,372		2,888,372		2,888,372	-
Defined Contribution Plan Police Defined Contribution Plan		320,000		441,718		441,717	1
Fire Defined Contribution Plan		9,500		13,770 498		13,770 498	-
Unemployment Compensation		150,000		132,558		132,558	_
Unused Sick Leave		352,000		346,824		346,824	_
Hypertension		350,000		350,000		350,000	_
Social Security		2,966,237		3,166,741		3,166,741	_
Police Benefits		958,983		1,243,642		1,243,642	-
Police Social Security / Medicare		127,844		63,965		63,965	-
Police Retirement		4,464,984		4,464,984		4,464,984	-
Police Medical		1,097,287		1,098,817		1,098,817	-
Police Life		19,495		17,034		17,034	-
Police Hypertension		415,000		415,000		415,000	-
Fire Benefits		1,204,576		1,234,896		1,234,896	-
Fire Social Security / Medicare		60,185		50,200		50,199	1
Fire Retirement		3,054,069		3,054,069		3,054,069	-
Fire Medical		961,900		961,900		961,900	-
Fire Life Fire Hypertension		14,977 425,000		13,987 425,000		13,987 425,000	-
Police Longevity		48,300		52,150		52,150	-
Fire Longevity		23,850		39,050		39,050	_
Uniforms Guards		3,250		2,526		2,526	_
Total employee benefits	_	25,519,296		25,923,843	_	25,889,790	34,053
Finance general administration:							
Finance general administration: Transit		291,653		236,567		236,567	
Pupil Transportation		1,049,309		1,055,247		1,055,246	1
Street Lighting		675,000		438,439		438,439	
Water		215,000		232,011		232,011	_
Hydrants		65,000		65,000		65,000	_
Sewers		140,000		135,900		135,899	1
Platt Band Uniform				5,000		5,000	-
Maloney Scholarship		24,000		24,000		24,000	-
Veterans Organization		18,000		18,000		18,000	-
Ambulance		153,735		153,735		153,735	-
Emergency Medical Dispatch		38,723		38,723		38,723	-
Nerden RTC Day Camp		40,000		40,000		40,000	-
C-Med		23,276		23,213		23,213	-
Audit Probate Court		76,000		82,075		82,075	-
Probate Court Zoning Expenses & Supplies		15,000 7,500		14,519 4,825		14,519 4,825	-
Economic Development		100,000		101,800		101,799	1
Housing Authority		11,411		11,411		11,411	· -
Textbooks		15,000		14,941		14,940	1
Special Events & Celebrations		90,500		88,986		88,986	-
Solomon Goffe House		500		420		420	_
Conservation Committee		100					-
Marketing Promotion		20,000		11,164		11,163	1
Flood Control Agency		500					-
Meriden Scholastic Scholarship		45,000		21,500		21,500	-
Neighborhood Associations		3,500		3,550		3,549	1
Curtis Utilization		2,200					-
Youth Activities		80,000		78,125		78,125	-
Linear Trail Advisory Committee		2,000		1,093		1,093	
Total finance general administration:		3,202,907		2,900,244		2,900,238	6

	Budgeted Amounts			-		Variance with Final Budget -	
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Capital equipment:							
Capital Equipment - Planning & Enforcement	\$	15,000	\$		\$	\$	-
Capital Equipment - MIS		87,730		83,002		83,000	2
Capital Equipment - Parking		15,000		12,689		12,689	-
Capital Equipment - Police		207,900		178,538		178,537	1
Capital Equipment - Fire				50,040		50,040	-
Capital Equipment - Emergency Communications		7,500		9,280		9,280	-
Capital Equipment - Emergency Management		1,800					-
Capital Equipment - SMVFD		31,500		9,035		9,035	-
Capital Equipment - Engineering		5,900		4,430		4,430	-
Capital Equipment - Parks	_	21,000		8,933	_	8,933	
Total capital equipment:	_	393,330		355,947		355,944	3
Management information systems:							
Salary - Administrative		112,300		156,298		156,298	-
Overtime		500		124		124	-
Salary - MME		157,451		153,673		153,672	1
Salary - Supervisors		179,482		207,748		207,747	1
Rentals		383,920		400,014		400,013	1
Telephones		52,940		42,986		42,986	-
Training		4,250		4,577		4,577	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		6,000		6,715		6,715	-
Software		8,500		2,441		2,440	1
Meetings & Memberships	_	2,630		1,595		1,595	4
Total management information systems	_	907,973		976,171		976,167	4
Development and enforcement:							
Salary - Administrative		120,323		122,319		122,318	1
Overtime		5,000		5,289		5,288	1
Salary - MME		462,831		386,258		386,257	1
Salary - Supervisors		164,303		228,646 3,107		228,645	1
Gasoline Vehicle Maintenance		3,000 5,200		11,624		3,107 11,624	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		20,000		23,208		23,207	1
Meetings & Memberships		3,500		2,936		2,936	'
Total development and enforcement	_	784,157		783,387	-	783,382	5
rotal development and emoreement	_	704,107	. —	700,007		700,002	
Inland wetlands:		1 000		2 127		2 126	1
Office Expenses & Supplies	_	1,000		2,137	-	2,136	1
Parking:				36.5 45			_
Payroll		74,181		73,810		73,809	1
Salary - Supervisors		51,026		53,341		53,340	1
Maintenance		1,500		335		335	- 4
Gasoline		900		603		602	1
Vehicle Maintenance		250		255		255	-
Telephones		900		884		884	-
Utilities		12,000		8,145		8,145	-
General Expenses	_	2,500		2,618	_	2,618	
Total parking	_	143,257		139,991		139,988	3
Total general government	_	37,185,015		37,019,579	. <u>-</u>	36,985,479	34,100

	Bud	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Origina	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Finance:					
Finance:					
Salary - Seasonal Workers	\$	\$	1,105 \$	1,105 \$	
Salary - Administrative		,569	136,118	136,117	1
Overtime		,500	1,245	1,244	1
Salary - MME		,931	149,249	149,249	-
Salary - Supervisors		,128	254,583	254,583	-
Vehicle Maintenance Telephone		,400 ,000	2,400 94,332	2,400 94,332	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		,000	22,976	94,332 22,975	1
Banking Fees		,100	52,253	52,253	-
Meetings & Memberships		,750	1,451	1,451	_
General Office Supplies	7	1	1,401	1,401	1
Total finance	766	,379	715,713	715,709	4
Purchasing:					
Overtime	1	,000	110	110	-
Salary - MME	155	,968	147,422	147,421	1
Salary - Supervisors	202	,678	115,801	115,801	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		,000	4,999	4,999	-
Meetings & Memberships	5	,000	2,079	2,078	1
Storeroom		<u> </u>	1_		1
Total purchasing	369	,647	270,412	270,409	3
Tax collector:					
Salary - Seasonal Workers			1,306	1,305	1
Overtime	4	,500	2,378	2,377	1
Salary - MME	180	,437	185,905	185,905	-
Salary - Supervisors		,619	160,790	160,790	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		,535	65,488	65,487	1
Meetings & Memberships		,485	686	686	
Total tax collector	427	,576	416,553	416,550	3
Tax assessor:					
Overtime		,188	1,691	1,690	1
Salary - MME		,268	183,052	183,052	-
Salary - Supervisors	167	,810	174,836	174,836	-
Gasoline		150	145	144	1
Vehicle Maintenance	450	150	20	20	-
Revaluation		,000	143,418	143,418	-
Office Expenses & Supplies Meetings & Memberships		,000 ,550	10,617 1,004	10,616 1,004	1
		, <u>116</u> ,	514,783		3
Total tax assessor		,110	514,765	514,780	
Board of assessment appeals:					
Salary - Part-Time	5	,000	4,000	4,000	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		250	110	110	
Total board of assessment appeals	5	,250	4,110	4,110	
Total finance	2,087	,968_	1,921,571	1,921,558	13
Public safety:					
Police: Salary - Administrative	222	.127	277,351	277,351	_
Overtime	1,050	,	1,721,094	1,721,094	- -
Salary - Other Non Union		,164	85,982	85,981	1
Salary - Public Works		,624	83,708	83,708	
Salary - MME		,003	574,997	574,996	1
Salary - Police Patrol	9,555		8,869,964	8,869,963	1
Salary - Supervisors		,150	72,224	72,224	-
Salary - Crossing Guards	261	,170	213,935	213,934	1

	_	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Public safety (continued):						
Gasoline	\$	170,050 \$	153,603 \$	153,603 \$	-	
Vehicle Maintenance Communications & Maintenance		60,000 100,800	7,481 108,520	7,481 108,520	-	
Training		193,500	219,598	219,598	-	
South Central Justice		12,325	12,000	12,000	_	
Explorers / Auxiliary Police		6,500	6,499	6,499	-	
Canine Unit		4,000	1,285	1,284	1	
Bicycle Patrol Police Expenses & Supplies		2,200 102,400	1,721 102,898	1,721 102,897	1	
Crime Prevention		1,000	938	938	-	
Hostage Crisis		20,000	15,042	15,042	-	
MIS Technology		256,516	254,952	254,952	-	
Body Camera / Taser Expense		131,000	F F00	F F70	-	
Meetings & Memberships Police Private Duty		6,000	5,580 32,391	5,579 32,390	1 1	
Total police		12,989,897	12,821,763	12,821,755	8	
· .						
Fire: Salary - Seasonal Workers			1,131	1,131	_	
Salary - Administrative		209,478	218,930	218,930	-	
Overtime		950,000	1,138,422	1,138,421	1	
Salary - Public Works Salary - Fire		83,624 7,541,462	82,154 7,298,536	82,154 7,298,535	- 1	
Salary - MME		110,731	103,637	103,637	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Gasoline		40,000	37,649	37,649	_	
Vehicle Maintenance		60,000	99,373	99,372	1	
Communications & Maintenance		35,000	28,020	28,020	-	
Training		40,000	25,884	25,884	-	
Physicals Recruitment		30,000 3,000	5,679	5,678	1	
Maintenance Supplies		39,000	31,670	31,670	_	
Heat, Energy, & Lights		130,000	106,329	106,329	-	
Office Expenses & Supplies		15,500	16,918	16,918	-	
Fire Equipment		72,000	81,297	81,297	-	
Meetings & Memberships Total fire	_	11,665 9,371,460	11,629 9,287,258	11,628 9,287,253	<u>1</u>	
		0,011,400	0,201,200	0,201,200		
Emergency communications: Salary - Seasonal Workers			8,439	8,438	1	
Salary - Administrative		81,424	97,834	97,834	-	
Overtime		180,000	361,929	361,929	-	
Salary - Dispatch		1,006,795	769,462	769,462	-	
Vehicle Maintenance Communications & Maintenance		2 500	2,200 4,426	2,200 4,426	-	
Training		2,500 30,000	4,426 11,101	4,426 11,100	1	
Office Expenses & Supplies		20,000	20,488	20,488	-	
Total emergency communications	_	1,320,719	1,275,879	1,275,877	2	
South Meriden volunteer fire:						
Firefighter Physicals		4,500	3,986	3,986	-	
SMVFD Merit Plan		35,000	33,000	33,000	-	
Gasoline		2,500	1,744	1,744	-	
Vehicle Maintenance Communication & Maintenance		2,500 5,300	295 7,141	294 7,141	1	
Training		5,000	4,324	4,324	<u>-</u>	
Maintenance Supplies		500	601	600	1	
Heat Energy Lights		12,000	12,149	12,149	-	
Food		2,000	1,015	1,015	-	
Office Expenses & Supplies		400 23.000	240 21.881	239	1 1	
Fire Equipment Meetings & Memberships		23,000 500	21,881 50	21,880 50	 -	
Total South Meriden volunteer fire	_	93,200	86,426	86,422	4	

·	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)
Emergency management:						
Salary - Part-Time	\$	8,000	\$ 8,0	00 \$	8,000 \$	_
Office Expenses & Supplies		750		12	711	1
Total emergency management		8,750	8,7	12	8,711	1_
Total public safety	_	23,784,026	23,480,03	38	23,480,018	20
Public Works:						
Engineering:						
Capital Equipment		440.007	12,0		12,000	-
Salary - Administrative Overtime		113,367 4,500	119,1° 3,0°		119,114 3,076	- 1
Salary - MME		331,793	325,2		325,284	-
Salary - Supervisors		203,887	205,0		205,001	_
Inspections - Dams & Bridges		4,000	4,0		4,000	_
Gasoline		8,000	7,2		7,267	1
Vehicle Maintenance		6,000	7,0		7,009	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		10,000	10,7	39	10,788	1
Meetings & Memberships		2,500	2,0	71	2,071	
Total engineering	_	684,047	695,6	13	695,610	3
Garage and warehouse:						
Overtime		4,000	2,7	02	2,701	1
Salary - Public Works		387,737	385,8	32	385,882	-
Salary - MME		50,243	54,9	54	54,954	-
Repairs & Maintenance Service		5,000	4,8		4,862	-
Gasoline		2,100	1,0		1,020	1
Vehicle Maintenance		1		85	585	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		7,500	6,0		6,018	1
Meetings & Memberships		500		75 30\	75 (7.260)	-
Garage Materials CNG Fueling Station		7,500	(7,2) 7,5		(7,269) 7,500	-
Total garage and warehouse		464,581	456,3		456,328	3
	_	,			<u> </u>	
Traffic engineering:		40.000	40.0		40.050	
Salary - Part Time		16,000	19,3		19,353	-
Overtime Salary - MME		12,000 204,442	7,98 205,5		7,980 205,518	-
Salary - Supervisors		106,181	106,3		106,300	1
Street Light Maintenance		3,000		31	931	'
Gasoline		9,500	7,8		7,854	_
Vehicle Maintenance		11,500	9,7		9,736	1
Safety Equipment		5,100	3,8		3,867	1
Signalization		58,000	55,3		55,344	1
Signs & Lines		40,000	31,2	11	31,211	-
Alarm Systems		1,000				-
Office Expense		1,750	1,9		1,937	1
Meetings & Memberships Total traffic engineering	_	1,200 469,673	1,4 451,5		1,480 451,511	5
Total traffic engineering	_	409,073	451,5		431,311	
Highway safety:						
Snow & Ice Control		600,000	819,9		819,907	-
Overtime		31,000	36,3		36,319	-
Salary - Public Works		996,474	964,1		964,148	-
Salary - Supervisors		86,672	89,4		89,429	1
Gasoline		95,000	63,1		63,142	1
Vehicle Maintenance Street Maintenance Supplies		195,000 16,000	188,7° 15,59		188,772 15,589	1
Sidewalk Basin Construction		3,000	2,9		2,990	! -
Storm Drain Construction		6,500	3,3		3,368	1
Roadside Bulky Waste		500		90	390	-
Safety & Health Plan		3,000	2,9		2,956	-

	_	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Highway safety (continued):					
Office Expenses & Supplies	\$	6,000 \$	5,647 \$	5,646 \$	1
Clothing	·	6,500	5,489	5,488	1
Soil / Catch Basin Disposal		35,000	54,990	54,989	1
Meetings & Memberships	_	250	75	75	
Total highway safety	_	2,080,896	2,253,215	2,253,208	7
Transfer station:					
Overtime		20,000	19,424	19,423	1
Monitoring		81,000	62,119	62,119	-
Recycling - Hazardous Waste			10,000	10,000	-
Gasoline		1,500	6,073	6,073	-
Vehicle Maintenance		9,000	37,652	37,652	-
Other Purchased Services		1,500 3,000	848 2,413	847 2,412	1 1
Office Expenses & Supplies Total transfer station	_	116,000	138,529	138,526	3
Total transfer station	_	110,000	130,329	130,320	
Waste collection:		4			
Recycling		10,000	E04 E00	504 550	-
Dumping Fees		539,500	524,580	524,579	1
Contract		934,100 25,250	886,677 319	886,676 319	1
Office Expenses & Supplies Total waste collection	_	1,508,850	1,411,576	1,411,574	2
Total Waste Collection	_	1,506,650	1,411,570	1,411,574	
Bulky waste:			0.004	0.004	
Overtime		70.050	2,024	2,024	-
Salary - Public Works		76,952	77,048	77,047	1
Salary - MME Gasoline		22,302 2,000	16,149 3,260	16,149 3,259	- 1
Vehicle Maintenance		3,000	5,260 6,689	5,259 6,688	1
Dump Fees		66,500	94,736	94,736	'
Office Expenses & Supplies		2,100	1,885	1,885	_
Clothing Allowance		725	291	290	1
Total bulky waste		173,579	202,082	202,078	4
Building maintenance:					
Salary - Part-Time		20,000	32,427	32,426	1
Salary - Administrative		.,	75,693	75,692	1
Overtime		40,000	49,432	49,432	-
Salary - Public Works		367,527	388,242	388,241	1
Salary - Supervisors		89,339	85,111	85,111	-
Gasoline		1,500	1,424	1,423	1
Vehicle Maintenance		2,500	2,434	2,434	-
Repairs & Upgrades		20,000	23,169	23,168	1
Maintenance Supplies		43,000	42,117	42,116	1
Heat, Energy, & Lights Total building maintenance		580,000 1,163,866	543,477 1,243,526	543,477 1,243,520	6
Total public works	_	6,661,492	6,852,388	6,852,355	33
Health and welfare:	_				
Health:					
Certified Salaries		125,000	120,892	120,892	-
Salary - Part-Time		5,160	5,160	5,160	-
Salary - Administrative		105,791	108,918	108,917	1
Overtime		3,500	1,302	1,301	1
Salary - Public Health Nurses		929,230	950,574	950,574	-
Salary - MME		539,558	540,865	540,865	-
Salary - Supervisors		281,600	286,291	286,290	1
Gasoline		1,750	1,414	1,413	1
Vehicle Maintenance		3,400	3,384	3,384	-
Office Expenses & Supplies		10,000	8,282	8,282	-

	 Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	 Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Health and welfare (continued): Health:					
Environmental Supplies	\$ 4,000 \$	3,908 \$	3,907 \$	1	
Health Supplies	8,000	7,760	7,760	-	
P.A. 10-217A Supplies	2,750	2,655	2,654	1	
Lead Program	4,100	3,869	3,868	1	
Meetings & Memberships	 3,000	2,713	2,713		
Total health	 2,026,839	2,047,987	2,047,980	7	
Social services:					
Evictions	 35,000	35,200	35,200	-	
Senior center:					
Salary - Seasonal Workers		531	530	1	
Salary - Other Non-Union	30,275	28,845	28,845	-	
Salary - MME	308,480	286,258	286,258	-	
Salary - Supervisors Elderly Nutrition	89,818	89,931 8,142	89,930 8,141	1	
Gasoline	9,000 12.000	12,390	12,389	1	
Vehicle Maintenance	5,900	6,194	6,194	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Office Expenses & Supplies	15,900	16,298	16,297	1	
Meetings & Memberships	1,250	1,260	1,260		
Total senior center	 472,623	449,849	449,844	5	
Youth services:					
Salary - Supervisors	97,315	53,380	53,379	1	
Office Expenses & Supplies	1,450	1,140	1,139	1	
Youth Activities	1,350			-	
Meetings & Memberships	 580	550	550		
Total youth services	 100,695	55,070	55,068	2	
Total health and welfare	 2,635,157	2,588,106	2,588,092	14	
Culture and recreation:					
Library:					
Salary - Part-Time	68,250	66,701	66,701	-	
Salary - Administrative	99,185	101,817	101,816	1	
Overtime	670 400	1,222	1,221	1	
Salary - MME Salary - Supervisors	678,108 905,111	677,395 891,183	677,394 891,183	1	
Public Utilities	115,000	130,307	130,307	<u>-</u>	
Gasoline	1,100	613	612	1	
Vehicle Maintenance	950	2,089	2,089	· -	
Telephones	4,081	3,358	3,358	_	
Security Service	700	700	700	_	
Other Purchased Services	84,544	77,526	77,525	1	
Video Services	21,000	17,700	17,700	-	
Building Supplies & Materials	50,000	47,911	47,911	-	
Library Books & Materials	175,000	175,000	175,000	-	
Office Expenses & Supplies	30,000	30,862	30,862	-	
Meetings & Memberships	3,700	3,213	3,210	3	
Capital Equipment - Library	 2,400	2,150	2,150		
Total library	 2,239,129	2,229,747	2,229,739	8	
Parks:		40.400	40 400		
Capital Equipment	101 700	19,100	19,100	-	
Salary - Part-Time	101,722	92,565	92,564	1	
Salary - Administrative Overtime	122,130 95,000	196,086 130,169	196,085 130,168	1	
Salary - Public Works	95,000 914,644	941,643	941,643	I -	
Salary - Supervisors	91,708	36,808	36,808	-	
Salary Supervisors	51,700	55,000	30,000	_	

	Budgete	d Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Parks (continued):						
Expenses & Supplies \$	75,000	\$ 86,170	\$ 86,169 \$	5 1		
Cemetery Maintenance	8,500	3,600	3,600	-		
Gasoline	45,000	40,527	40,527	_		
Vehicle Maintenance	68,000	87,379	87,378	1		
Heat, Energy, & Lights	195,000	184,528	184,527	1		
Security	2,000	4.028	4,028			
Meetings & Memberships	2,000	1,931	1,931	_		
Downtown	3,500	3,501	3,500	1		
				ı		
Turf Management	18,000	18,000	18,000			
Total parks	1,742,204	1,846,035	1,846,028	7		
Recreation:						
Overtime	8,000	9,252	9,251	1		
Salary - Other Non-Union	130,000	135,806	135,805	1		
Salary - Public Works	127,826	127,995	127,995	-		
Salary - MME	122,474	115,129	115,129	-		
Recreation Program Expense	14,000	13,980	13,980	_		
League Subsidy	30,000	30,000	30,000	_		
Safety Surface Replacement	4,400	4,400	4,400			
Office Expenses & Supplies	10,000	9,492	9,492	_		
				-		
Meetings & Memberships	2,500	1,485	1,485			
Total recreation	449,200	447,539	447,537	2		
Total culture and recreation	4,430,533	4,523,321	4,523,304	17_		
Education:						
Board of Education:	99,758,340	99,758,340	99,758,340	-		
School building committee:	, ,	, ,	, ,			
Salary Expense	1,500	2,210	2,209	1		
Total Education	99,759,840	99,760,550	99,760,549	1		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement:	40 040 700	40 040 700	40 040 700			
Principal Bonds	10,318,700	10,318,700	10,318,700			
Interest:						
Interest Bonds	4,001,217	4,001,217	4,001,217	-		
BAB Federal Subsidies	(209,651)	(209,651)				
Total interest	3,791,566	3,791,566	3,791,566			
Total debt service	14,110,266	14,110,266	14,110,266			
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out:						
Transfer Out - Bond Fund		800,000	800,000	_		
Transfer Out - Dog Fund	10.000	12,500	12,500	_		
Meriden Green Financial Assurance Fund	7,500	7,500	7,500	-		
	7,500			-		
Transfers Out - Capital	47.500	185,729	185,729			
Total transfers out	17,500	1,005,729	1,005,729			
Total expenditures and other financing uses	190,671,797	191,261,548	191,227,350	34,198		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses: \$		\$	\$\$	156,872		

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2017

	_	General	Foreclosure Fund	Insurance Refund Fund	 Tree Preservation Fund	Downtown Property Management Fund	Vehicle Replacement Fund	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles Inventory Other assets Due from other funds	\$	7,192,689 \$ 15,845,301 6,031,536 130,224 9,147 8,785,148	6,499 \$	258,076 461	\$ 2,985 \$	118,551 \$	40,512	(10,000)	7,619,312 15,845,301 6,031,997 130,224 9,147 8,775,148
Total Assets	\$ __	37,994,045 \$	6,499 \$	258,537	\$ 2,985 \$	118,551	40,512	\$ (10,000)	38,411,129
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	CES								
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	12,032,514 \$	\$ 10,000		\$ \$	594 \$;	\$ (40,000)	12,033,108
Unearned revenue		8,189	10,000					(10,000)	8,189
Total liabilities	_	12,040,703	10,000		 	594		(10,000)	12,041,297
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,835,997							4,835,997
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable		1,257,270							1,257,270
Advance property tax collections	_	1,944,981			 				1,944,981
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	8,038,248			<u> </u>	-			8,038,248
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for:									
Nonspendable		139,371							139,37
Restricted		932,863							932,863
Committed				258,537	2,985	117,957	40,512		419,991
Unassigned	_	16,842,860	(3,501)		 				16,839,359
Total fund balances	-	17,915,094	(3,501)	258,537	 2,985	117,957	40,512		18,331,584
Fotal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	37,994,045 \$	6,499 \$	258,537	\$ 2,985 \$	118,551 \$	40,512	\$ (10,000) \$	38,411,129

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Foreclosure Fund	Insurance Refund Fund	Tree Preservation Fund	Downtown Property Management Fund	Vehicle Replacement Fund	Total
Revenues:				_			
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$ 124,070,787	\$	\$	\$	i	\$	124,070,787
Federal and state government	85,353,221						85,353,221
Charges for services Investment income	4,673,123 149,613				319		4,673,123 149,932
Other local revenues		26,769	70 202		22,246		,
	1,025,091	· 	70,202				1,144,308
Total revenues	215,271,835	26,769	70,202		22,565	- -	215,391,371
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	38,641,782	16,644		2,000	39,967		38,700,393
Public safety	23,726,910	,	13,281	_,,,,,	,		23,740,191
Public works	6,856,785		18,227				6,875,012
Health and welfare	4,976,836		,				4,976,836
Culture and recreation	4,532,201						4,532,201
Education	121,738,848						121,738,848
Debt service:	,,-						,,-
Principal retirement	10,318,700						10,318,700
Interest and other charges	4,001,217						4,001,217
Total expenditures	214,793,279	16,644	31,508	2,000	39,967		214,883,398
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	478,556	10,125	38,694	(2,000)	(17,402)	- -	507,973
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	684,045						684,045
Transfers out	(1,005,729)						(1,005,729)
Total other financing sources	(321,684)						(321,684)
rotal other intarioning courses	(021,001)						(021,001)
Net Change in Fund Balances	156,872	10,125	38,694	(2,000)	(17,402)	-	186,289
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	17,758,222	(13,626)	219,843	4,985	135,359	40,512	18,145,295
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 17,915,094	\$ (3,501) \$	258,537_\$	2,985 \$	117,957	\$ 40,512 \$	18,331,584

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Document Preservation - To account for the City Clerk's document preservation program, which is funded through fees and State grants.

Community Development Block Grant - To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the Federal Block Grant.

Day Care Center - To account for the operations of the Meriden Day Care Center, which is partially funded by State grants.

Women, Infant and Children Program - To account for grants from the State Department of Social Services.

Education Grants and Programs - To account for education related grants from the state and federal governments.

Health Grants and Programs - To account for revenues and various grants from the State of Connecticut.

Neighborhood Preservation Program - To account for revolving loan funds.

Asset Forfeiture - To account for drug seizure money from the state and federal governments.

School Readiness - To account for grant funds from the State Department of Education for school readiness and child day care programs.

Law Enforcement Block Grant - To account for a grant from the federal government for law enforcement.

Dog - To account for revenue from dog license fees and related expenditures.

Public School Lunch - To account for the operations of the school lunch program.

Public School Rental - To account for rental of school facilities.

Adult Evening School - To account for the activities of the Adult Education Program.

Anti-Blight - To account for funds used in a human services program.

Smoke Detector - To account for funds collected for fire prevention programs.

Miscellaneous Grants and Programs - To account for revenues and expenses for grants received for miscellaneous purposes.

Summer Student - To account for operations of the summer student program.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Parks and Recreation Capital and Nonrecurring - To account for the financial resources used for various parks and recreation projects.

Airport Improvement - To account for the activity funds for airport improvements.

Brownfield Assessment - To account for funds used in a local environmental hazard study.

Factory H Demolition - To account for grants related to the demolition of Factory H.

Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants - To account for grants for various capital projects.

Land Acquisition - To account for funds restricted for the acquisition of land.

Planning Commission Subdivision Development - To account for funds collected from developers for sidewalk construction.

PERMANENT FUNDS

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used.

Walter Hubbard Park - To account for the care and maintenance of Hubbard Park.

C.P. Bradley Park - To account for the care and maintenance of C.P. Bradley Park.

Library Trust - To account for donations and additional funds for the library.

Lorenzo Fuller Award - To account for a scholarship fund given to the high school.

Charlotte Yale Ives - To account for supportive health service for needy families.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

			Special Revenue Funds										
ASSETS		ocument eservation		Community Development Block Grant		Day Care Center	Women, Infant and Children Program	Education Grants and Programs		Health Grants and Programs	Neighborhood Preservation (CDBG)		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Inventory	\$ 	25,432 234	\$	7,839 \$; 	96,055 \$	35,454 \$ 2,885	2,410,940 405,993	\$ _	301,318 S	232,862		
Total Assets	\$	25,666	\$_	369,995 \$	·	96,055 \$	38,339 \$	2,816,933	\$_	337,093	1,857,308		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 		\$_	50,776 \$ 314,233 365,009		31,787 \$	38,339 \$	2,030,549 319,977 95,000 2,445,526	\$_	25,956 \$ 60,687 86,643	814		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	_		_						_		1,624,446		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_	25,666 25,666	_	4,986 4,986		64,268		371,407	_	250,450	232,048		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	25,666	\$_	369,995 \$	i	96,055 \$	38,339 \$	2,816,933	\$_	337,093	1,857,308		

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Special Revenue Funds													
		Neighborhood Preservation (Bonded)		et iture	School Readiness		Law Enforcement Block Grant		Dog		Public School Lunch		Public School Rental		Adult Evening School
ASSETS									_					_	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	63,155	\$ 118	,294	,		99,035	\$	20,851	\$	484,639	\$	278,844	\$	81,379
Accounts receivable Inventory	_	301,426			321,076		7,208		4,646	_	723,421 107,138	_		_	
Total Assets	\$	364,581	\$ <u>118</u>	,294	475,149	_ \$_	106,243	\$_	25,497	\$	1,315,198	\$_	278,844	\$_	81,379
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:	•			440	0.40.504	•		•	40.407	•	044.005	_		•	0.40
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$		\$ 1	,410 \$	346,501	\$	7,764	\$	18,407	\$	214,995	\$		\$	240
Due to other funds Total liabilities	_		1	,410	346,501		80,000 87,764	· <u> </u>	18,407	· <u>-</u>	214,995	_	-	· <u>-</u>	240
Deferred Inflows of Resources:															
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	_	301,426						_		-		_		_	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable											107,138				
Restricted		63,155	116	,884							107,130				
Committed Unassigned					128,648		18,479		7,090		993,065		278,844		81,139
Total fund balances	_	63,155	116	,884	128,648		18,479	· <u> </u>	7,090	· <u> </u>	1,100,203	_	278,844	_	81,139
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of															
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	364,581	\$ <u>118</u>	,294	475,149	_ \$_	106,243	\$_	25,497	\$	1,315,198	\$_	278,844	\$_	81,379

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Spe		Capital Project Funds										
ASSETS	Anti-Bligi	Smoke nt Detector	Misc. Grants and Programs	Summer Student	_	P & R Capital and Nonrecurring	_	Capital and Nonrecurring		Airport Improvement	Brownfield Assessment		Factory H Demolition
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Inventory	\$ 152,66	6 \$ 1,999 	\$ 12,009 52,769	\$ 1,070	\$	123	\$	812,040	\$	3,919 \$	20,636 501,831	\$	2,772
Total Assets	\$ <u>152,66</u>	6_\$ <u>1,999</u>	\$ 64,778	\$ 1,070	\$	123	\$	812,040	\$	147,623	522,467	\$_	2,772
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	\$ 	\$ 1,154 868 100,000 102,022	\$	\$ _ _	<u> </u>	\$	68,710 68,710	\$	7,778 S	271,810 250,000 521,810	\$	3,000 3,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - loans receivable			_		_		_					. <u> </u>	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	152,660 		(37,244)	1,070	_	123	-	743,330 743,330	 	9,845 9,845	657	· –	(228) (228)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>152,66</u>	3_\$ <u>1,999</u>	\$ <u>64,778</u>	\$ <u>1,070</u>	_ \$	123	\$	812,040	\$	147,623	522,467	\$_	2,772

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

			Ca	pital Project		_			Perm	nan	ent Funds	3						
ASSETS	-	Misc. Capital Project Grants	=	Land Acquisition	Planning Commission Subdivision Development	-	Walter Hubbard Park	-	C.P. Bradley Park		Library Trust	F	renzo uller ward	_	Charlotte Yale Ives	Eliminating Entries		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	50,291 299,709	\$	106,433 \$	58,214	\$	33,243 703,172	\$	121,368 \$ 1,148,240	5 5 _	548,082 \$	·	9,076	\$ _	3,426	\$ 	\$ 	6,347,537 1,851,412 4,787,279 107,138
Total Assets	\$	350,000	\$	106,433 \$	58,214	\$	736,415	\$	1,269,608	<u>5</u>	548,082 \$	i	9,076	\$_	3,426	\$	\$_	13,093,366
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	350,000 350,000	\$	\$ 	<u> </u>	\$		\$	7,485 \$ 7,485	- -	\$; 		\$ _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 	\$ 	3,116,711 389,296 1,322,233 4,828,240
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	·-		_			_		=						_			_	1,925,872
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-			106,433	58,214 58,214		50,000 686,415 736,415	-	50,000 1,212,123 1,262,123		327,530 220,552 548,082		1,017 8,059 9,076	_	3,000 426 3,426		_	538,685 3,258,561 2,579,480 (37,472) 6,339,254
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	350,000	\$	106,433 \$	5 58,214	\$	736,415	\$_	1,269,608_\$	6 <u>5</u>	548,082 \$;	9,076	\$_	3,426	\$	\$	13,093,366

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Sr	pecial Revenue	Funds		
	Document Preservation	Community Development Block Grant	Day Care Center	Women, Infant and Children Program	Education Grants and Programs	Health Grants and Programs	Neighborhood Preservation (CDBG)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	\$ 5,000 21,970	\$ 850,928	\$ 427,955	\$ 878,961	\$ 17,960,610	\$ 627,500 90,033	\$
Investment income Other	,				1,840,838	5,000	88,180
Total revenues	26,970	850,928	427,955	878,961	19,801,448	722,533	88,180
Expenditures: General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay Education	119,356	218,794 261,211 264,393	427,955	878,961	20,234,060	607,898	41,008
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Total expenditures	119,356	744,398	427,955	878,961	20,234,060	607,898	41,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(92,386)	106,530			(432,612)	114,635	47,172
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		(106,530)				(200,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(106,530)				(200,000)	
Change in Fund Balance	(92,386)	-		-	(432,612)	(85,365)	47,172
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	118,052	4,986	64,268		804,019	335,815	184,876
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 25,666	\$	\$64,268_	\$	\$371,407	\$ 250,450	\$ 232,048

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Special Re	evenue Funds	i			
	Neighborhood Preservation (Bonded)	Asset Forfeiture	School Readiness	Law Enforcement Block Grant	Dog	Public School Lunch	Public School Rental	Adult Evening School	Anti-Blight
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	\$ 61,139 \$		26,430 \$	\$ 15,522	4,789,314 \$ 753,794 935 104,590	75,554	63,295	\$ 11,811
Total revenues		61,139	3,840,055	26,430	15,522	5,648,633	75,554	63,295	11,811
Expenditures: General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation		22,806	3,840,055	101,951	27,170				14,439
Capital outlay Education Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges		24,135				5,511,420	71,684	109,730	
Total expenditures		46,941	3,840,055	101,951	27,170	5,511,420	71,684	109,730	14,439
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		14,198		(75,521)	(11,648)	137,213	3,870	(46,435)	(2,628)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(41,363)	(134,000)		94,000	12,500				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(41,363)	(134,000)		94,000	12,500				
Change in Fund Balance	(41,363)	(119,802)	-	18,479	852	137,213	3,870	(46,435)	(2,628)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	104,518	236,686	128,648	<u> </u>	6,238	962,990	274,974	127,574	155,294
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 63,155	\$ <u>116,884</u> \$	128,648 \$	18,479 \$	7,090 \$	1,100,203 \$	278,844	\$ <u>81,139</u>	\$ 152,666

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Spe	cial Revenue Fu	nds	Capital Project Funds												
	Grants Smoke and Sum		ke and Summer		Capital and Nonrecurring	Airport Improvement	Brownfield Assessment	Factory H Demolition	Misc. Capital Project Grants							
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income	\$	\$ 40,172 \$	1,070	\$	\$	\$ 141,603 \$	1,387,586	\$ \$	300,455							
Other	2,500	19,299				11,416										
Total revenues	2,500	59,471	1,070			153,019	1,387,586		300,455							
Expenditures: General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay Education Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Total expenditures	880	4,525 72,018 20,426 334,920 431,889			68,710	159,216	1,780,756	75,000 31,530 106,758	300,455							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,620	(372,418)	1,070		(68,710)	(6,197)	(393,170)	(106,758)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		221,189			812,040			106,530								
Total other financing sources (uses)		221,189			812,040			106,530								
Change in Fund Balance	1,620	(151,229)	1,070	-	743,330	(6,197)	(393,170)	(228)	-							
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	379	113,985		123		16,042	393,827									
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,999	\$ (37,244)	1,070	\$123_	\$743,330_	\$\$	657	\$(228)_\$								

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Capital P	roject Funds		Perr	manent Funds				
	Land Acquisition	Planning Commission Subdivision Development	nission Walter ivision Hubbard C.P. Bradley Librar		Library Trust	Lorenzo Fuller Award	Charlotte Yale Ives	Eliminating Entries	Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income Other Total revenues	\$	\$ 	\$ 79,981 	111,955	\$ \(\frac{120,740}{120,740} \)	51 ————————————————————————————————————	19	\$	31,337,708 1,033,049 192,941 2,192,605 34,756,303
Expenditures: General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay Education Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges			35,092	28,921	85,011				398,122 486,036 6,039,688 149,024 2,668,420 25,926,894 75,000 31,530
Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		42	35,092 44,889	28,921 83,034	85,011 35,729				35,774,714 (1,018,411)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)								(240,530) 240,530 	1,005,729 (241,363) 764,366
Change in Fund Balance	-	42	44,889	83,034	35,729	51	19	-	(254,045)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	106,433	58,172	691,526	1,179,089	512,353	9,025	3,407		6,593,299
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 106,433	\$58,214_	\$ 736,415 \$	S <u>1,262,123</u>	\$ 548,082 \$	9,076 \$	3,426	\$ <u> </u>	6,339,254

Internal Service Funds

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has two such funds.

Workers' Compensation Fund - To account for the self-insured operations of workers' compensation activities.

Meriden Health Insurance - To account for the self-insured operations of health insurance claims and charges for employees' health insurance.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds								
		Workers' Compensation Fund	l . <u>-</u>	Meriden Health Insurance	Tota	l				
Assets:										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	212,855	\$	2,190,843 \$	2,403,	698				
Investments		1,900,000		3,761,138	5,661,	138				
Accounts receivable				365,366	365,	366				
Other assets				18,019	18,	019				
Total assets		2,112,855		6,335,366	8,448,	221				
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Current portion of claims incurred but not reported Due to other funds Total current liabilities		2,437,619		413,333 4,000,000 4,413,333	413, 2,437, 4,000, 6,850,	619 000				
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Claims incurred but not reported, less current portion	1	4,875,237		2,089,165	6,964,	402				
Total liabilities		7,312,856	· <u>-</u>	6,502,498	13,815,	354				
Total Net Position	\$	(5,200,001)	\$	(167,132) \$	(5,367,	133)				

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Governmental Activities -								
Internal Service Funds								
Meriden								

	mtornar corvide r ando								
	Co	Workers' ompensation		Meriden Health					
	_	Fund	_	Insurance		Total			
Operating Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	3,305,939	\$	24,876,912	\$	28,182,851			
Other revenues		97,972		1,780,729		1,878,701			
Total operating revenues	_	3,403,911	_	26,657,641		30,061,552			
Operating Expenses:									
Claims		3,271,699		25,931,153		29,202,852			
Administrative		98,458		3,095,736		3,194,194			
Other expenses		886		2,196,479		2,197,365			
Total operating expenses		3,371,043		31,223,368		34,594,411			
Operating Income (loss)		32,868		(4,565,727)		(4,532,859)			
Nonoperating Revenues:									
Investment income			_	332,856		332,856			
Change in Net Position		32,868		(4,232,871)		(4,200,003)			
Net Position at Beginning of Year		(5,232,869)		4,065,739	_	(1,167,130)			
Net Position at End of Year	\$	(5,200,001)	\$_	(167,132)	\$	(5,367,133)			

		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds							
	-	Workers' Compensation Fund	Meriden Health Insurance	Total					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:									
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,403,911 \$	26,702,068 \$	30,105,979					
Receipts for interfund services provided			4,000,000	4,000,000					
Payments to suppliers		(99,992)	(5,238,053)	(5,338,045)					
Payments to vendors	-	(3,066,524)	(25,434,388)	(28,500,912)					
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		237,395	29,627	267,022					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:									
Sales of investments			173,683	173,683					
Purchase of investments		(400,000)		(400,000)					
Interest on investments			333,413	333,413					
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	(400,000)	507,096	107,096					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(162,605)	536,723	374,118					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	375,460	1,654,120	2,029,580					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	212,855 \$	2,190,843 \$	2,403,698					
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	32,868 \$	(4,565,727) \$	(4,532,859)					
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable			44,427	44,427					
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(648)	54,162	53,514					
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		205,175	496,765	701,940					
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_		4,000,000	4,000,000					
Total adjustments	-	204,527	4,595,354	4,799,881					
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	237,395 \$	29,627 \$	267,022					

Fiduciary Funds

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

East Cemetery Trust Fund - To account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Katherine H. Hamlin Cemetery Trust and various East Cemetery Escrow Trusts.

Scholarship Trust Fund - To account for the receipts and disbursements of various Board of Education scholarships.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds - To account for monies held for third parties. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and are used to account for senior activities, student activities and performance bonds. The City's Agency Funds are as follows:

Senior Trips
Student Activity Fund
Performance Bonds
Police Evidence Fund
License to Work Fund
South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters' Award Program

	Pension Trust Funds		OPEB Trust Funds	-	Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	 East Cemetery Trust Fund	-	Scholarship Trust Fund	_	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,080,983	\$_	1,260,496	\$	12,341,479	\$ 117,957	\$	94,213	\$_	212,170
Investments, at fair value:										
U.S. treasury bonds	6,898,593				6,898,593			52,632		52,632
Corporate bonds	20,510,882				20,510,882					
Equities	128,399,517		27,866,599		156,266,116					
Mutual funds	30,168,102				30,168,102					
Certificates of deposit								92,432		92,432
Other	46,758,374		3,387,023	_	50,145,397				_	
Total investments	232,735,468	_	31,253,622	-	263,989,090	 -	-	145,064	-	145,064
Accounts receivable	693,480	_	115,611		809,091	 			-	
Total assets	244,509,931		32,629,729	-	277,139,660	 117,957		239,277	_	357,234
Liabilities:										
Other liabilities	54,576		2,000		56,576	783				783
Due to other funds	- 1,-1		113,594		113,594					
Total liabilities	54,576	_	115,594	-	170,170	 783	-		-	783
Net Position: Restricted for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 244,455,355	\$ <u>_</u>	32,514,135	\$	276,969,490	\$ 117,174	\$	239,277	\$_	356,451

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Pension Trust Funds	. <u>-</u>	OPEB Trust Funds	_	Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	. <u>-</u>	East Cemetery Trust Fund	-	Scholarship Trust Fund	_	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:												
Contributions:												
Employer	\$	10,835,423	\$	4,569,770	\$	15,405,193	\$		\$		\$	
Plan members	_	2,509,599		4,176,632	_	6,686,231			_			
Total contributions	_	13,345,022	_	8,746,402	_	22,091,424	_	-	-		_	-
Investment earnings (losses): Net increase (decrease) in fair value												
of investments		19,009,237		2,967,491		21,976,728						
Interest and dividends		4,495,370		624,641		5,120,011		173		9,396		9,569
Total investment earnings (losses)	_	23,504,607	-	3,592,132	_	27,096,739	-	173	-	9,396	_	9,569
Less investment expenses												
Investment management fees		1,210,337				1,210,337						
Net investment earnings (losses)	_	22,294,270		3,592,132	-	25,886,402		173		9,396		9,569
Total additions	_	35,639,292		12,338,534	_	47,977,826		173	-	9,396	_	9,569
Deductions:												
Benefits		23,521,356		6,674,830		30,196,186				17,689		17,689
Administrative expense		116,993		385,635		502,628						
Other		564,326		91,706		656,032		27,309				27,309
Total deductions	_	24,202,675		7,152,171	_	31,354,846		27,309		17,689		44,998
Change in Net Position		11,436,617		5,186,363		16,622,980		(27,136)		(8,293)		(35,429)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	233,018,738	-	27,327,772	-	260,346,510	-	144,310	-	247,570	_	391,880
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	244,455,355	\$	32,514,135	\$_	276,969,490	\$	117,174	\$	239,277	\$_	356,451

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Balance July 1, 2016	_	Additions	_	Deductions	_	Balance June 30, 2017
Senior Trips Activities Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	2,081	\$_	31,499	\$_	28,648	\$_	4,932
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	2,081	\$ <u>_</u>	31,499	\$_	28,648	\$_	4,932
Student Activity Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	779,006	\$ <u>_</u>	1,392,170	\$_	1,484,550	\$_	686,626
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	779,006	\$ <u>_</u>	1,392,170	\$_	1,484,550	\$_	686,626
Performance Bonds								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$_	1,364,943 30,034	\$_	87,389	\$_	216,117	\$_	1,236,215 30,034
Total Assets:	\$_	1,394,977	\$_	87,389	\$_	216,117	\$_	1,266,249
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	1,394,977	\$ <u>_</u>	87,389	\$_	216,117	\$_	1,266,249
Police Evidence Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	36,994	\$ <u>_</u>	25,451	\$_	18,988	\$_	43,457
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$ <u>_</u>	36,994	\$ <u>_</u>	25,451	\$ <u>_</u>	18,988	\$_	43,457

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	-	Balance July 1, 2016	_	Additions	_	Deductions	_	Balance June 30, 2017
License to Work Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	70,000	\$ <u>_</u>	12,500	\$_	1,250	\$_	81,250
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	70,000	\$_	12,500	\$_	1,250	\$_	81,250
South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters' Award Program								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	39,192 220,690	\$_	104,387	\$_	39,192	\$_	- 325,077
Total Assets	\$_	259,882	\$_	104,387	\$_	39,192	\$_	325,077
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	259,882	\$_	104,387	\$_	39,192	\$_	325,077
Total								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable	\$	2,292,216 220,690 30,034	\$	1,549,009 104,387	\$	1,788,745	\$	2,052,480 325,077 30,034
Total Assets	\$_	2,542,940	\$_	1,653,396	\$_	1,788,745	\$_	2,407,591
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$_	2,542,940	\$_	1,653,396	\$_	1,788,745	\$_	2,407,591
Total Liabilities	\$_	2,542,940	\$_	1,653,396	\$_	1,788,745	\$_	2,407,591

Other Schedules

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Grand List of	Uncollec Balanc		Current Year	Lawful	Balance to be				Collec	ction	าร			Uncollected Balance
October 1,	July 1, 20	016	Levy	Corrections	Collected	_	Taxes		Interest	_	Liens	_	Total	 June 30, 2017
2000	\$ 353	541 \$	\$	352,861) \$	680	\$	680	\$	1,657	\$		\$	2,337	\$ _
2001	320	448		(248)	320,200		1,553		4,427				5,980	318,647
2002	353	629		(196)	353,433		6,079		10,376				16,455	347,354
2003	342	657		(66)	342,591		4,196		9,745		24		13,965	338,395
2004	505	299		(262)	505,037		4,848		10,123		24		14,995	500,189
2005	396	452		(446)	396,006		4,263		7,626				11,889	391,743
2006	251	857		(416)	251,441		2,752		4,533				7,285	248,689
2007	266	133		(248)	265,885		4,276		6,922		48		11,246	261,609
2008	279	879		(1,688)	278,191		7,213		10,219		72		17,504	270,978
2009	323	813		(591)	323,222		6,459		8,282		48		14,789	316,763
2010	318	652		(467)	318,185		17,558		14,894		289		32,741	300,627
2011	431	712		(35,666)	396,046		13,877		32,169		384		46,430	382,169
2012	595	018		(36,958)	558,060		117,644		76,340		936		194,920	440,416
2013	1,017	169		(71,718)	945,451		366,181		135,617		2,127		503,925	579,270
2014	2,659	627		(89,604)	2,570,023		1,665,218		304,100	_	14,175		1,983,493	904,805
Total prior years	8,415	886	-	(591,435)	7,824,451		2,222,797		637,030		18,127		2,877,954	5,601,654
2015			123,549,936	(226,284)	123,323,652		120,721,440		517,907	_	4,037		121,243,384	 2,602,212
Total	\$ 8,415	886 \$	123,549,936	S (817,719) \$	131,148,103	\$	122,944,237	\$_	1,154,937	\$	22,164	\$	124,121,338	\$ 8,203,866

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIONS OF USE CHARGES - SEWER AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Corr	ections						
Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2016	Current Year Charges	Additions	Deductions	Balance to be Collected	Sewer Use Charges	Interest	Liens	Total	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017
2002 \$	756 \$	9	\$	\$	\$ 756 \$	\$	\$	\$	- \$	756
2003	60				60				-	60
2004	88				88				-	88
2005	45				45				-	45
2006					-				=	=
2007	16				16				=	16
2008	52				52				=	52
2009	1,269				1,269				=	1,269
2010	4,020				4,020	2,184	2,531	240	4,955	1,836
2011	11,938		110	452	11,596	7,064	7,683	816	15,563	4,532
2012	28,314		35	1,479	26,870	16,023	13,862	672	30,557	10,847
2013	30,761			6,446	24,315	11,832	12,860	1,008	25,700	12,483
2014	62,309			120	62,189	38,040	19,916	1,608	59,564	24,149
2015	97,984		838	2,476	96,346	61,898	20,869	2,584	85,351	34,448
2016	953,331		6,607	24,407	935,531	855,390	67,595	8,753	931,738	80,141
Total prior years	1,190,943	-	7,590	35,380	1,163,153	992,431	145,316	15,681	1,153,428	170,722
2017		8,085,543	3,908	19,765	8,069,686	7,191,010	64,680	34,735	7,290,425	878,676
Total \$	1,190,943 \$	8,085,543	11,498	\$ 55,145	\$ <u>9,232,839</u> \$	8,183,441 \$	209,996 \$	50,416 \$	8,443,853 \$	1,049,398

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIONS OF USE CHARGES - WATER AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Corrections Collections							
Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2016	Current Year Charges	Additions	Deductions	Balance to be Collected	Water Use Charges	Interest	Liens	Total	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017
2002 \$	1,064 \$	\$	(\$ \$	1,064 \$	\$	\$	\$	- \$	1,064
2003	67				67				-	67
2004	99				99				=	99
2005	81				81	31	66	48	145	50
2006	32				32	32	60	48	140	-
2007	34				34	16	28	24	68	18
2008	50				50				-	50
2009	2,471			(116)	2,587				-	2,587
2010	4,245				4,245	1,397	1,648	240	3,285	2,848
2011	11,526		98	763	10,861	5,778	6,345	816	12,939	5,083
2012	24,671		32	1,331	23,372	14,258	12,430	696	27,384	9,114
2013	27,241			5,951	21,290	10,716	11,448	1,056	23,220	10,574
2014	57,456		7	133	57,330	36,101	18,617	1,656	56,374	21,229
2015	96,039		851	2,510	94,380	61,998	20,975	2,885	85,858	32,382
2016	1,017,451		6,387	19,485	1,004,353	925,833	70,518	18,879	1,015,230	78,520
Total prior years	1,242,527	-	7,375	30,057	1,219,845	1,056,160	142,135	26,348	1,224,643	163,685
2017		9,549,080	6,244	20,063	9,535,261	8,584,498	70,897	37,519	8,692,914	950,763
Total \$	1,242,527 \$	9,549,080 \$	13,619	\$50,120_\$	10,755,106 \$	9,640,658 \$	213,032 \$	63,867 \$	9,917,557 \$	1,114,448

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGETARY BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgete	d A	Amounts	_			Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	-	Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues:								
Sewer connection and use charges	\$	8,845,624	\$	8,845,624	\$	8,513,039	\$	(332,585)
Miscellaneous income		433,680		433,680	_	707,305	_	273,625
Total operating revenues	_	9,279,304		9,279,304	_	9,220,344	-	(58,960)
Operating Expenses:								
Part-time seasonal		1		1				1
Overtime		105,000		105,000		97,579		7,421
Wages - public works		693,737		693,737		694,325		(588)
Wages - MME		60,924		62,210		62,210		-
Wages - supervisor		441,255		444,504		444,504		-
Employee benefits		759,337		735,394		613,729		121,665
Utilities		1,110,000		1,110,000		949,277		160,723
Repairs and maintenance		115,500		130,378		106,988		23,390
Vehicle maintenance		16,000		17,808		17,807		1
Audit fees		23,500		23,500		9,075		14,425
Hepatitis B shots		3,000		4,879		4,879		-
Fiscal division services		845,147		845,147		845,150		(3)
General fund services		669,945		669,945		669,945		-
Claims		5,000						-
Supplies		475,000		475,000		396,387		78,613
Biosolid disposals		700,000		700,000		658,352		41,648
Pumping station operations		55,000		55,000		48,503		6,497
Capital outlay		1		1		(5,687)		5,688
Memberships and meeting		8,000		11,755		11,755		-
Insurance	_	758,711		748,833	_	748,833	_	-
Total operating expenses	_	6,845,058		6,833,092	-	6,373,611	-	459,481
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Debt service - principal		(2,252,634)		(2,252,634)		(2,252,398)		236
Interest on investments		13,500		13,500		12,214		(1,286)
Debt service - interest	_	(708,730)		(720,696)	_	(842,019)	_	(121,323)
Total nonoperating expenses	_	(2,947,864)		(2,959,830)	_	(3,082,203)	-	(122,373)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Contribution from net position	_	513,618		513,618	_	-	-	(513,618)
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenses	\$ <u>_</u>		\$	<u> </u>	\$_	(235,470)	\$	(235,470)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGETARY BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Revenues:					
Water sales and charges	\$	10,179,511 \$	10,179,511 \$	9,933,293 \$	(246,218)
Miscellaneous income	•	2,026,904	2,026,904	2,054,125	27,221
Total operating revenues	_	12,206,415	12,206,415	11,987,418	(218,997)
Operating Expenses:					
Part-time seasonal		2	2		2
Administration		119,940	134,602	134,602	_
Overtime		163,100	173,499	172,537	962
Wages - public works		1,773,488	1,773,488	1,663,562	109,926
Wages - MME		269,982	275,726	275,725	1
Wages - supervisor		289,966	290,275	290,275	_
Employee benefits		1,351,179	1,323,825	1,248,843	74,982
Gasoline		45,000	49,670	48,107	1,563
Taxes paid to other towns		62,885	62,885	59,901	2,984
Utilities		1,049,100	1,002,910	785,260	217,650
Repairs and maintenance		25,000	25,000	21,119	3,881
Vehicle maintenance		71,900	82,924	80,076	2,848
Attorney fees		9,000	9,000	(7,374)	16,374
Audit fees		23,500	23,500	9,075	14,425
Water purchased		124,150	124,150	30,791	93,359
Other purchased services		86,576	86,576	50,384	36,192
Hepatitis B shots		4,250	4,533	3,883	650
Fiscal division services		949,247	949,247	949,247	-
General fund services		1,353,976	1,353,976	1,353,976	-
Maintenance of mains		35,000	35,000	33,955	1,045
Maintenance of reservoirs		45,000	45,000	36,028	8,972
Maintenance of pump station		40,000	40,000	29,494	10,506
Maintenance of meters		12,000	12,000	11,844	156
Supplies		68,000	68,000	50,013	17,987
Services - materials		7,200	7,200	3,915	3,285
Treatment expenses		557,000	557,000	523,604	33,396
Water equipment		27,000	27,388	24,288	3,100
Hydrants and mains - materials		15,001	15,001	14,692	309
Repairs - trenches		60,000	64,153	64,153	-
Capital outlay			75,025	68,132	6,893
Memberships and meeting		11,951	13,971	13,971	
Insurance	_	1,096,050	1,050,874	1,043,579	7,295
Total operating expenses	_	9,746,443	9,756,400	9,087,657	668,743
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest on investments		9,400	9,400	3,923	(5,477)
Debt service - principal		(1,729,208)	(1,759,035)	(1,710,871)	48,164
Debt service - interest	_	(740,164)	(775,405)	(858,577)	(83,172)
Total nonoperating expenses	_	(2,459,972)	(2,525,040)	(2,565,525)	(40,485)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Contribution from net position	_	- -	75,025	- -	(75,025)
Excess of Revenues over Expenses	\$_	\$	\$	334,236 \$	334,236

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GEORGE HUNTER MEMORIAL GOLF COURSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Budgeted /	Amounts	-		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Revenues:						
Golf fees	\$_	1,055,444 \$	1,055,444	\$_	961,599 \$	(93,845)
Operating Expenses:						
Miscellaneous overtime		93,190	93,190		82,271	10,919
Overtime		12,100	13,784		13,784	-
Wages - public works		107,898	111,299		128,281	(16,982)
Wages - supervisors		97,315	97,427		97,426	1
Employee benefits		135,315	135,405		135,404	1
Golf supplies and expenses		200,437	180,178		180,177	1
Golf pros		254,849	275,175		274,656	519
Club house expenses		27,500	18,469		18,468	1
Liability and general insurance		66,250	70,360		70,360	-
Capital outlay		15,000	14,529		13,367	1,162
Memberships and meeting		1,500	1,500		955	545
Total operating expenses	_	1,011,354	1,011,316	_	1,015,149	(3,833)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Debt service - principal		(41,800)	(41,800)		(16,800)	25,000
Debt service - interest		(2,290)	(2,328)		(17,614)	(15,286)
Total nonoperating expenses	_	(44,090)	(44,128)	_	(34,414)	9,714
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenses	\$_	\$	-	\$	(87,964) \$	(87,964)

Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	-								FISC	AL '	YEAR							
	_	2017	 2016	_	2015		2014		2013		2012	2011	_	2010	20	009	_	2008
Governmental Activities:																		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	288,360 1,361 (193,063)	\$ 283,492 1,359 (180,447)	·	237,700 1,357 (171,203)	·	187,903 1,357 (173,100)	\$	130,773 1,356 (69,494)	\$	122,787 \$ 952 (62,882)	101,928 \$ 1,347 (40,973)	\$ _	113,033 \$ 1,257 (51,488)		4,751 825 8,240)	\$_	101,766 4,220 (37,108)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$_	96,658	\$ 104,404	\$	67,854	\$	16,160	\$	62,635	\$	60,857 \$	62,302	\$_	62,802 \$	6	7,336	\$_	68,878
Business-Type Activities:																		
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$_	67,843 13,505	\$ 83,376 1,708	\$ *	80,266 11,682	\$	78,893 13,279	\$	81,045 12,734	\$	81,563 \$ 15,870	89,259 11,855	\$_	91,927 \$ 10,671		6,827 2,428	\$_	84,022 16,664
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$_	81,348	\$ 85,084	\$	91,948	\$	92,172	\$	93,779	\$	97,433 \$	101,114	\$_	102,598 \$	129	9,255	\$_	100,686
Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	356,203 1,361 (179,558)	\$ 366,868 1,359 (178,739)	\$	317,966 1,357 (159,521)	\$	266,796 1,357 (159,821)	\$	211,818 1,356 (56,760)	·	204,350 \$ 952 (47,012)	191,187 \$ 1,347 (29,118)	\$_	204,960 \$ 1,257 (40,817)		1,578 825 5,812)	\$	185,788 4,220 (20,444)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$_	178,006	\$ 189,488	\$	159,802	\$	108,332	\$_	156,414	\$_	158,290 \$	163,416	\$_	165,400 \$	190	6,591	\$_	169,564

^{*} Note: Balance was restated for implementation of GASB 68.

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)												
	_						FISCAL	YEAR				
	_	2017	_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:	•	20.257	¢.	10.476 ¢	12.020 €	4E 202 @	13.392 \$	25 202 ¢	30.816 \$	20.024 6	20.069 €	20.602
General government	\$	20,257 155,752	Э	10,476 \$ 142,710	12,020 \$ 137,161	15,303 \$ 141,547	132,521	35,202 \$ 136,298	138,091	29,931 \$ 132,771	29,068 \$ 133,862	28,682 158,802
Education Public safety		53,345		59,490	54,674	42,606	44,424	24,364	23,810	24,051	23,155	23,479
Public works		18,596		11,788	12,378	14,168	14,604	10,705	9,249	9,866	10,849	10,037
Human services		12,478		12,553	13,029	11,513	10,560	8,053	9,249 8,652	9,000	9,675	8,665
Culture and recreation		7,154		7,121	7,180	5,721	6,689	5,408	5,075	4,414	4,472	4,287
Interest on long-term debt		5,279		4,151	4,228	3,340	2,957	3,408	3,024	2,806	3,967	3,209
Total governmental activities expenses	_	272,861	_	248,289	240,670	234,198	225,147	223,082	218,717	213,072	215,048	237,161
Business-type activities:												
Sewer Authority		11,587		12,262	11,374	11,206	11,441	10,816	9,659	7,951	8,552	7,893
Water Authority		13,462		14,717	11,674	11,073	11,334	9,882	10,256	10,546	10,628	10,312
George Hunter Golf Course		1,361		1,760	1,468	1,135	1,184	1,303	1,126	976	966	927
Total business-type activities expenses	_	26,410	_	28,739	24,516	23,414	23,959	22,001	21,041	19,473	20,146	19,132
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	299,271	\$	277,028 \$	265,186 \$	257,612 \$	249,106 \$	245,083 \$	239,758 \$	232,545 \$	235,194 \$	256,293
Program Revenues:	_		_									
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$	2,446	\$	2,784 \$	2,643 \$	2,108 \$	1,959 \$	1,955 \$	2,522 \$	2,246 \$	2,931 \$	3,597
Education		894		1,143	1,139	1,029	1,048	1,061	1,047	1,143	1,208	1,207
Public safety		96		78	79	77	75	47	50	46	42	65
Public works		2,078		2,011	1,982	1,919	1,865	1,813	1,737	1,691	1,634	1,583
Human services		171		189	204	292	314	243	289	378	274	723
Culture and recreation		22		25	29	27	29	43	33	34	31	42
Operating grants and contributions		112,423		104,644	100,182	100,071	94,358	94,000	89,914	87,388	84,594	109,223
Capital grants and contributions	_	18,776	_	48,613	63,460	41,292	10,379	4,094	3,744	2,543	3,989	6,413
Total governmental activities	_	136,906	_	159,487	169,718	146,815	110,027	103,256	99,336	95,469	94,703	122,853
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Sewer Authority		8,513		8,079	8,128	8,629	8,228	8,615	8,507	6,459	5,967	5,964
Water Authority		11,000		9,533	10,171	10,433	9,065	8,255	8,935	8,719	7,663	7,719
George Hunter Golf Course		1,020		1,103	946	982	9,003	1,074	779	787	827	816
Capital grants and contributions		343		1,400	3,744	128	284	1,074	161	2,676	33,244	010
Total business-type activities	_	20,876	_	20,115	22,989	20,172	18,535	17,944	18,382	18,641	47,701	14,499
Total Primary Government												
Program Revenues	\$_	157,782	\$_	179,602 \$	192,707 \$	166,987 \$	128,562 \$	121,200 \$	117,718 \$	114,110 \$	142,404 \$	137,352
Net Revenues (Expenses):												
Governmental activities	\$	(135,955)	\$	(88,802) \$	(70,952) \$	(87,383) \$	(115,120) \$	(119,826) \$	(119,381) \$	(117,603) \$	(120,345) \$	(114,308)
Business-type activities	_	(5,534)		(8,624)	(1,527)	(3,242)	(5,424)	(4,057)	(2,659)	(832)	27,555	(4,633)
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$_	(141,489)	\$_	(97,426) \$	(72,479) \$	(90,625) \$	(120,544) \$	(123,883) \$	(122,040) \$	(118,435) \$	(92,790) \$	(118,941)
General Revenues and Other												
Changes in Net Position:												
Governmental activities:												
Property taxes	\$	123,890	\$	120,490 \$	117,045 \$	113,452 \$	108,622 \$	110,885 \$	109,377 \$	106,619 \$	104,384 \$	100,322
Grants and contributions not restricted												
to specific programs		1,685		1,758	1,728	1,752	1,801	1,873	2,598	2,720	3,425	3,917
Unrestricted investment earnings		1,026		877	856	1,327	680	914	1,218	856	694	1,430
Miscellaneous income		1,608		2,227	3,017	2,904	5,795	3,654	7,391	3,073	10,300	4,207
Transfers	_		_							836		
Total governmental activities	_	128,209		125,352	122,646	119,435	116,898	117,326	120,584	114,104	118,803	109,876
Business-type activities:												
Unrestricted investment earnings		56		29	66	76	69	92	85	70	121	400
Miscellaneous income		1,741		1,731	1,237	1,558	1,702	1,337	1,024	1,043	893	914
Transfers										(836)		
Total business-type activities	_	1,797	_	1,760	1,303	1,634	1,771	1,429	1,109	277	1,014	1,314
Total Primary Government	\$_	130,006	\$_	127,112 \$	123,949 \$	121,069 \$	118,669 \$	118,755 \$	121,693 \$	114,381 \$	119,817 \$	111,190
Change in Net Position:												
Governmental activities	\$	(7,746)	\$	36,550 \$	51,694 \$	32,052 \$	1,778 \$	(2,500) \$	1,203 \$	(3,499) \$	(1,542) \$	(4,432)
Business-type activities		(3,737)		(6,864)	(224)	(1,608)	(3,653)	(2,628)	(1,550)	(555)	28,569	(3,319)
	_				<u>.</u>							
Total Primary Government	\$_	(11,483)	\$	29,686 \$	51,470 \$	30,444 \$	(1,875) \$	(5,128) \$	(347) \$	(4,054) \$	27,027 \$	(7,751)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

									FISCA	AL Y	YEAR				
		2017	_	2016	_	2015		2014	2013	_	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Fund:															
Reserved Unreserved	\$		\$		\$:	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	982 \$ 13,321	985 \$ 13,267	5,515 3,960
Nonspendable		139		137		149		131	126		134	133			
Restricted		933		943		938		948	1,010		520	825			
Committed		420		401		285		405	637		580	547			
Unassigned	_	16,839	_	16,665	_	16,296	_	16,043	15,725	-	16,024	16,761			
Total General Fund	\$_	18,331	\$_	18,146	\$_	17,668	\$_	17,527 \$	17,498	\$_	17,258 \$	18,266 \$	14,303 \$	14,252 \$	9,475
All other governmental funds:															
Reserved	\$		\$		\$;	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	6,923 \$	4,879 \$	5,716
Unreserved, reported in:															
Special revenue funds													3,725	3,723	4,038
Capital projects funds Permanent funds													(12,326) 1,391	(2,183)	(17,843)
Nonspendable		539		491		491		517	520		537	522	ŕ		
Restricted		57,975		3,818		39,182		5,795	4,465		3,787	6,171			
Committed		2,579		2,284		1,843		785	19,609		1,178	1,526			
Unassigned	_	(37)	_	(329)	_		_	(12,552)		_	(4,264)	4,813			
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	61,056	\$_	6,264	\$_	41,516	\$_	(5,455) \$	24,594	\$_	1,238 \$	13,032 \$	(287) \$	6,419 \$	(8,089)
Total	\$_	79,387	\$_	24,410	\$_	59,184	\$_	12,072 \$	42,092	\$_	18,496 \$	31,298 \$	14,016 \$	20,671 \$	1,386

Note: The government applied GASB 54 in Fiscal 2011, which accounts for the fund balance categories being different than in previous years.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						FISCAL Y	EAR				
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Davienuseu											
Revenues: Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	124,071 \$	120,780 \$	117,379 \$	114.075 \$	113,887 \$	109,910 \$	108,759 \$	106,583 \$	104,179 \$	102.505
Federal and state government	Ψ	131,038	153,125	164,576	141,474	106,500	100,238	96,231	92,650	92,008	119,192
Charges for services		5,706	6,231	6,075	5,453	5,290	5,163	5,678	5,538	6,120	7,217
Investment income		693	711	678	766	581	533	741	743	643	1,311
Other revenues		3,456	4,118	3,813	2,973	5,908	3,384	7,405	3,481	9,331	4,441
Total revenues	_	264,964	284,965	292,521	264,741	232,166	219,228	218,814	208,995	212,281	234,666
Forman differences											
Expenditures:											
Current:		00.000	00.050	07.705	04.705	07.000	05.454	00.045	00.000	00.040	00.000
General government		39,099	39,050	37,765	34,735	37,906	35,154	30,815	29,900	29,016	30,830
Public safety		24,226	23,889	23,268	22,715	22,614	21,853	21,840	21,052	20,525	19,673
Public works		6,875	6,612	7,439	6,877	7,025	7,017	6,835	6,798	7,128	6,191
Health and welfare		11,017	11,117	12,443	8,255	8,401	7,817	8,281	8,232	8,537	7,457
Culture and recreation		4,681	4,518	4,517	4,259	4,306	4,168	4,020	3,980	3,963	3,817
Education		147,666	137,765	133,925	133,770	127,605	128,009	126,494	123,442	122,568	148,186
Debt service:											
Principal		10,394	10,183	9,123	8,309	8,672	8,959	9,542	10,986	10,410	12,778
Interest		4,365	5,357	2,950	3,265	2,938	3,237	3,055	3,413	3,791	4,206
Capital outlay		38,183	81,248	66,638	72,490	14,224	17,217	8,002	8,902	7,709	6,219
Total expenditures		286,506	319,739	298,068	294,675	233,691	233,431	218,884	216,705	213,647	239,357
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(21,542)	(34,774)	(5,547)	(29,934)	(1,525)	(14,203)	(70)	(7,710)	(1,366)	(4,691)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in		1,690	2,765	1,719	1,430	372	484	608	1,712	1,015	570
Transfers out		(1,690)	(2,765)	(1,719)	(1,430)	(372)	(484)	(608)	(876)	(1,015)	(570)
Bond issuance		59,644	(,,	50,380	(,,	24,423	1,500	18,764	(/	21,369	()
Bond premium		4,804		2,280		609	,	-, -		58	
Issuance of refunding bonds		10,606		_,,		6,400			32,769		
Premium on refunding bonds		1,466				145			3,490		
Payment to escrow		.,				(6,453)			(36,040)		
Total other financing sources	_	76,520	_	52,660	-	25,124	1,500	18,764	1,055	21,427	_
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	54,978 \$	(34,774) \$	47,113 \$	(29,934) \$	23,599 \$	(12,703) \$	18,694_\$	(6,655) \$	20,061 \$	(4,691)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital											
Expenditures		6.0%	6.5%	5.2%	5.2%	5.3%	5.6%	5.9%	6.9%	6.9%	7.3%

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year		Residential Property	 Commercial/ Industrial Property	-	Tax Exempt Property	City-wide ssessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	Estimated Actual Tax Value
2017	\$	2,005,036	\$ 713,988	\$	79,078	\$ 3,307,941	37.47	70%	\$ 4,725,630
2016		2,062,045	660,026		70,752	3,289,089	36.63	70%	4,698,699
2015		2,059,909	666,466		64,436	3,291,848	35.74	70%	4,702,640
2014		2,001,846	825,224		230,230	3,447,307	34.99	70%	4,924,724
2013	*	2,011,418	842,711		230,411	3,479,853	34.70	70%	4,971,219
2012		2,426,231	843,535		279,450	3,877,407	29.83	70%	5,539,153
2011		2,422,965	845,647		236,110	3,866,337	29.53	70%	5,523,339
2010		2,419,387	844,179		230,017	3,864,377	28.85	70%	5,520,539
2009		2,411,971	851,316		220,274	3,879,478	27.96	70%	5,542,111
2008	*	2,382,465	850,333		221,915	3,830,329	27.96	70%	5,471,899

Source: City of Meriden Tax Assessor

^{*} Revaluation year

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS (Rates per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

City Direct Rate Overlapping Rates Total General Sanitation **Total** Direct & **Fiscal Basic Obligation Total** Removal Overlapping Overlapping Year Rate **Debt Service Direct Rate District** Rate Rates 2017 33.11 37.47 2.23 2.23 39.70 4.36 2016 31.92 4.71 36.63 2.14 2.14 38.77 2015 32.06 3.68 35.74 2.09 2.09 37.83 2014 3.59 2.10 2.10 37.09 31.40 34.99 2013 31.13 3.57 34.70 1.82 1.82 36.52 2012 26.44 3.39 29.83 1.90 1.90 31.73 2011 26.10 3.43 29.53 1.74 1.74 31.27 2010 24.93 3.92 28.85 1.93 1.93 30.78 2009 24.12 3.84 27.96 2.31 2.31 30.27 2008 23.35 27.96 2.31 2.31 30.27 4.61

Source: City of Meriden Tax Collector

Although the direct rate applies to all property owners, the Sanitation Removal District applies to approximately one-quarter (26%) of the property owners whose property is located within the district's geographic boundaries.

^{*}The overlapping rate is only applicable to some property owners within the City of Meriden.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fiscal Year	Ended J	lune 30, 2017			Fiscal Year En	ded Jun	ie 30, 2008	
	Assessment	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer		Assessment	Rank	Percentage of Total Cit Taxable Assessed Value	ty
Connecticut Light & Power \$	65,967,838	1	1.99 %	Connecticut Light & Power	\$	32,128,890	4	0.84	%
Meriden Square Partnership	61,512,620	2	1.86	Meriden Square Partnership	•	59,940,230	2	1.56	
Yankee Gas	32,909,540	3	0.99	Yankee Gas		19,289,670	7	0.50	
TLS Group	22,050,000	4	0.67						
Computer Sciences Corp.	21,412,020	5	0.65	Computer Sciences Corp.		47,914,380	3	1.25	
Meriden Square #3 LLC et al	19,986,400	6	0.60	Meriden Square #3 LLC et al		82,691,380	1	2.16	
Radio Frequency Systems, Inc.	18,089,840	7	0.55	Radio Frequency Systems, Inc.		21,810,680	6	0.57	
211 Pomeroy LLC	16,024,270	8	0.48	, , ,		, ,			
Carabetta Enterprises, Inc.	13,005,710	9	0.39	Carabetta Enterprises, Inc.		15,667,690	8	0.41	
Par Merritt LLC	10,936,240	10	0.33	•					
-				Urstadt Biddle Properties, Inc.		23,350,670	5	0.61	
\$	281,894,478		8.51 %	Newbury Village Development		12,697,740	9	0.33	
- -				Fusco Meriden Assoc. LLP	-	10,388,690	10	0.27	_
Source: City of Meriden Tax Asses	sor				\$	325,880,020		8.50	_%

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

				Collected Fiscal Year				To Collection		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	_	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	. <u>-</u>	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	. <u>-</u>	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2017	\$	123,323,652	\$	120,721,441	97.89%	\$		\$	120,721,441	97.89%
2016		119,663,352		117,093,329	97.85%		1,665,218		118,758,547	99.24%
2015		116,377,368		113,706,112	97.70%		2,091,986		115,798,098	99.50%
2014		113,735,097		110,777,791	97.40%		2,516,890		113,294,681	99.61%
2013		113,406,771		110,334,477	97.29%		2,690,125		113,024,602	99.66%
2012		109,961,141		107,069,554	97.37%		2,590,960		109,660,514	99.73%
2011		108,576,351		105,858,662	97.50%		2,400,926		108,259,588	99.71%
2010		105,878,672		103,229,589	97.50%		2,378,105		105,607,694	99.74%
2009		103,279,748		100,430,840	97.24%		2,587,299		103,018,139	99.75%
2008		103,062,744		99,842,370	96.88%		2,971,685		102,814,055	99.76%

Source: City of Meriden Tax Collector

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT **RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN YEARS (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities												
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	_	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Leases	_	Notes Payable	Resources Restricted for Debt Payments (1)	· -	Water Bonds		Sewer Bonds	 Golf Course Bonds	 Total Primary Government (2)	Percentage of Personal Income		Aggregate Personal Income (3)	Population (3)	Per Capita (3)
2017	\$	178,849	\$		\$	1,125 \$		\$	2017	\$	36,705	\$ 776	\$ 219,472	11.13	% \$	1,972,000	60	33
2016		113,246				1,200			2016		33,254	69	149,785	7.60		1,972,000	61	32
2015		123,857				1,275			2015		35,466	85	162,698	8.25		1,972,000	61	32
2014		80,533				1,350			2014		35,872	82	119,851	6.08		1,972,000	61	32
2013		89,056				1,425			2013		37,944	97	130,535	6.62		1,972,000	61	32
2012		71,879				1,500			2012		39,477	109	114,977	5.83		1,972,000	61	32
2011		81,087							2011		42,059	125	125,282	6.35		1,972,000	59	33
2010		72,115							2010		37,319	122	111,566	5.66		1,972,000	59	33
2009		80,903							2009		30,280	142	113,334	5.75		1,972,000	58	34
2008		69,944					275		2008		2,956	125	75,308	3.82		1,972,000	58	34

⁽¹⁾ Includes intergovernmental grants receivable from the State Department of Education and restrictions from enabling legislation (2) All of the City of Meriden's debt is considered general obligation with no other revenues specifically pledged (3) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Bonded Debt thousands)	_	Net Assessed Value (thousands)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Net Assessed Value	Population	•	_	Debt Per Capita
2017	\$ 204,494	\$	3,228,863	6.33	59,622	*	\$	3,430
2016	128,827		3,218,337	4.00	61,119			2,108
2015	140,914		3,227,412	4.37	60,691			2,322
2014	95,787		3,217,077	2.98	60,456			1,584
2013	105,975		3,249,442	3.26	60,868			1,741
2012	88,961		3,597,957	2.47	60,868			1,462
2011	100,014		3,630,227	2.76	60,868			1,643
2010	89,444		3,634,360	2.46	59,186			1,511
2009	99,980		3,659,204	2.73	59,186			1,689
2008	78,885		3,608,414	2.19	59,468			1,327

^{*} Source: U.S. Census Bureau's (USCB) Population Estimates Program

124,530

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DEBT LIMITATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (In Thousands)

Base

Total Tax Collections, Including Interest and Lien Fees, for Current Fiscal Year	\$ 124,121
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on: Tax relief for elderly and disabled	 409

	Gene	ral Long-Term	n Debt		
	General		Urban		Pension
	Purposes	Schools	Renewal	Sewers	Bonding
	(2.25 x base)	(4.50 x base)	(3.25 x base)	(3.75 x base)	(3.00 x base)
Debt Limitation:					
Statutory debt limits by					
function	\$ 280,193	\$ 560,385	404,723	466,988	373,590
Debt:					
Notes payable	1,125				
Bonds payable	88,671	79,866		9,358	
Bonds authorized but unissued**	969	39		475	
	90,765	79,905		9,833	
Debt Limitation in Excess of					
	189,428	\$ 480,480 \$	404,723	457,155	373,590

^{*}In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation. The maximum amount permitted under this formula would be approximately \$871,710.

^{**}At June 30, 2017 the City has \$21.6 million of debt in excess of the amount authorized related to the Platt and Maloney High School Renovation projects. This excess is fully expected to be reimbursed through State School Building Construction Grants.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS (In Thousands)

			FISCAL YEAR															
	•	2017	-	2016		2015	_	2014	_	2013		2012		2011	2010	 2009		2008
Debt limitation Total net debt applicable to limit	\$	871,710 170,670	\$	848,400 135,481	\$	827,176 133,340	\$	799,316 133,910	\$	798,819 130,069	\$	771,316 129,058	\$	765,877 131,935	\$ 749,462 94,205	\$ 729,330 99,416	\$	717,668 130,409
Legal Debt Margin	\$	701,040	\$	712,919	\$	693,836	\$	665,406	\$	668,750	\$	642,258	\$	633,942	\$ 655,257	\$ 629,914	\$	587,259
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		19.6%		16.0%		16.1%		16.8%		16.3%		16.7%		17.2%	12.6%	13.6%		18.2%

Notes: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the City exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation. The calculation of the current year debt limit can be found on Table 11 of this report.

The City has no overlapping debt.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	_	Median Family Income	Unemployment Rate
2017	59,622	\$	54,588	5.5 %
2016	61,119		54,588	5.6
2015	60,691		53,831	7.0
2014	60,456		53,831	8.3
2013	60,868		52,788	9.8
2012	60,868		52,788	10.0
2011	60,868		52,788	10.8
2010	59,186		52,788	10.4
2009	59,186		52,788	10.2
2008	59,468		52,788	6.5

Sources: Department of Labor, State of Connecticut, U.S. Census Bureau and the State Department of Economic and Community Development

^{*} Information from the State Department of Economic and Community Development. As of 2007, per capita income is no longer available; however, the Department tracks median family income.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2017			2008									
			Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total						
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment						
City of Meriden	1,618	1	5.3%										
Midstate Medical Center	1,200	2	3.9%	Midstate Medical Center	1,100	1	3.9%						
Hunter's Ambulance Service	390	3	1.3%	Hunter's Ambulance Service	470	4	1.7%						
Carabetta Management	320	4	1.0%										
EM (Formerly CUNO, Inc.)	300	5	1.0%	CUNO, Inc.	350	5	1.2%						
Canberra Industries, Inc.	300	6	1.0%	Canberra Industries, Inc.	350	6	1.2%						
RFS Cable	243	7	0.8%										
BOSCOV	200	8	0.7%										
Clorox	200	9	0.7%										
Target Corporation	175	10	0.6%	Target Corporation	233	8	0.8%						
				AT&T	890	2	3.2%						
				Radio Frequency System	500	3	1.8%						
				Bob's Stores	336	7	1.2%						
				BL Company	230	9	0.8%						
				Record Journal	194_	10	0.7%						
Totals	4,946		16.3%	Totals	4,653		16.5%						

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, City of Meriden Economic Development Office

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,												
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008			
General Government	172	156	158.5	167.5	166.5	169.5	165	165.5	174	178			
Public Safety: Police													
Officers	113	121	122	121	120	118	117	118	118	115			
Civilians	20	29	27	24	18.5	18.5	35.5	32	31	30.5			
Fire:													
Firefighters and officers	100	95.5	100	98	99	100	97	96	96	97			
Civilians	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Emergency Communications	14.5	17.5	16	17	18	13	13	14	15	14			
Highways and Streets:													
Engineering	10.5	10.5	9	9	9.5	12	11.5	12	12	11			
Maintenance	39.5	42.5	29.5	30	27	28	29	28	29	29			
Culture and Recreation	45.5	30.5	33.5	45.5	43.5	47.5	29.5	36	29	35.5			
Golf	13.5	13	13	10	11	12	12	15	13	14			
Water	33.5	31.5	31	30.5	32	33	33	34	34	30.5			
Sewer	16	17	15	17	15	14	17	16	15	18.5			
Total	581.0	567.0	557.5	572.5	563.0	568.5	562.5	569.5	569.0	576.0			

Source: City of Meriden Payroll System

					FISCAL	YEAR				
Function / Operating Indicator	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Dalina										
Police	0.005	40.070	44.007	44.000	44.000 D)	-/- D)	07 070 D)	25.072	24 200	20.242
Cases Investigated	8,895	10,972	11,097	11,298	14,363 B)	n/a B)	27,872 B)	35,973	34,390	38,313
Calls for Service	40,585	45,826	44,705	41,116	44,279 B)	56,178 B)	0.000	0.404	0.000	0.005
Arrests	3,173	3,373	3,428	3,495	3,012	3,592	3,809	3,491	3,083	3,225
Traffic Citations	2,153	3,023	3,764	3,426	2,723	3,071	4,233	5,958	7,579	4,520
Parking Citations	1,607	1,781	1,981	1,465	1,105	1,050	2,063	1,442	1,396	1,693
<u>Fire</u>										
Emergency Responses	7,314	8,016	7,710	7,692	7,738	8,650	7,256	7,299	6,424	6,021
Non-emergency Responses	1,378	1,510	1,642	1,471	1,403	1,656	1,574	1,612	1,937	1,911
Inspections	1,518	1,283	2,307	3,359	4,091	4,123	2,409	1,774	2,656	2,542
Fire Investigations (C)	100	121	70	73	63	, -	,	,	,	,-
Define Collection										
Refuse Collection	17,890	18,000	30,253	28,929	30,297	32,175	32,067	32,702	31,908	31,978
Refuse Collected (Tons)		,	,	,						,
Recyclables Collected (Tons)	1,276	2,800	1,105 F)	2,426	2,775	2,797	2,521	1,813	1,812	1,775
Other Public Works										
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	9.27	6.82	4.26	5.75	5.68	2.04	2.5	2.17	2.24	1
Potholes Repaired	6,450	5,284	6,406	7,654	4,792 E)	800	800	785	900	650
Library										
Volumes in Collection (Print)	212,888	206,436	249,190	245,620	239,686	234,772	235,134	232,783	233,157	234,897
Volumes in Collection (Non-print)	20,966	16,002	20,857	19,239	18,111	16,707	15,332	14,028	16,860	14,069
Total Volumes Borrowed	218,291	238,710	242,368	251,687	246,198	232,141	231,325	248,017	228,224	191,651
Annual Library Visits	284,587	281,655	288,000	312,442	308,801	307,904	292,421	278,629	,	,
Water										
Average Daily Production										
(thousands of gallons)	5.178	5.318	5.001	5.234	5.379	5.560	5.720	5.422	5.960	6.050
Average Daily Demand	5.176	3.310	3.001	3.234	3.373	3.300	3.720	5.422	5.900	0.000
(thousands of gallons)	5.178	5.318	5.001	5.234	5.379	5.560	5.720	5.422	5.960	5.980
(triousarius or galloris)	5.176	3.316	5.001	5.254	5.579	5.500	5.720	3.422	5.900	5.960
Wastewater										
Average Daily Treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	9	8,600	9,200	10,005	10,983	11,925	12,080	12,917	11,400	11,800
Transit										
Total Route Miles	23,936	24,495	25,243	27,600 A	27,600 A)	27,600 A)	27,600 A)	27,600 A	52,999	52,999
Passengers	10,068	10,514	12,847	15,233	17,549	18,274	18,734	18,638	17,521	15,537
Human Condoos										
Human Services Environmental Inspections and Responses	2.044	4 726	2 200	2.010	2.616.0\	2 000	2 621	2 251	2 454	2,402
Environmental Inspections and Responses	2,941	4,736	3,208	2,919	2,616 D)	2,988	3,621	3,251	3,454	,
Health and Clinic Services Provided	3,829	2,858	4,203	4,272	4,892 D)	4,385	4,913	9,366	2,982	4,869
School Health Services Provided	106,083	104,392	83,113	96,690	91,814 D)	134,031	147,718	158,557	116,696	138,513
Social Service Worker Clients	1,258	1,037	381	683	1,102 D)	1,211	1,953	1,683	1,572	2,233
Youth Program Participants	274 25,278	345	648 G)	5,429	2,081 D)	11,673	11,087	10,498	10,765	8,576
Senior Program Participants	25,278	26,792	20,721	20,400	20,400 D)	8,922	15,287	17,973	19,947	20,471

Sources: Various City of Meriden Departments

<sup>A) Change in formula used by the State of Connecticut implemented in 2010.

B) New police software implemented in 2011 uses new criteria to calculate investigations.

C) New in 2013 - Fire Investigations completed by the Fire Marshals Office required by State Statute

D) Calculation methods were changed in 2013

E) New pothole machine was purchased

F) Includes inner city only (excludes outer district trash haulers)

G) Decrease in number is due to not conducting educational programming in Meriden Public Schools</sup>

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Police stations		FISCAL YEAR											
Police sub-stations 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 Fire stations 5 <t< th=""><th><u>Function</u></th><th>2017</th><th>2016</th><th>2015</th><th>2014</th><th>2013</th><th>2012</th><th>2011</th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th><th>2008</th></t<>	<u>Function</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
Fire stations Volunteer Fire stations 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Volunteer Fire stations 1	Police sub-stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3		
Volunteer Fire stations 1	Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Schools 13 <t< td=""><td>Volunteer Fire stations</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></t<>	Volunteer Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
High Schools 2 <t< td=""><td>Municipal buildings</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td></t<>	Municipal buildings	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
Elementary Schools 8 9 2 3 8	Schools	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13		
Elementary Schools	High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Middle Schools 2	Elementary Schools	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Magnet Schools 1	Middle Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Fields - Municipal Fields - Schools 11 9 11 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Magnet Schools	1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1		
Fields - Schools 9	Parks and recreation												
Water Water mains (Municipal) (feet) 1,280,788 1,279,148 1,278,060 1,276,601 1,275,235 1,218,120 1,217,120 1,216,560 1,210,732 Fire hydrants (Municipal) 1,495 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,496 1,544 1,544 1,552 1,552 Fire hydrants (Private) 340 340 340 340 339 282 275 275 274 256	Fields - Municipal	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	8	8		
Water mains (Municipal) (feet) 1,280,788 1,279,148 1,278,060 1,276,601 1,275,235 1,218,960 1,218,120 1,217,120 1,216,560 1,210,732 Fire hydrants (Municipal) 1,495 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,496 1,544 1,544 1,552 1,552 Fire hydrants (Private) 340 340 340 340 339 282 275 275 274 256	Fields - Schools	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9			
Water mains (Municipal) (feet) 1,280,788 1,279,148 1,278,060 1,276,601 1,275,235 1,218,960 1,218,120 1,217,120 1,216,560 1,210,732 Fire hydrants (Municipal) 1,495 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,496 1,544 1,544 1,552 1,552 Fire hydrants (Private) 340 340 340 340 339 282 275 275 274 256	Water												
Fire hydrants (Municipal) 1,495 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,496 1,544 1,544 1,552 1,552 Fire hydrants (Private) 340 340 340 340 329 282 275 275 274 256		1.280.788	1.279.148	1.278.060	1.276.601	1.275.235	1.218.960	1.218.120	1.217.120	1.216.560	1.210.732		
Fire hydrants (Private) 340 340 340 340 339 282 275 275 274 256		, ,											
Wastewater	• • • • •	•		,	,	,							
	Wastewater												
Sewer line (feet) 1,126,675 1,126,560 1,126,179 1,123,712 1,111,214 1,111,026 1,111,026 1,111,026 1,111,026		1,126,675	1,126,560	1,126,179	1,123,712	1,111,214	1,111,026	1,111,026	1,111,026	1,111,026	1,111,026		
Highway	Highway												
Paved miles 187.83 187.83 187.83 187.83 187.36 187.45 187.45 187.45 187.45 187.45		187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.36	187.45	187.45	187.45	187.45	187.45		
Unimproved miles 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58	Unimproved miles	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58		

Sources: Various City of Meriden Departments